# **Assessment of application against relevant Development Codes**

# **APPLICATION DETAILS**

APPLICATION		PRE	MISES
FILE NO:	MCU/25/0004	ADDRESS:	59
			Marsterson
			Street,
			Mutchilba
APPLICANT:	J & E Swemmer	RPD:	Lots 3 & 4
			on M9162
LODGED BY:	Freshwater	AREA:	Lot 3 -
	Planning Pty Ltd		607m2
			Lot 4 -
			615m2
DATE LODGED:	19 February 2025	OWNER:	J & E
			Swemmer
TYPE OF APPROVAL:	Development Perm	it	
PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT:	Material Change of	Use – Health	Care Services
PLANNING SCHEME:	Mareeba Shire Council Planning Scheme 2016		
ZONE:	Low Density Residential zone		
LEVEL OF	Impact Assessment		
ASSESSMENT:			
SUBMISSIONS:	Nil		

# **Relevant Development Codes**

The following Development Codes are considered to be applicable to the assessment of the application:

- 6.2.6 Low density residential zone code
- 8.2.3 Bushfire hazard overlay code
- 8.2.6 Flood hazard overlay code
- 9.3.3 Community activities code
- 9.4.2 Landscaping code
- 9.4.3 Parking and access code
- 9.4.5 Works, services and infrastructure code

#### 6.2.6 Low density residential zone code

#### 6.2.6.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) located in the Low density residential zone; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

# 6.2.6.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Low density residential zone code is to provide for predominantly dwelling houses supported by community uses and small-scale services and facilities that cater for local residents.
- (2) Mareeba Shire Council's purpose of the Low density residential zone code is to:
  - (a) maintain the integrity of established residential areas, which are characterised primarily by Dwelling houses and Dual occupancy development;
  - (b) provide opportunities for other forms of residential development where existing character and amenity will not be compromised; and
  - (c) facilitate non-residential development that directly supports the day to day needs of the immediate residential community, in new residential areas.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) The dominant form of development is detached dwelling houses, on a range of lot sizes:
  - (b) In greenfield areas, in proximity to activity centres, a wider range of higher density residential development may occur where existing low density residential amenity is not compromised;
  - (c) High quality Residential care facilities and Retirement facilities are located on larger sites:
  - (d) Development provides for an efficient land use pattern and is well connected to other developments;
  - (e) Development is designed to provide safe and walkable neighbourhoods that connect residents to desirable destinations including schools, parks, shops and community facilities;
  - (f) Development facilitates other small-scale uses that integrate personal employment and residential activities, provided they complement local residential amenity;
  - (g) Development maintains a high level of residential amenity avoiding uses that introduce impacts associated with noise, hours of operation, traffic, advertising devices, visual amenity, privacy, lighting, odour and emissions;
  - (h) Development reflects and enhances the existing low density scale and character of the area:
  - (i) Development is supported by necessary transport infrastructure which is designed to provide and promote safe and efficient public transport use, walking and cycling;
  - (j) Development is supported by necessary community facilities, open space and recreational areas and appropriate infrastructure to meet the needs of the local community;
  - (k) Non-residential development may be supported in new residential areas where such uses directly support the day to day needs of the immediate residential community;
  - (I) Development takes account of the environmental constraints of the land; and

(m) Any unavoidable impacts are minimised through location, design, operation and management requirements.

# 6.2.6.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 6.2.6.3A—Low density residential zone code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

e outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development					
on and respects g: eight of existing ngs on adjoining ses; evelopment tial, with respect ght, on adjoining ses; eight of buildings vicinity of the sto sunlight aylight for the nd adjoining sy and tooking; and rea and street ge length.	AO1 Development has a maximum building height of:  (a) 8.5 metres; and (b) 2 storeys above ground level.		Complies.  The proposed development is single storey and well below 8.5 metres in height.		
s and residential s	scale				
t dominate the which they are don't and business and call and call and comment in the lensity	AO2 Domestic outbuildings do not exceed: (a) 100m² in gross floor area; and (b) 5.5 metres in height above natural ground level.	n/a	The application is not proposing a domestic outbuilding.		
	eight takes into on and respects g: eight of existing ags on adjoining ses; evelopment tial, with respect ght, on adjoining ses; eight of buildings vicinity of the set of sunlight aylight for the adjoining sy and poking; and rea and street ge length.	AO1 Development has a maximum building height of: (a) 8.5 metres; and (b) 2 storeys above ground level.  Seight of buildings vicinity of the and adjoining ses; (a) and residential scale  AO2 Domestic outbuildings do not exceed: (a) 100m² in gross floor area; and (b) 5.5 metres in height above natural ground level.	d development subject to requirements and assessable development significant takes into on and respects gright of existing gas on adjoining ses; evelopment tial, with respect ght, on adjoining ses; eight of buildings vicinity of the st to sunlight aylight for the end adjoining set and street ge length.  s and residential scale  AO2  Domestic outbuildings do not exceed: (a) 100m² in gross floor area; and which they are id; and onsistent with aale and cater of oppment in the lensity		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO3 Development is sited in a manner that considers and respects: (a) the siting and use of adjoining premises; (b) access to sunlight and daylight for the site and adjoining sites;	AO3.1  Buildings and structures include a minimum setback of:  (a) 6 metres from the primary road frontage; and  (b) 3 metres from any secondary road frontage.	•	The development complies.
(c) privacy and overlooking; (d) opportunities for casual surveillance of adjoining public spaces; (e) air circulation and access to natural breezes; and (f) appearance of building bulk; and (g) relationship with road corridors.	AO3.2 Buildings and structures include a minimum setback of 2 metres from side and rear boundaries.		The development substantially complies.  The ramp and walkway between the buildings will by necessity fall within the 2 metre setback area.  The buildings themselves, will achieve the side boundary setback.
Accommodation density		'	
PO4 The density of Accommodation activities: (a) contributes to housing choice and affordability; (b) respects the nature and density of surrounding land use; (c) does not cause amenity impacts beyond the reasonable expectation of accommodation density for the zone; and (d) is commensurate to the scale and frontage of the site.	AO4 Development provides a maximum density for Accommodation activities in compliance with Table 6.2.6.3B.	n/a	The development does not include an accommodation activity component.
Gross floor area			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO5 Buildings and structure occupy the site in a manner that:  (a) makes efficient use of land;  (b) is consistent with the bulk and scale of surrounding building and  (c) appropriately balances built and natural features.	er exceed 600m <sup>2</sup> .		The combined GFA of both buildings is well below 600m2.
For assessable developr	nent		
Building design			
PO6 Building facades an appropriately designed to: (a) include visual interest and architectural variation; (b) maintain and enhance the character of the surrounds; (c) provide opportunities for casual surveillance; (d) include a human scale; and (e) encourage occupation of outdoor space.	habitable space, pedestrian entrances and recreation space facing the primary road frontage.		The development complies.
PO7 Development complemen and integrates with the established built character of the Low dension residential zone, having regard to:	e provided. er y	•	The development complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
<ul> <li>(a) roof form and pitch;</li> <li>(b) eaves and awnings;</li> <li>(c) building materials, colours and textures; and</li> <li>(d) window and door size and location.</li> </ul>			
Non-residential developme	nt		
PO8 Non-residential development is only located in new residential areas and:  (a) is consistent with the scale of existing development;  (b) does not detract from the amenity of nearby residential uses;  (c) directly supports the day to day needs of the immediate residential community; and  (d) does not impact on the orderly provision of non-residential development in other locations in the shire.	No acceptable outcome is provided.		The site has a history of non-residential use being used as Sunwater's Mutchilba office/depot for an extended period.  The current proposal for health care services is very low impact and the development can reasonably be conditioned to maintain the amenity of adjoining residential land uses.  The proposed development is compatible with all adjoining commercial and residential uses.  The development will not threaten orderly development in other centres.  The development complies with PO8.
Amenity			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO9 Development must not detract from the amenity of the local area, having regard to: (a) noise; (b) hours of operation; (c) traffic; (d) advertising devices; (e) visual amenity; (f) privacy; (g) lighting; (h) odour; and (i) emissions.	AO9 No acceptable outcome is provided.		The site has a history of non-residential use being used as Sunwater's Mutchilba office/depot for an extended period.  The current proposal for health care services is very low impact and the development can reasonably be conditioned to maintain the amenity of adjoining residential land uses.  The proposed development is compatible with all adjoining commercial and residential uses.  The development complies with PO9.
PO10 Development must take into account and seek to ameliorate any existing negative environmental impacts, having regard to: (a) noise; (b) hours of operation; (c) traffic; (d) advertising devices; (e) visual amenity; (f) privacy; (g) lighting; (h) odour; and (i) emissions.	AO10 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	There are no known negative environmental impacts requiring amelioration.

Table 6.2.6.3B—Maximum densities for Accommodation activities

Use	Maximum density	
Dual occupancy	1 dwelling per 400m <sup>2</sup> of site area	
Multiple dwelling	<ul> <li>(a) 1 dwelling per 400m² of site area; and</li> <li>(b) 1 bedroom per 200m² of site area.</li> </ul>	
Residential care facility	1 dwelling or accommodation unit per 250m <sup>2</sup> of site area.	
Retirement facility	1 dwelling or accommodation unit per 400m <sup>2</sup> of site area	

#### 8.2.3 Bushfire hazard overlay code

## 8.2.3.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development is located within a Bushfire hazard area and Potential impact buffer (100 metres) identified on the **Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o)**; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Natural hazards are appropriately reflected in Overlay Maps 3, 6 and 8 and are required to be mapped by State Government in response to Hazard and Safety State Interests.

## 8.2.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Bushfire hazard overlay code is to minimise the threat of bushfire to people and property.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Development in a Bushfire hazard area is compatible with the nature of the hazard;
  - (b) The number of people and properties subject to bushfire hazards are minimised through appropriate building design and location;
  - (c) Development does not result in a material increase in the extent, duration or severity of bushfire hazard; and
  - (d) Appropriate infrastructure is available to emergency services in the event of a bushfire.

#### 8.2.3.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.3.3—Bushfire hazard overlay code — For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For accepted development su	ubject to requirements and assess	sable developmen	t
Water supply for fire-fighting	purposes		
PO1 Development where within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) maintains the safety of people and property by providing an adequate, accessible and reliable water supply for firefighting purposes which is safely located and has sufficient flow and pressure	Where within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) AO1.1  Where in a reticulated water service area, the on-site water supply has flow and pressure characteristics of 10 litres a second at 200 kPa.  OR	•	Water is available via the Sunwater managed Mutchilba water supply.
characteristics.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	AO1.2 Where access to the reticulated water network is not available, a minimum on site water storage of 5,000 litres is provided that must comprise:	•	Water is available via the Sunwater managed Mutchilba water supply.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
		<ul> <li>(a) a separate tank; or</li> <li>(b) a reserve section in the bottom part of the main water supply tank; or</li> <li>(c) a dam; or</li> <li>(d) a swimming pool.</li> <li>Note—Where a water tank is provided for fire-fighting purposes it is fitted with standard rural fire brigade fittings and the tank is provided with a hardstand area for heavy vehicles.</li> </ul>		
	assessable development			
	d use		T	
'Bus 'Pote metr Bus map appr haza the: (a) (b)	elopment within a hfire hazard area' and ential impact buffer (100 es)' identified on the hfire hazard overlay is (OM-003a-o) is opriate to the bushfire ard risk having regard to the bushfire risk compatibility of development; the vulnerability of and safety risk to persons associated with the use; and consequences of bushfire in regard to impacts on essential infrastructure, buildings and structures.  — A Bushfire hazard gement plan must be prepared itably qualified persons in the performance outcome.	AO2 All buildings, structures, infrastructure and facilities associated with the following uses are located outside any area of the site located within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o):  (a) child care centre; or (b) community care centre; or (c) correctional facility; or (d) educational establishment; or (e) emergency services; or (f) hospital; or (g) residential care facility; or (h) retirement facility; or (i) rooming accommodation; or (j) shopping centre; or (k) tourist park; or (l) tourist attraction.		The application is not proposing to establish any of the identified uses.
Lot	design			
'Bus 'Pote metr <b>Bus</b> map mining	onfiguring a lot within a hfire hazard area' and ential impact buffer (100 es)' identified on the hfire hazard overlay s (OM-003a-o) mises the potential erse impacts of bushfire ne safety of people,	Where within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o)  AO3.1  No new lots are created.  OR	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance of	outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
through lot des  (a) is respondent and is respon	nsive to the nd extent of risk; and fficient ncy access to s for fire-appliances.  hazard must be prepared d persons in strate compliance	AO3.2  All lots include a building envelope that achieves a radiant heat flux level of 29kW/m² at the permitter of the building envelope.  Note—Where a radiant heat flux of 29kW/m² is achieved and this relies on cleared or maintained land external to the land the subject of the development application it must be demonstrated that land external to the site will be maintained to a standard that does not exceed the level of bushfire hazard identified in a Bushfire hazard management plan.		
Firebreaks a	nd access			
Bushfire haza maps (OM-003 access is designificate against hazard by:  (a) ensuring access fand other vehicles  (b) ensuring access faccess f	mpact buffer dentified on the rd overlay Ba-o), vehicular gned to st bushfire gadequate or fire-fighting er emergency; gadequate or the on of residents	In a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o), roads are designed and constructed:  (a) with a maximum gradient of 12.5%;  (b) to not use cul-de-sacs; and (c) a constructed road width and weather standard complying with Planning Scheme Policy 4 - FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development complies.
personne emerger including safe acc should a direction the even (c) providing separation develope adjacent  Note—Where it is provide firebreaks A04.2 Fire Maint provided in accordiollowing: i. located as to the bour	el in an ancy situation, galternative dess routes access in one abe blocked in at of a fire; and g for the con of a dareas and a bushland.  In not practicable to in accordance with enance Trails are ordance with the close as possible and ares of the lot ljoining hazardous	In a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o), firebreaks are provided:  (a) consisting of a perimeter road that separates lots from areas of bushfire hazard;  (b) a minimum cleared width of 20 metre;  (c) a maximum gradient of 12.5%; and  (d) a constructed road width and weather standard complying with Planning Scheme Policy 4 -	*	Appropriate firebreaks are provided by Marsterson St, Musumeci St, Tait St and Craig Ross St.

Darfarmanaa autaamaa	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
ii. the minimum cleared width not less than 6 metres; iii. the formed width is not less than 2.5 metres; iv. the formed gradient is not greater than 15%; v. vehicular access is provided at both ends; vi. passing bays and turning areas are provided for fire-fighting appliances located on public land.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Complies	Comments
Hazardous materials			
PO5 Public safety and the environment are not adversely affected by the detrimental impacts of bushfire of hazardous materials manufactured or stored in bulk.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	AO5 The processing or storage of dangerous goods or hazardous materials is not undertaken in a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o).	n/a	These activities are not proposed as part of the development.
Landscaping			
PO6 Landscaping within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) does not result in a material increase in the extent, duration or severity of bushfire hazard having regard to:  (a) fire ecology; (b) slope of site; and (c) height and mix of plant species.  Note—Frost hollows and the associated grass kill facilitates a rapid curing of fuel and exacerbates bushfire hazard.	AO6 No acceptable outcome is provided.		The development will comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.			
Infrastructure			
Infrastructure services located in a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) are protected from damage or destruction in the event of a bushfire.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in	AO7 The following infrastructure services are located below ground: (a) water supply; (b) sewer; (c) electricity; (d) gas; and (e) telecommunications	•	The development will comply.
seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.			
Private driveways			
All premises located in a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) are provided with vehicular access that enables safe evacuation for occupants and easy access by fire-fighting appliances.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	Private driveways:  (a) do not exceed a length of 60 metres from the street frontage;  (b) do not exceed a gradient of 12.5%;  (c) have a minimum width of 3.5 metres;  (d) have a minimum vertical clearance of 4.8 metres;  (e) accommodate turning areas for fire-fighting appliances in accordance with the Queensland Fire and Emergency Services' Fire Hydrant and Vehicle Access Guidelines; and  (f) serve no more than three dwellings or buildings.		The development will comply.

### 8.2.6 Flood hazard overlay code

#### 8.2.6.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development is located within a Flood hazard area identified on the **Flood** hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o); and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Natural hazards are appropriately reflected in Overlay Maps 3, 6 and 8 and are required to be mapped by State Government in response to Hazard and Safety State Interests.

Note—where new information, including flood studies or flood modelling supersedes the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o) Council may have regard to this new information in the application of the Flood hazard overlay code in the interests of the precautionary principle and the safety of persons and property.

#### 8.2.6.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Flood hazard overlay code is to manage development outcomes in flood hazard areas identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o) so that risk to life, property, community and the environment during flood events is minimised, and to ensure that development does not increase the potential for flood damage on site or to other property.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Development in the 'Extreme flood hazard area':
    - maintains and enhances the hydrological function of the land;
    - ii. does not involve filling (earthworks) or changes to existing landform or drainage lines that results in a loss of the flood conveyance and flood storage capacity of the land;
    - iii. is limited to:
      - A. flood proofed Sport and recreation activities;
      - B. Rural activities where for Animal husbandry, Cropping or Permanent plantation;
      - C. flood proofed Utility installations, Substations or Major electricity infrastructure;
      - D. conservation and natural area management; and
      - E. replacement of existing lawful development, including Accommodation activities where habitable rooms are elevated above the defined flood level and include freeboard:

Where there is no increase to the number of persons at risk of flood and where development reduces existing or potential risks to life and property.

- (b) Development in the 'High flood hazard area':
  - i. maintains the hydrological function of the land;
  - ii. does not involve filling (earthworks) or changes to the existing landform or drainage lines that results in a loss of the flood conveyance and flood storage capacity of the land;
  - iii. is limited to:
    - A. flood proofed Sport and recreation activities and Club uses:
    - B. Non-resident workforce accommodation, Relocatable home park, Resort complex, Rooming accommodation, Short term accommodation and

- Tourist park uses where these uses comprise permanent on-site management and a flood evacuation management plan ensures the health and safety of persons during a flood event;
- C. a Dwelling house only where the lot existed or had a lawful reconfiguring a lot approval at the commencement of the planning scheme and the land is included in a Residential zone or the Centre zone or where for minor intensification of existing Dwelling houses;
- D. Rural activities where for Animal husbandry, Cropping or Permanent plantation;
- E. Industrial activities and Commercial activities where it is accepted development that flood damage is incurred as an operational cost and where flood sensitive elements of the development or use are elevated above the defined flood level, including freeboard;
- F. flood proofed Utility installations, Substations or Major electricity infrastructure:
- G. conservation and natural area management; and
- H. replacement of existing lawful development;

where there is no increase to the number of persons at risk of flood and where development reduces existing or potential risks to life and property.

- iv. protects surrounding land and land uses from increased flood hazard impacts;
- v. elevates habitable rooms for all accommodation activities (including where for minor building work) above the defined flood level, including freeboard.
- (c) Development in the 'Significant flood hazard area':
  - minimises risk to life and property from flood events;
  - ii. involves changes to the existing landform and drainage lines in this area only where detrimental impacts to the flood hazard risk of surrounding areas is avoided;
  - iii. is limited to:
    - A. Sport and recreation activities:
    - B. Industrial activities and Commercial activities where it is accepted development that flood damage is incurred as an operational cost and where flood sensitive elements of the development or use are elevated above the defined flood level, including freeboard;
    - C. Rural activities;
    - Accommodation activities, excluding Residential care facility and Retirement facility;
    - E. flood proofed Community activities, excluding Child care centre, Hospital and Community use where a flood emergency evacuation plan ensures the safety of people during a flood event;
    - F. flood proofed Utility installations, Substations or Major electricity infrastructure;
    - G. conservation and natural area management;
  - iv. locates habitable rooms for all accommodation activities above the defined flood level, including freeboard; and
  - v. locates the minimum floor level for all buildings other than accommodation activities, industrial activities and business activities above the defined flood level.

- (d) Development in the 'Low flood hazard area':
  - i. minimises risk to life and property from flood events;
  - ii. locates habitable rooms for all Accommodation activities above the defined flood level, including freeboard; and
  - iii. locates the minimum floor level for all buildings other than Accommodation activities above the defined flood level, including freeboard.
- (e) Development in the 'Potential flood hazard area':
  - maintains the safety of people on the development site from flood events and minimises the potential damage from flooding to property;
  - ii. does not result in adverse impacts on people's safety, the environment or the capacity to use land within the floodplain;
  - iii. locates habitable rooms for all Accommodation activities above a 1% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP), including freeboard; and
  - iv. locates the minimum floor level for all building work other than Accommodation activities above the 1% AEP flood level, including freeboard.

#### 8.2.6.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.6.3A - Flood hazard overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments			
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development						
All flood hazard areas						
PO1 Development prevents the carriage or dispersal of contaminants or pollutants into the receiving environment.	AO1 The processing or storage of dangerous goods or hazardous materials is:  (a) not undertaken in a flood hazard area identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o); or  (b) is located above the defined flood level plus 0.3 metre freeboard.	n/a	Not applicable.			
Essential community infrastructure is able to function effectively during and immediately after flood events.  Extreme flood hazard area	AO2 Design levels for buildings must comply with the flood immunity standards specified in Table 8.2.6.3.B and Table 8.2.6.3.C where within a flood hazard area identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO3 Development, where involving a Material change of use within an 'Extreme flood hazard area' on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o), is appropriate to the flood hazard risk having regard to the:  (a) likelihood and frequency of flooding;  (b) flood risk acceptability of development;  (c) vulnerability of and safety risk to persons associated with the use;	AO3.1 Uses within the following activity groups are not located within an 'Extreme flood hazard area identified' on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o):  (a) Accommodation activities; (b) Commercial activities; (c) Community activities except where for a Club with a maximum gross floor area of 100m²; (d) Industrial activities; (e) Rural activities, except where for Animal husbandry, Cropping, or Permanent plantation.	n/a	Not applicable.
(d) associated consequences of flooding in regard to impacts on proposed buildings, structures, and supporting infrastructure; and (e) associated consequences of flooding in respect to undue burden on disaster response recovery capacity and capabilities.	AO3.2  Sport and recreation activities are not located within an 'Extreme flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o) except where for:  (a) Environment facility; (b) Park; or (c) Outdoor sport and recreation (excluding the provision of ancillary facilities or amenities conducted within a building).	n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO4		AO4.1	n/a	Not applicable.
Dev	elopment is located	Buildings, including		
and	designed to:	extensions to existing		
(a)	maintain and	buildings, are:		
	enhance the flood	(a) not located within an		
	conveyance	'Extreme flood hazard		
	capacity of the	area' identified on the		
	premises;	Flood hazard overlay		
(b)	not increase the	maps (OM006a-o); or		
	number of people	(b) elevated above the		
	calculated to be at	defined flood level, with		
	risk from flooding;	0.3 metres freeboard		
(c)	not increase the	from the defined flood		
	flood impact on	level provided for		
	adjoining premises;	habitable rooms within		
(d)	ensure the safety of	a dwelling.		
	all persons by	AO4.2	n/a	Not applicable.
	ensuring that	All building work must be high		
	development levels	set and retains the flood		
	are set above the	storage and conveyance		
	defined flood level;	capacity of the premises.		
(e)	reduce property			
	damage; and	Note—Building work must be certified by a qualified structural engineer to be flood		
(f)	provide flood	proof including the ability to withstand		
	immune access to	damage from floodwater and debris.	/	Not annihable
	buildings.	AO4.3	n/a	Not applicable.
Note	Duildings may be constructed	New buildings are provided		
	<ul> <li>Buildings may be constructed flood resistant, waterproof</li> </ul>	with flood free pedestrian and		
mater	ials below the defined flood	vehicle evacuation access		
	where certified by a qualified ural engineer to be flood proof	between the building and a		
(include	ding the ability to withstand	flood safe accessible road.		
	ge from floodwater and debris)	Note—A flood safe accessible road		
1	here an alternative outcome to I-AO4.4 is also demonstrated.	includes a road where identified as		
		outside a flood hazard area or within a 'Low flood hazard area', 'Potential flood		
1	In the event that a lawful or structure is destroyed by	hazard area' or 'Significant flood hazard		
	or other event the building may	area' on the Flood hazard overlay		
	placed in situ where there is no	maps (OM006a-o). AO4.4	n/a	Not applicable.
increa	ise in: gross floor area; or	Development does not	11/α	ι τοι αρρποασίο.
ii.	the number of dwellings or	increase the number of lots in		
	bedrooms on the premises.	the 'Extreme flood hazard		
	ρισιπιοσο.	area' identified on the <b>Flood</b>		
		hazard overlay maps		
		(OM006a-o) except where for		
		the purposes of public open		
		space.		
		Space.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO5 Development involving earthworks in a Flood hazard area below the defined flood level must protect life and property on premises and off premises through maintaining:  (a) flood storage capacity of land;  (b) flood conveyance function of land;  (c) flood and drainage channels;  (d) overland flow paths; and	Filling above ground level is not undertaken in the 'Extreme flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
(e) flood warning times.			
High flood hazard area			
PO6 Development, where for a Material change of use within a 'High flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o), is appropriate to the flood hazard risk having regard to the:  (a) likelihood and frequency of flooding;  (b) flood risk acceptability of development;  (c) vulnerability of and safety risk to persons associated with the use;  (d) associated consequences of flooding in regard to impacts on proposed buildings, structures and supporting infrastructure; and	AO6.1 Uses within the following activity groups are not located within a 'High flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o):  (a) Accommodation activities, except where for Dwelling house and only where the lot existed or had a lawful reconfiguring a lot approval at the commencement of the planning scheme and the land is included in a Residential zone or the Centre zone;  (b) Community activities except where for a Club with a maximum gross floor area of 100m²;  (c) Rural activities, except where for Animal husbandry, Cropping or Permanent plantation.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcome	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
(e) associated consequences flooding in respect undue burden disaster response recovery capa and capabilities.	on flood hazard area' identified on the <b>Flood hazard overlay</b>	n/a	Not applicable.
P07	A07.1	n/a	Not applicable.
Development is loca			
and designed to: (a) maintain	extensions to existing buildings are:		
hydrological funct of the premises;	on (a) not located within the 'High flood hazard		
(b) not increase the number of people calculated to be a	area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o); or		
risk from flooding; (c) minimises the floo impact on adjoinir	•		
premises;	from the defined flood		
(d) ensure the safety	·		
all persons by ensuring that an	habitable rooms within a dwelling.		
appropriate	OR		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
proportion of buildings are set above the defined flood level; (e) reduce the carriage of debris in flood waters; (f) reduce property damage; and (g) provide flood immune access to buildings.	Buildings used for Commercial activities or Industrial activities include a minimum floor level of 0.3 metres above the defined flood where for the following components of the use:  (a) administrative areas; or  (b) services, plant and equipment associated with the building.	n/a	Not applicable.
Note—Buildings may be constructed from flood resistant, waterproof materials below the defined flood level where certified by a qualified structural engineer to be flood proof (including the ability to withstand damage from floodwater and debris) and where an alternative outcome to AO8.1-AO8.9 is also demonstrated.	Note—AO8.2 accepts that the cost of flood impact is an operational cost of the Commercial activity or Industrial activity.  Note—Building work must be certified by a qualified structural engineer to be flood proof including the ability to withstand damage from floodwater and debris.  AO7.3	n/a	Not applicable.
	All building work below the defined flood level must be high set (comprising pier and beam construction) and retains the flood storage and conveyance capacity of the premises.		
	AO7.4  New buildings are provided with flood free pedestrian and vehicle evacuation access between the building and a flood safe accessible road.  Note—A flood safe accessible road includes a road where identified as outside a flood hazard area or within a 'Low flood hazard area', 'Potential flood hazard area' or 'Significant flood hazard area' on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.5  New temporary, relocatable or impermanent buildings and structures are to be anchored with the ability to withstand transportation by floodwater.  Note—Building work must be certified by a qualified structural engineer.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO7.6  Dwellings do not exceed four bedrooms.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.7 Building work on an existing dwelling does not comprise additional bedrooms.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.8  Building work on an existing dwelling is limited to a maximum increase of 20 percent of the lawfully approved gross floor area of the existing dwelling.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.9  Development does not increase the number of lots in the 'High flood hazard area; as identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o) except where for the purposes of public open space.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO8  Development involving earthworks in a Flood hazard area below the defined flood level must protect life and property on premises and off premises through maintaining:  (a) flood storage capacity of land;  (b) flood conveyance function of land;  (c) flood and drainage channels;  (d) overland flow paths; and  (e) flood warning times	AO8 Filling above ground level is not undertaken in the 'High flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
(e) flood warning times.  Significant flood hazard ar			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO9	AO9	n/a	Not applicable.
Development, involving a	The following uses are not		
Material change of use,	located within a 'Significant		
within a 'Significant flood	flood hazard area' identified		
hazard area' on the <b>Flood</b>	on the Flood hazard overlay		
hazard overlay maps	maps (OM006a-o):		
(OM006a-o) is appropriate	(a) Residential care facility;		
to the flood hazard risk	(b) Retirement facility;		
having regard to the:	(c) Child care centre;		
(a) likelihood and	(d) Hospital; or		
frequency of	(e) Community use.		
flooding; (b) flood risk			
acceptability of			
development;			
(c) vulnerability of and			
safety risk to persons			
associated with the			
use;			
(d) associated			
consequences of			
flooding in regard to			
impacts on proposed			
buildings, structures			
and supporting			
infrastructure; and			
(e) associated			
consequences of			
flooding in respect to undue burden on			
disaster response recovery capacity			
and capabilities.			
	rea, Low flood hazard area or	Potential flood by	azard area
Significant nood nazard a	ica, Low Hood Hazard area of	r otentiai noou na	azaiu aita

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO10 Development, where involving a Material change of use or Building work, is located and designed to: (a) maintain hydrological function of the premises; (b) not increase the number of people calculated to be at risk from flooding; (c) minimises the flood impact on adjoining premises; (d) ensure the safety of all persons by ensuring that a	AO10.1 Buildings, including extensions to existing buildings are:  (a) elevated above the defined flood level; and  (b) the defined flood event does not exceed a depth of 600mm; and  (c) elevated above the defined flood level plus 0.3 metres freeboard where for habitable rooms within a dwelling.  OR		The site is mapped as Potential Flood Hazard Area.  Photographic evidence provided as part of a separate development application determined that the highest observed flood height (477.686m AHD) was seen at footpath in front of the adjoining Mutchilba Cash Store.
proportion of buildings are set above the defined flood level; (e) reduce the carriage of debris in flood waters; (f) reduce property damage; and (g) provide flood immune access to buildings.			Twine Surveys have determined that the floor height of the existing building is 478.283m AHD, which is 597mm above the historic flood height.  The development substantially complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Note—Where the development is	AO10,2		Refer to comment
located in a 'Potential flood hazard		•	for AO10.1
area' identified on the Flood hazard	9		101 70 10.1
overlay maps (OM006a-o) and there is no defined flood level a			
hydraulic (flood hazard assessment)	Industrial activities include a minimum floor level of 0.3		
report prepared by a RPEQ is required in substantiation of an	metres above the defined		
alternative outcome is required or the	flood where for the following		
defined flood level from the adjacent			
representative hazard zone is used.	components of the use: (a) administrative areas; or		
	(b) services, plant and		
	equipment associated		
	with the building.		
	Note—AO10.2 accepts that the cost of		
	flood impact is an operational cost of the Commercial activity or Industrial activity.		
	Commercial activity of industrial activity.		
	Note—Building work must be certified by		
	a qualified structural engineer to be flood proof including the ability to withstand		
	damage from floodwater and debris.		
	AO10.3	~	Refer to comment
	All building work below the		for AO10.1
	defined flood level must be		
	high set (comprising pier and		
	beam construction) and		
	retains the flood storage and		
	conveyance capacity of the		
	premises.		
	Note—Building work must be certified by		
	a qualified structural engineer to be flood		
	proof including the ability to withstand damage from floodwater and debris.		
PO11	AO11	n/a	Not applicable.
Development involving	Development does not		''
earthworks in a Flood	involve in excess of 50m3 of		
hazard area below the	fill above ground level per		
defined flood level must	1,000m <sup>2</sup> of site area.		
protect life and property on			
premises and off premises			
through maintaining:			
(a) flood storage			
capacity of land;			
(b) flood conveyance			
function of land;			
(c) flood and drainage			
channels;			
(d) overland flow paths;			
and			
(e) flood warning times.			
For assessable developme	ent		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable out	comes	Complies	Comments
Where for Material change or increases the number hazard area, High flood ha house.	of persons living	ng, working	or residing in the	Extreme flood
	A O 1 2			Refer to comment
Flood risk management minimises the impact on property and appropriately protects the health and safety of persons at risk of Extreme, high or significant flood hazard, and:  (a) indicates the position and path of all safe evacuation routes off the site; and  (b) if the site contains or is within 100 metres of a flood hazard area, hazard warning signage and depth indicators are provided at key hazard points, such as at floodway crossings.	AO12 No acceptable provided.	outcome is		Refer to comment for AO10.1
Reconfiguring a lot that involves new gross floor area or increases the number of persons living, working or residing in the 'Extreme flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay map (OM006a-o) is supported by a Flood Emergency Evacuation Plan prepared by suitably qualified persons having regard to Floodplain Management in Australia: Best Practice Principles and Guidelines (2000), prepared by Standing Committee on Agriculture and Resource Management (SCARM), CSIRO.				

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes			Complies	Comments
Sigr	Significant flood hazard area, Low flood hazard area or Potential flood hazard area					
P01	3	AO13			<b>✓</b>	Refer to comment
Dev	elopment, where	No acceptable	outcome	is		for AO10.1
invo	lving Reconfiguring a	provided.				
lot, is	s located and designed					
to:	-					
(a)	maintain					
	hydrological function					
	of the premises;					
(b)	not increase the					
	number of people					
	calculated to be at					
	risk from flooding;					
(c)	minimises the flood					
	impact on adjoining					
	premises;					
(d)	ensure the safety of					
	all persons by					
	ensuring that a					
	proportion of					
	buildings are set above the defined					
	flood level;					
(0)	reduce the carriage					
(e)	of debris in flood					
	waters;					
(f)	reduce property					
(')	damage; and					
(g)	provide flood					
(9)	immune access to					
	buildings.					
Note-	-Where the development is					
locate	d in a 'Potential flood hazard					
	identified on the Flood hazard					
	ay maps (OM006a-o) and is no defined flood level a					
,	ulic (flood hazard assessment)					
report	prepared by a RPEQ is ed in substantiation of an					
altern	ative outcome is required or the					
	d flood level from the adjacent sentative hazard zone is used.					
repres	eritative nazaru zone is used.				l	

# Table 8.2.6.3B Flood immunity levels

Development Category	Minimum design floor or pavement levels (mAHD)
Category A	1% AEP + 0.5 metres
Category B	1% AEP + 0.3 metres
Category C	1% AEP

Category D	1% AEP
Category E	2% AEP

Note—Refer Table 8.2.6.3D for building classification by Category.

Table 8.2.6.3C Community infrastructure flood immunity levels

Development Type	Minimum design floor or pavement levels (mAHD)
Emergency services, where for:	
Emergency Shelters	0.1% AEP
Police facilities	0.5% AEP
Other Emergency services	0.1% AEP + 0.5 metres
Hospital	0.1% AEP+ 0.5 metres
Community use (where for the storage of valuable records or items of historic or cultural significance including libraries and museums)	0.5% AEP
Special industry (where for power station)	0.5% AEP
Substations	0.5% AEP
Utility installation (where for a sewage treatment plant)	Defined flood level
Utility installation (where for a water treatment plant)	0.5% AEP
Utility installation (other)	Alternative outcome required.
Air services	Alternative outcome required.

**Table 8.2.6.3D Development category** 

Building Code of Australia Building classification <sup>(1)</sup>	Development types and design levels, assigned design floor or pavement levels	Category – refer to Table 8.2.6.3B for flood planning levels
Class 1–4	Habitable room	Category A
	Non-habitable room including patio and courtyard	Category B
	Non-habitable part of a Class 2 or Class 3 building excluding the essential services(2) control room	Category B
	Parking located in the building undercroft of a multiple dwelling	Category C
	Carport, unroofed car park; vehicular manoeuvring area	Category D
	Essential electrical services <sup>(2)</sup> of a Class 2 or Class 3 building only	Category A
	Basement parking entry	Category C + 0.3 metres
Class 5,	Building floor level	Category C
Class 6, or Class 8	Garage or car park located in the building undercroft	Category C

Building Code of Australia Building classification <sup>(1)</sup>	Development types and design levels, assigned design floor or pavement levels	Category – refer to Table 8.2.6.3B for flood planning levels
	Carport or unroofed car park	Category D
	Vehicular access and manoeuvring areas	Category D
	Basement parking entry	Category C
	Essential electrical services <sup>(2)</sup>	Class 8 – Category Class 5 & 6 – Category A
Class 7a	Refer to the relevant building class specific	, .
Class 7b	Building floor level	Category C
	Vehicular access and manoeuvring area	Category D
	Essential electrical services <sup>(2)</sup>	Category C
Class 9	Building floor level	Category A
	Building floor level for habitable rooms in Class 9a or 9c where for a Residential care facility	0.2% AEP flood
	Building floor level for habitable rooms in Class 9b where involving children, such as a child care centre	0.2% AEP flood
	Garage or car park located in the building undercroft	Category C
	Carport or unroofed car park	Category D
	Vehicular access and manoeuvring areas	Category D
	Essential electrical services <sup>(2)</sup>	Category A
Class 10a	Car parking facility	Refer to the relevant building class specified in this table
	Shed or the like	Category D
Class 10b	Swimming pool	Category E
	Associated mechanical and electrical pool equipment	Category C
	Other structures	Flood planning levels do not apply

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Refer to the Building Code of Australia for definitions of building classifications.

<sup>(2)</sup> Essential electrical services include any area or room used for fire control panel, telephone PABX, sensitive substation equipment including transformers, low voltage switch gear, high voltage switch gear, battery chargers, protection control and communication equipment, low voltage cables, high voltage cables, and lift or pump controls.

#### 9.3.3 Community activities code

## 9.3.3.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) involving Community activities; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

#### 9.3.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Community activities code is to ensure Community activities that are appropriately designed and located to:
  - (a) be conveniently accessible to the communities they serve; and
  - (b) not detrimentally impact on local amenity.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Community activities do not have an adverse impact on the amenity of the surrounding area;
  - (b) Community activities establish in appropriate locations that are highly accessible;
  - (c) Community activities are located with other community activities when the opportunity to achieve practical co-location of facilities exists;
  - (d) Community activities are designed to be accessible, functional and safe;
  - (e) Community activities are compatible and integrated with surrounding land uses; and
  - (f) Community activities enhance community identity and character.

#### 9.3.3.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.3.3.3—Community activities code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
For accepted development	For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development			
Amenity and privacy				
PO1 Community activities are appropriately located and designed to avoid adverse impacts on sensitive uses related to: (a) noise; (b) lighting; and (c) overlooking.  Note—These provisions apply to any adjoining sensitive use, both on an adjoining site and on the same site as the Community activity.	AO1 Along any common boundary with a sensitive land use, development incorporates:  (a) a 1.8 metre high solid screen fence; and  (b) screening to windows which:  (i) face the boundary;  (ii) have a sill height less than 1.5 metres; and  (iii) are not wholly screened by the boundary fence.		A 1.8 metre high solid screen fence will be conditioned along the rear boundary.	
If for Educational establishment or Child care centre				

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Development is located on a site that is capable of accommodating:  (a) all facilities necessary for the use;  (b) required landscaping and buffering; and  (c) appropriately designed access, manoeuvring and parking areas.	AO2 The development is located on a site with a minimum: (a) site area of 800m²; (b) road frontage of 20 metres; and (c) road reserve width of 20 metres.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO3 The design of the development does not result in any safety hazard for children or other users of the facility.	AO3 A child proof fence or physical barrier is provided to prevent unintended access to the following areas, directly from indoor or outdoor areas intended to accommodate children:  (a) Vehicle manoeuvring and parking areas;  (b) Refuse storage and servicing areas; and  (c) Air conditioning, refrigeration plant and mechanical plant.	n/a	Not applicable.
For assessable development			
Location			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
AO4 Development is compatible with the amenity of the surrounding area, having regard to:  (a) the location and type of vehicular access and parking;  (b) hours of operation;  (c) waste storage and collection;  (d) advertising devices and signage;  (e) visual amenity;  (f) privacy; and  (g) noise, odour and dust emissions.	AO4 No acceptable outcome is provided.		The site has a history of non-residential use being used as Sunwater's Mutchilba office/depot for an extended period.  The current proposal for health care services is very low impact and the development can reasonably be conditioned to maintain the amenity of adjoining residential land uses.  The proposed development is compatible with all adjoining commercial and residential uses.
PO5 Community activities are highly accessible to the community they serve and	AO5.1 Community activities are not located in a cul-de-sac.	•	Complies.  Marsterson Street is not a cul-de-sac.
are located to encourage multi-purpose trips.	AO5.2  Development is located:  (a) within 800 metres walking distance of the Centre zone; or  (b) within 400 metres walking distance of a public transport stop; or  (c) provided with a connection to the pedestrian and cycle network.	•	Complies.  The Mutchilba Cash Store is in the Centre zone and sited approximately 20 metres to the east of the proposed development.
Amenity and privacy			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO6 Community activities protect and enhance the character and amenity of the locality and streetscape through the appropriate location and screening of: (a) air conditioning; (b) refrigeration plant; (c) mechanical plant; and (d) refuse bin storage areas.	AO6 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
If for Educational establish	ment or Child care centre		
PO7 Educational establishments and Child care centres: (a) do not detrimentally impact on the amenity or operations of surrounding land uses; and (b) have suitable separation distances and buffering from sensitive uses.	AO7 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

#### 9.4.2 Landscaping code

#### 9.4.2.1 Application

This code applies where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

## 9.4.2.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Landscaping code is to ensure all development is landscaped to a standard that:
  - (a) complements the scale and appearance of the development;
  - (b) protects and enhances the amenity and environmental values of the site;
  - (c) complements and enhances the streetscape and local landscape character; and
  - (d) ensures effective buffering of incompatible land uses to protect local amenity.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Landscaping is a functional part of development design and is commensurate with the intended use;
  - (b) Landscaping accommodates the retention of existing significant on site vegetation where appropriate and practical;
  - (c) Landscaping treatments complement the scale, appearance and function of the development;
  - (d) Landscaping contributes to an attractive streetscape;
  - (e) Landscaping enhances the amenity and character of the local area;
  - (f) Landscaping enhances natural environmental values of the site and the locality;
  - (g) Landscaping provides effective screening both on site, if required, and between incompatible land uses;
  - (h) Landscaping provides shade in appropriate circumstances;
  - (i) Landscape design enhances personal safety and reduces the potential for crime and vandalism; and
  - (j) Intensive land uses incorporate vegetated buffers to provide effective screening of buildings, structures and machinery associated with the use.

# 9.4.2.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.2.3A—Landscaping code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development se	For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development				
PO1 Development, other than in the Rural zone, includes landscaping that:  (a) contributes to the landscape character of the Shire;  (b) compliments the character of the immediate surrounds;  (c) provides an appropriate balance between built and natural elements; and  (d) provides a source of visual interest.	AO1 Development, other than in the Rural zone, provides: (a) a minimum of 10% of the site as landscaping; (b) planting in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species; (c) for the integration of retained significant vegetation into landscaping areas; (d) on-street landscaping works in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D9 Landscaping, of the Planning Scheme Policy 4 - FNQROC Regional Development Manual.  Note—Where development exceeds a site cover of 90%, areas of landscaping may be provided above ground level to achieve a total supply of landscaping equivalent to 10% of the site area.		The development will be conditioned to comply.		

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
the lands	elopment, other than in Rural zone, includes scaping along site ages that: creates an attractive streetscape; compliments the character of the immediate surrounds; assists to break up and soften elements of built form; screen areas of limited visual interest or servicing; provide shade for pedestrians; and includes a range and variety of planting.	Development, other than in the Rural zone, includes a landscape strip along any site frontage:  (a) with a minimum width of 2 metres where adjoining a car parking area;  (b) with a minimum width of 1.5 metres in all other locations; and  (c) in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.  Note—Where development is setback from a frontage less than 1.5 metres, the setback area is provided as a landscape strip		The development will be conditioned to comply.
lands alons	elopment includes scaping and fencing	AO3.1 Development provides landscape treatments along side and rear boundaries in accordance with Table 9.4.2.3B.	~	The development will be conditioned to comply.
(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	land uses; assists to break up and soften elements of built form; screens areas of limited visual interest; preserves the amenity of sensitive land uses; and includes a range and variety of planting.	AO3.2 Shrubs and trees provided in landscape strips along side and rear boundaries:  (a) are planted at a maximum spacing of 1 metre;  (b) will grow to a height of at least 2 metres;  (c) will grow to form a screen of no less than 2 metres in height; and  (d) are mulched to a minimum depth of 0.1 metres with organic mulch.		The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO3.3 Any landscape strip provided along a side or rear boundary is designed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
PO4 Car parking areas are improved with a variety of landscaping that: (a) provides visual interest; (b) provides a source of shade for pedestrians; (c) assists to break up and soften elements; and (d) improves legibility.	Landscaping is provided in car parking areas which provides:  (a) a minimum of 1 shade tree for every 4 parking spaces, or part thereof, where the car parking area includes 12 or more spaces;  (b) a minimum of 1 shade tree for every 6 parking spaces, or part thereof, otherwise; and  (c) where involving a car parking area in excess of 500m²:  (i) shade structures are provided for 50% of parking spaces; and  (ii) a minimum of 10% of the parking area as landscaping.  Note—Where a shade structure is provided over part of a car parking area, shade tree planting is not required in this area of the car parking area.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO4.2 Landscaping in car parking areas is designed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
PO5 Landscaping areas include a range and variety of planting that:	AO5.1 Plant species are selected from the Plant Schedule in Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
<ul> <li>(a) is suitable for the intended purpose and local conditions;</li> <li>(b) contributes to the natural character of the Shire;</li> <li>(c) includes native species;</li> <li>(d) includes locally endemic species, where practical; and</li> <li>(e) does not include invasive plants or weeds.</li> </ul>	AO5.2  A minimum of 25% of (new and existing) plants is provided as larger, advanced stock with a minimum plant height of 0.7 metres and mulched to a minimum depth of 0.1 metres with organic mulch.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
PO6 Landscaping does not impact on the ongoing provision of infrastructure and services to the Shire.	AO6.1 Tree planting is a minimum of (a) 2 metres from any underground water, sewer, gas, electricity or telecommunications infrastructure; and (b) 4 metres from any inspection chamber.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	AO6.2 Vegetation below or within 4 metres of overhead electricity lines and power poles has a maximum height of 3.5 metres at maturity.	*	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	AO6.3  Vegetation adjoining an electricity substation boundary, at maturity, will have:  (a) a height of less than 4 metres; and  (b) no foliage within 3 metres of the substation boundary, unless the substation has a solid wall along any boundary.	n/a	Not applicable.
For assessable development	<u> </u>		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO7 Landscaping areas are designed to: (a) be easily maintained throughout the ongoing use of the site;	AO7 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
(b) allow sufficient area and access to sunlight and water for plant growth;			
(c) not cause a nuisance to occupants of the site or members of the public; and			
(d) maintain or enhance the safety of pedestrians through the use of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design principles.			

Table 9.4.2.3B—Side and rear boundary landscape treatments

able 9.4.2.3B—Side and rear boundary landscape treatments				
Location or use	Landscape Strip Minimum Width	Screen Fencing Minimum Height	Extent of treatment	
Where car parking, servicing or manoeuvring areas adjoin a side or rear boundary	1 metre	Not applicable	To the extent these areas adjoin the boundary	
Where involving a use other than a dwelling house on a site with a common boundary with land in the Low density residential zone, the Medium density residential zone or the Rural residential zone:	1.5 metres	1.8 metres	Along the common boundary.	
Development for an industrial activity which has a common boundary with land not within the Industry zone	2 metres	1.8 metres	Along the common boundary	
Development involving (a) Tourist park not in the Rural zone (b) Sales office (c) Multiple dwelling (d) Residential care facility; or (e) Dual occupancy	Not applicable	1.8 metres	Along all side and rear boundaries and between dwellings for a Dual occupancy.	
Development involving (a) Tourist park in the Rural zone (b) Service station (c) Car wash; or (d) Utility installation	2 metres	Not applicable	Along all side and rear boundaries	
For: (a) waste storage; (b) equipment; (c) servicing areas; and (d) private open space and site facilities associated with Caretaker's accommodation.	Not applicable	1.8 metres	To prevent visibility	

Note—Where more than one landscape treatment is applicable to a development in the above table, the development is to provide a landscape treatment that satisfies all applicable minimum specifications.

## 9.4.3 Parking and access code

### 9.4.3.1 Application

This code applies to assessing development where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

# 9.4.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Parking and access code is to ensure:
  - (a) parking areas are appropriately designed, constructed and maintained;
  - (b) the efficient functioning of the development and the local road network; and
  - (c) all development provides sufficient parking, loading/service and manoeuvring areas to meet the demand generated by the use.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Land uses have a sufficient number of parking and bicycle spaces designed in a manner to meet the requirements of the user;
  - (b) Parking spaces and associated manoeuvring areas are safe, functional and provide equitable access;
  - (c) Suitable access for all types of vehicles likely to utilise a parking area is provided in a way that does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the surrounding road network;
  - (d) Premises are adequately serviced to meet the reasonable requirements of the development; and
  - (e) End of trip facilities are provided by new major developments to facilitate alternative travel modes.

#### 9.4.3.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.3.3A—Parking and access code – For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development					
Car parking spaces					

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO1 Development provides sufficient car parking to accommodate the demand likely to be generated by the use, having regard to the:  (a) nature of the use; (b) location of the site; (c) proximity of the use to public transport services; (d) availability of active transport infrastructure; and (e) accessibility of the use to all members of the community.	The number of car parking spaces provided for the use is in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3B.  Note—Car parking spaces provided for persons with a disability are to be considered in determining compliance with AO1.	Complies with PO1	Table 9.4.3.3B nominates the following rate for health care services (outside the Centre zone):  • one (1) space per 20m2 or part thereof of net lettable area (NLA).  Stage 1 comprises a NLA of 72.95m2 and Stage 2 comprises a NLA of 71.47m2.  Based on the combined NLA, the development requires 8 car parking spaces.  Four (4) car parking spaces will be provided on-site at the rear of the existing building.  The widening of the Marsterson Street seal will provide for five (5) line marked onstreet carparks directly in front of the development  The development  The development  The development  The development
Vehicle crossovers			

Performance outcomes	Accentable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Vehicle crossovers are provided to: (a) ensure safe and efficient access between the road and premises; (b) minimize interference with the function and operation of roads; and (c) minimise pedestrian to vehicle conflict.	ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES  AO2.1  Vehicular access to/from Council roads is designed and constructed in accordance with the Standard drawings in Planning Scheme Policy 4 - FNQROC Regional Development Manual.  AO2.2  Development on a site with two or more road frontages provides vehicular access from: (a) the primary	Complies  v	Comments  The development will be conditioned to comply.  Not applicable.
	frontage where involving Community activities or Sport and recreation activities, unless the primary road frontage is a Statecontrolled road; or (b) from the lowest order road in all other instances.		
	AO2.3 Vehicular access for particular uses is provided in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3E.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO3 Access, manoeuvring and car parking areas include appropriate pavement treatments having regard to: (a) the intensity of anticipated vehicle movements; (b) the nature of the use that they service; and (c) the character of the surrounding locality.	AO3 Access, manoeuvring and car parking areas include pavements that are constructed in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3C.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
For assessable development			
Parking area location and de	sign		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO4 Car parking areas are located and designed to: (a) ensure safety and efficiency in operation; and (b) be consistent with the	AO4.1 Car parking spaces, access and circulation areas have dimensions in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.1 Off-street car parking.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
character of the surrounding locality.	AO4.2 Disabled access and car parking spaces are located and designed in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.6 Parking facilities - Off-street parking for people with disabilities.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	AO4.3 The car parking area includes designated pedestrian routes that provide connections to building entrances.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	Parking and any set down areas are:  (a) wholly contained within the site;  (b) visible from the street where involving Commercial activities, Community activities, Industrial activities or a use in the Recreation and open space zone;  (c) are set back behind the main building line where involving a Dual occupancy, Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility; and  (d) provided at the side or rear of a building in all other instances.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
Site access and manoeuvring	l		
PO5 Access to, and manoeuvring within, the site is designed and located to:  (a) ensure the safety and efficiency of the external road network;  (b) ensure the safety of pedestrians;  (c) provide a functional and convenient layout; and  (d) accommodate all vehicles intended to use the site.	AO5.1  Access and manoeuvrability is in accordance with:  (a) AS28901 – Car Parking Facilities (Off Street Parking); and  (b) AS2890.2 – Parking Facilities (Off-street Parking) Commercial Vehicle Facilities.  Note—Proposal plans should include turning circles designed in accordance with AP34/95 (Austroads 1995) Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO5.2 Vehicular access has a minimum sight distance in accordance with Part 5 of AUSTROADS.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	AO5.3 Vehicular access is located and designed so that all vehicles enter and exit the site in a forward gear.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	AO5.4 Pedestrian and cyclist access to the site: (a) is clearly defined; (b) easily identifiable; and (c) provides a connection between the site frontage and the entrance to buildings and end of trip facilities (where provided).	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
PO6 Development that involves an internal road network ensures that it's design:  (a) ensure safety and efficiency in operation;  (b) does not impact on the amenity of residential	AO6.1 Internal roads for a Tourist park have a minimum width of: (a) 4 metres if one way; or (b) 6 metres if two way.	n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
(c)	uses on the site and on adjoining sites, having regard to matters of: (i) hours of operation; (ii) noise (iii) light; and (iv) odour; accommodates the nature and volume of vehicle movements anticipated to be generated by the use; allows for convenient access to key on-site features by pedestrians, cyclists and motor vehicles; and	For a Tourist park, internal road design avoids the use of cul-desacs in favour of circulating roads, where unavoidable, cul-de-sacs provide a full turning circle for vehicles towing caravans having:  (a) a minimum approach and departure curve radius of 12 metres; and  (b) a minimum turning circle radius of 8 metres.	n/a	Not applicable.
(e)	in the Rural zone, avoids environmental degradation.	AO6.3 Internal roads are imperviously sealed and drained, apart from those for an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity.	n/a	Not applicable.
		AO6.4  Speed control devices are installed along all internal roads, apart from those for an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity, in accordance with Complete Streets.	n/a	Not applicable.
		AO6.5 Internal roads, apart from those for an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity, are illuminated in accordance with AS 4282 (as amended) - Control of Obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performand	ce outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
		AO6.6 Where involving an accommodation activity, internal roads facilitate unobstructed access to every dwelling, accommodation unit, accommodation site and building by emergency services vehicles.	n/a	Not applicable.
Continue		For an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity, internal road gradients:  (a) are no steeper than 1:5 and are sealed.	n/a	Not applicable.
Servicing		407.4		The development
servicing are (a) accom vehicle with th genera (b) do not safety interna manee (c) do not on the efficier netwo	anneuvering and eas on site that: nmodate a service e commensurate ne likely demand ated by the use; impact on the or efficiency of al car parking or uvering areas; adversely impact a safety or ncy of the road rk;	AO7.1  All unloading, loading, service and waste disposal areas are located:  (a) on the site; (b) to the side or rear of the building, behind the main building line;  (c) not adjacent to a site boundary where the adjoining property is used for a sensitive use.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
function with the design their in	e for all servicing ons associated ne use; and cated and ned to minimise mpacts on ing sensitive land	AO7.2 Unloading, loading, service and waste disposal areas allow service vehicles to enter and exit the site in a forward gear.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	uses and streetscape quality.	AO7.3  Development provides a servicing area, site access and maneuvering areas to accommodate the applicable minimum servicing vehicle specified in Table 9.4.3.3B.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Mair	ntenance			
	ing areas are used and atained for their intended	AO8.1 Parking areas are kept and used exclusively for parking and are maintained in a suitable condition for parking and circulation of vehicles.	~	The development will be conditioned to comply.
		AO8.2 All parking areas will be compacted, sealed, drained, line marked and maintained until such time as the development ceases.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
End	of trip facilities			
Cent Eme prov	elopment within the tre zone; Industry zone or riging community zone ides facilities for active sport users that:	AO9.1 The number of bicycle parking spaces provided for the use is in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3D.	n/a	Not applicable.
(a) (b)	meet the anticipated demand generated from the use; comprise secure and convenient bicycle parking and storage; and provide end of trip facilities for all active transport users.	AO9.2 End of trip facilities are provided in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3D.	n/a	Not applicable.

If for Educational establishment or Child care centre where involving more than 100 vehicle movements per day or Renewable energy facility, Sport and recreation activities or Tourist park

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO10 The level of traffic generated by the development on the surrounding local road network must not result in unacceptable impacts on adjacent land and local road users.  If for Educational establishments per day of the level of traffic generated to the level of traffic generated by the level of traffic gener			
PO11 The level of traffic generated by the development on the surrounding local road network must not result in unacceptable impacts on adjacent land and local road users.	AO11 A traffic impact report is prepared by a suitably qualified person that identifies: (d) the expected traffic movements to be generated by the facility; (e) any associated impacts on the road network; and (f) any works that will be required to address the identified impacts.	n/a	Not applicable.

Table 9.4.3.3B—Vehicle Parking and Service Vehicle Space Requirements

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum
Adult store	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 20m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One SRV space.
Agricultural supplies store	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 30m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Queuing for 3 vehicles should be supplied where a GFA is greater than 600m².	One HRV space.
Air services	If accepted development subject to requirements development: One space per 90m² or part thereof of net lettable area; or  If Assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: One space per 200m² or part thereof of net lettable area.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Animal husbandry	If accepted development subject to requirements: One space.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development:
		As determined by Council.
Animal keeping	Minimum of three spaces or one space per 200m <sup>2</sup> of use area, whichever is greater.	One SRV space.
Aquaculture	<ul> <li>If accepted development subject to requirements:         <ul> <li>In the rural or rural residential zones - two spaces; or</li> <li>Enclosed within a building - one space per 90m² of net lettable area.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.
	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	development: As determined by Council.
Brothel	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Bulk landscape supplies	Minimum of five spaces or one space per 250m <sup>2</sup> of use area, whichever is greater.	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m <sup>2</sup> ; or One HRV space.
Car wash	Minimum of two parking spaces plus 1 car queuing space for each car wash or service bay and parking at rates applicable to ancillary use/s.	One AV space.
Caretaker's accommodation	One space per dwelling unit.	Nil.
Cemetery	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Child care centre	A minimum of 3 spaces will be required to be used for setting down and picking up of children, plus one space per 10 children for staff parking.	One SRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Club	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space; and One HRV space if greater than 500m <sup>2</sup> .
Community care centre	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space.
Community residence	Three spaces.	Nil.
Community use	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 50m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space if greater than 500m <sup>2</sup> GFA.
Crematorium	One space per 30m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	As determined by Council.
Cropping	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Detention facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Dual occupancy	One covered space per dwelling; and One visitor space.	Nil.
Dwelling house	One covered space per dwelling house. One space per secondary dwelling.	Nil.
Dwelling unit	One covered space per dwelling unit.  A minimum of 0.25 spaces per dwelling is to remain in common property for visitor use.	Nil

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Educational establishment	For all establishments:  1 space per every10 students plus 1 space per employee, and  Provision for 3 vehicles for loading and unloading of passengers in addition to the requirements above.	For accepted development subject to requirements: One HRV space; and One SRV space; and A minimum of 3 Bus / coach parking / set down areas.  For assessable development: As determined by Council.
Emergency services	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	As determined by Council.
Environment facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Extractive industry	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Food and drink outlet	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Drive-through: Queuing spaces for 6 passenger vehicles within the site boundaries.  One service vehicle space per use or one service vehicle space per 1,000m² GFA, whichever is greater.	One HRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Function facility	One space per 30m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA.	One SRV space.
Funeral parlour	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 20m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One SRV space.
Garden centre	A minimum of 5 spaces for customer parking or one space per 150m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of use area, whichever is greater.  One service vehicle space per use or one service vehicle space per 800m <sup>2</sup> use area, whichever is greater.	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV space.
Hardware and trade supplies	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV space.
Health care services	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 40m² or part thereof of net lettable area. Outside the Centre zone: One space per 20m² of or part thereof of net lettable area.	One SRV space per 500m <sup>2</sup> GFA.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
High impact industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Home based business	Bed and breakfasts: One space per guest room.  Other home based business: One space for home based business and one covered space for the dwelling.	Nil.
Hospital	One space per 6 residential care beds. One space per 4 hostel unit beds. Visitor parking at 30% of resident parking requirements.	One HRV space. One SRV for every 800m² of GFA and part thereof; and One space for an emergency vehicle.
Hotel	One space per 10m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA per bar, beer garden and other public area.  One space per 50m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA per bulk liquor sales area.  One space per guest room.	One HRV space.
Indoor sport and recreation	If accepted development subject to requirements: One space per 25m² of net lettable area. If assessable development: As determined by Council.	An internal bus set down and pick up area that enables the bus to be in a forward motion at all times whilst onsite
		Internal dedicated taxi bays provided within 200 metres of the site entrance.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Intensive animal industries	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.	One SRV space.
	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	
Intensive horticulture	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.	If accepted development subject to requirements:
	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Landing	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Low impact industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Major electricity infrastructure	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Marine industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One HRV space if the site has an area greater than 1,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Market	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Medium impact industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Motor sport facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Multiple dwelling	One covered space per dwelling.	Nil.
	One dedicated vehicle wash-down bay for premises containing 5 or more dwellings.  A minimum of 0.25 spaces per dwelling is to remain in common property for visitor use.	
Nature-based tourism	One space per dwelling; or 0.75 spaces per guest room if in dormitory or shared facilities.	As determined by Council.
Nightclub entertainment facility	One space per 60m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	Nil.
Non-resident workforce accommodation	One space per dwelling unit.	Nil.
Office	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 20m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One SRV space.
Outdoor sales	A minimum of 5 spaces for customer parking or one space per 150m² of use area, whichever is greater.  One service vehicle space per use or one service vehicle space per 800m², whichever is greater.	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Outdoor sport and recreation	Coursing, horse racing, pacing or trotting:  One space per five seated spectators; plus  One space per 5m² of other spectator areas.  Football:  50 spaces per field.  Lawn bowls:  30 spaces per green.  Swimming pool:  15 spaces; plus  One space per 100m² of useable site area.  Tennis or other Court:  Four spaces per court.  Golf Course:  Four spaces per tee on the course; plus  One space per 50m² of net lettable area.  Any other use:  As determined by council.	An internal bus set down and pick up area that enables the bus to be in a forward motion at all times whilst onsite  Internal dedicated taxi bays provided within 200 metres of the site entrance.
Park	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Parking station	Not applicable	Nil.
Permanent plantation	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Place of worship	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space.
Port services	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Relocatable home park	One space for each home site plus 1 space for each 5 home sites or part thereof for visitors.	One HRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Renewable energy facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Research and technology industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One HRV space if the site has an area greater than 1,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Residential care facility	One space per 4 hostel unit beds. Visitor parking at 30% of resident parking requirements.	One SRV space; and One space for an emergency vehicle.
Resort complex	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Retirement facility	One covered space per unit and 0.5 spaces for visitors parking.	One SRV space; and One space for an emergency vehicle.
Roadside stall	One space per stall.	Nil.
Rooming accommodation	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 15 beds. Outside the Centre zone: One space per 8 beds.	One SRV space. One space for a 20 seater bus.
Rural industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space.
Rural workers' accommodation	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil	If accepted development subject to requirements:
	If Assessable development: As determined by Council.	If Assessable development: As determined by Council.
Sales office	One space per 25m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	Nil.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Service industry	Accepted where in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One HRV space if the site is greater than 2,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Service station	Minimum of four spaces plus car parking at rates applicable to ancillary use/s.	One AV space.
Shop	Accepted where in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One HRV space if the site is greater than 2,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Shopping centre	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One AV space per 1,000m <sup>2</sup> ; and One SRV space per 500m <sup>2</sup> ; or One SRV space per every 2 specialty uses, whichever the greater.
Short-term accommodation	One space per unit.	One HRV space if involves the serving of food or beverage; otherwise One SRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Showroom	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One AV space and One SRV space if the site is greater than 2,000m²; or One HRV space; and One SRV Space.
Special industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Substation	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Telecommunication s facility	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Theatre	One space per 15m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of net lettable area, or one space per 5 seated spectators whichever is the greater.	One SRV space.
Tourist attraction	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Tourist park	One space within each accommodation site plus 1 additional visitor space per 10 accommodation sites.  Queuing for 2 vehicles towing caravans and 1 holding bay for a vehicle towing a caravan plus additional queuing for 1 vehicle towing a caravan per 40 accommodation sites.	One HRV space.
Transport depot	One space per 125m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Utility installation	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined
Veterinary services	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside Centre zone: One space per 40m² or part thereof of net lettable area. Outside Centre zone: One space per 20m² or part thereof of net lettable area.	by Council.  One HRV space if greater than 500m² GFA; and One SRV space per 500m² GFA.
Warehouse	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Wholesale nursery	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Winery	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.

Note—Any use not herein defined - as determined by Council.

Table 9.4.3.3C—Pavement Standards for Access, Manoeuvring and Car Parking areas

Zone	Compacted Gravel Base (minimum thickness)	Surfacing Options
All development	t other than dwe	Iling house
All zones other than the Conservation zone or the	75mm	Reinforced concrete with a minimum thickness of:  • 100mm for parking areas; and • 150mm for access ways.
Rural zone	150mm	Asphalt with a minimum thickness of 25mm
	150mm	Two coat sprayed bitumen seal
	150mm	Concrete pavers
Conservation zone or Rural zone	Not applicable	Minimum 150mm thickness compacted gravel suitable for all weather and dust free
<b>Dwelling house</b>		
All zones	75mm	Reinforced concrete with a minimum thickness of:  • 100mm for parking areas; and • 150mm for access ways.
	150mm	Asphalt with a minimum thickness of 25mm
	150mm	Two coat sprayed bitumen seal
	150mm	Concrete pavers
	Not applicable	Minimum 150mm thickness compacted gravel suitable for all weather and dust free

Note—Where more than one surfacing option is listed, any one of the treatments listed may be provided.

Table 9.4.3.3D—Bicycle Parking and End of Trip Facility Requirements

Definition	Minimum number of bicycle parking spaces	Minimum end of trip facilities
Commercial activities	New or redeveloped commercial activities buildings (other than a shopping centre), provide:  • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 8% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² Gross leasable area). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and  • visitor facilities: - one bicycle rack space per 750m² NLA or part thereof; and - bicycle parking, signposted; and adjacent to a major public entrance to the building.	New or redeveloped commercial activities buildings (other than a shopping centre), provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees:  • accessible showers at the rate of one shower per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof;  • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and  • secure lockers in the changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² GLA to cater for walkers, cyclists and other active users.
Community use	Four spaces per 1,500m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of bicycle parking spaces	Minimum end of trip facilities
Educational establishment	New or redeveloped education facilities, provide:  • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 8% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA).  Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and  • For students:  - minimum of 8% of the peak number of students using the building at any one time (with 75% occupancy); and  - bicycle storage within 100m of the building front entrance(s); or added to the campus central bicycle storage area.	New or redeveloped education facilities, provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees:  • accessible showers at the rate of one per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof;  • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and  • secure lockers in changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA) to cater for cyclists, walkers and other active users.
Food & drink outlet	One space per 100m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	As determined by Council.
Function facility	One space per 300m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of bicycle parking spaces	Minimum end of trip facilities
Health care services	New or redeveloped healthcare facilities, provide the following facilities:  • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 5% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and  • For visitors:  - facilities with inpatient accommodation provide one space per each 30 beds;  - facilities without inpatient accommodation provide one space per each 4 practitioners;  - aged care facilities provide one space per each 60 beds;  - In every instance above, provide a minimum of 5 bicycle parking spaces; and  - bicycle parking provided: in an accessible location, signposted and within 10m a major public entrance to the building.	New or redeveloped healthcare facilities, provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees:  • accessible showers at the rate of one per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof;  • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and  • secure lockers in changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA) to cater for cyclists, walkers and other active users.
Hospital	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Indoor sport and recreation	One space per employee plus 1 space per 200m <sup>2</sup> GFA	As determined by Council.
Park	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Rooming accommodation	One space per 4 letting rooms.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of bicycle parking spaces	Minimum end of trip facilities
Short term accommodation	One space per 4 letting rooms.	As determined by Council.
Shop or Shopping centre	New or redeveloped shopping centres, provide:  • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 8% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² Gross leasable area). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and  • visitor facilities:  - one space per 500m² GLA or part thereof for centres under 30,000m²; or  - one space per 750m² GLA or part thereof for centres between 30,000m² and 50,000m²; and  - bicycle parking is signposted and within 10m of a major public entrance to the building.	New or redeveloped shopping centres, provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees:  • accessible showers at the rate of one shower per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof;  • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and  • secure lockers in the changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² GLA to cater for walkers, cyclists and other active users.
Theatre	One space per 100m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	As determined by Council.

Table 9.4.3.3E—Vehicular Access for Specific Uses

Use	Design
Dwelling house	A secondary dwelling shares a vehicle crossover with the Dwelling house.
Car wash	Site access involves:  (a) a maximum width of 9 metres of any vehicle crossover across a footpath;
Service station	<ul> <li>(b) a minimum separation of 12 metres between any vehicle crossover and a road intersection;</li> <li>(c) a separate entrance and exit; and</li> <li>(d) a minimum separation between vehicle crossovers of 14 metres.</li> </ul>

Industrial activities	Each lot is provided with no more than one access point every 15 metres.
Roadside stall	A single vehicular access point is provided to the site.
Tourist park	<ul><li>(a) a single vehicular access point is provided to the site; and</li><li>(b) no accommodation site has individual vehicular access.</li></ul>

#### 9.4.5 Works, services and infrastructure code

#### 9.4.5.1 Application

(1) This code applies to assessing development where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

# 9.4.5.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Works, services and infrastructure code is to ensure that all development is appropriately serviced by physical infrastructure, public utilities and services and that work associated with development is carried out in a manner that does not adversely impact on the surrounding area.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Development provides an adequate, safe and reliable supply of potable, fire-fighting and general use water in accordance with relevant standards;
  - (b) Development provides for the treatment and disposal of wastewater and ensures there are no adverse impacts on water quality, public health, local amenity or ecological processes;
  - (c) Development provides for the disposal of stormwater and ensures that there are no adverse impacts on water quality or ecological processes;
  - (d) Development connects to the road network and any adjoining public transport, pedestrian and cycle networks while ensuring no adverse impacts on the safe, convenient and efficient operation of these networks;
  - (e) Development provides electricity and telecommunications services that meet its desired requirements:
  - (f) Development is connected to a nearby electricity network with adequate capacity without significant environment, social or amenity impact;
  - (g) Development does not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations;
  - (h) Infrastructure dedicated to Council is cost effective over its life cycle;
  - (i) Work associated with development does not cause adverse impacts on the surrounding area; and
  - (j) Development prevents the spread of weeds, seeds or other pests.

#### 9.4.5.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.5.3 - Works, services and infrastructure code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development				
Water supply				

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO1 Each lot has an adequate volume and supply of water that:  (a) meets the needs of users;  (b) is adequate for firefighting purposes;  (c) ensures the health, safety and convenience of the community; and  (d) minimises adverse impacts on the receiving environment.	AO1.1  Development is connected to a reticulated water supply system in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual other than where located:  (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and  (b) outside a reticulated water supply service area.	•	The development will be connected to Sunwater's Mutchilba water supply.
	Development, where located outside a reticulated water supply service area and in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone is provided with:  (a) a bore or bores are provided in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or  (b) on-site water storage tank/s:  (i) with a minimum capacity of 90,000L;  (ii) fitted with a 50mm ball valve with a camlock fitting; and  (iii) which are installed and connected prior to the occupation or use of the development.	n/a	Not applicable.
Wastewater disposal			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Each lot provides for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water that: (a) meets the needs of users; (b) is adequate for firefighting purposes; (c) ensures the health, safety and convenience of the community; and (d) minimises adverse impacts on the receiving environment.	AO2.1 Development is connected to a reticulated sewerage system in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual other than where located:  (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and  (b) outside a reticulated sewerage service area.	n/a	Not applicable.
CHVII CHIII CHII.	AO2.2 An effluent disposal system is provided in accordance with ASNZ 1547 On-Site Domestic Wastewater Management (as amended) where development is located: (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and (b) outside a reticulated sewerage service area.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Stormwater infrastructure			
PO3 Stormwater infrastructure is designed and constructed to collect and convey the design storm event to a lawful point of discharge in a manner that mitigates impacts on life and property.	AO3.1 Where located within a Priority infrastructure area or where stormwater infrastructure is available, development is connected to Council's stormwater network in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO3.2 On-site drainage systems are constructed: (a) to convey stormwater from the premises to a lawful point of discharge; and (b) in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
Electricity supply			
PO4 Each lot is provided with an adequate supply of electricity	The premises:  (a) is connected to the electricity supply network; or  (b) has arranged a connection to the transmission grid; or  (c) where not connected to the network, an independent energy system with sufficient capacity to service the development (at near average energy demands associated with the use) may be provided as an alternative to reticulated electricity where:  (i) it is approved by the relevant regulatory authority; and  (ii) it can be demonstrated that no air or noise emissions; and  (iii) it can be demonstrated that no adverse impact on visual amenity will occur.		The development will comply.
Telecommunications infrastru	ucture		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO5 Each lot is provided with an adequate supply of telecommunication infrastructure	AO5 Development is provided with a connection to the national broadband network or telecommunication services.	•	The development will comply.
Existing public utility servi	ces		
PO6 Development and associated works do not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations.	A06 Public utility mains, services are relocated, altered or repaired in association with the works so that they continue to function and satisfy the relevant Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	>	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Excavation or filling			
PO7 Excavation or filling must not have an adverse impact on the:	AO7.1 Excavation or filling does not occur within 1.5 metres of any site boundary.	n/a	Not applicable.
<ul> <li>(a) streetscape;</li> <li>(b) scenic amenity;</li> <li>(c) environmental values;</li> <li>(d) slope stability;</li> </ul>	AO7.2 Excavation or filling at any point on a lot is to be no greater than 1.5 metres above or below natural ground level.	n/a	Not applicable.
(e) accessibility; or (f) privacy of adjoining premises.	AO7.3  Earthworks batters:  (a) are no greater than 1.5 metres in height;  (b) are stepped with a minimum width 2 metre berm;  (c) do not exceed a maximum of two batters and two berms (not greater than 3.6 metres in total height) on any one lot;  (d) have a slope no greater than 1 in 4; and  (e) are retained.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO7.4 Soil used for filling or spoil from excavation is not stockpiled in locations that can be viewed from:  (a) adjoining premises; or (b) a road frontage, for a period exceeding 1 month from the commencement of the filling or excavation.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.5  All batters and berms to be constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.6 Retaining walls have a maximum height of 1.5 metres and are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.7  Excavation or filling at any point on a lot is to include measures that protect trees at the foot or top of cut or fill batters by the use of appropriate retaining methods and sensitive earth removal or placement and in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
For assessable development			1
Transport network			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO8 The development has access to a transport network of adequate standard to provide for the safe and efficient movement of vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists.	AO8.1 Vehicle access, crossovers, road geometry, pavement, utilities and landscaping to the frontage/s of the site are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.		The development will be conditioned to comply.  The sealing of the unsealed shoulder of Marsterson Street will be conditioned for the site's entire frontage.  A new crossover and sealed internal driveway/car parking area will also be conditioned.
	AO8.2 Development provides footpath pavement treatments in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 9 – Footpath Paving.	n/a	Not applicable.
Public infrastructure			
PO9 The design, construction and provision of any infrastructure that is to be dedicated to Council is cost effective over its life cycle and incorporates provisions to minimise adverse impacts.	AO9 Development is in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Stormwater quality			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO10 Development has a non-worsening effect on the site and surrounding land and is designed to: (a) optimise the interception, retention and removal of waterborne pollutants, prior to the discharge to receiving waters; (b) protect the environmental values	AO10.1  The following reporting is prepared for all Material change of use or Reconfiguring a lot proposals:  (a) a Stormwater  Management Plan and Report that meets or exceeds the standards of design and construction set out in the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM) and the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in	V	The development will be conditioned to comply.
of waterbodies affected by the development, including upstream, on-site and downstream waterbodies; (c) achieve specified water quality objectives; (d) minimise flooding; (e) maximise the use of natural channel design principles; (f) maximise community benefit; and (g) minimise risk to public safety.	the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; and (b) an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that meets or exceeds the Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Guidelines (Institute of Engineers Australia), including: (i) drainage control; (ii) erosion control; (iii) sediment control; and (iv) water quality outcomes.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	For development on land greater than 2,500m² or that result in more than 5 lots or more than 5 dwellings or accommodation units, a Stormwater Quality Management Plan and Report prepared and certified by a suitably qualified design engineer (RPEQ) is prepared that demonstrates that the development:  (a) meets or exceeds the standards of design and construction set out in the Urban Stormwater Quality Planning Guideline and the Queensland Water Quality Guideline;  (b) is consistent with any local area stormwater water management planning;  (c) accounts for development type, construction phase, local climatic conditions and design objectives; and (d) provides for stormwater quality treatment measures reflecting land use constraints, such as soil type, landscape features (including landform), nutrient hazardous areas, acid sulfate soil and rainfall erosivity.		The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO11 Storage areas for stormwater detention and retention:  (a) protect or enhance the environmental values of receiving waters;  (b) achieve specified water quality objectives;  (c) where possible, provide for recreational use;  (d) maximise community benefit; and  (e) minimise risk to public safety.  Excavation or filling	AO11 No acceptable outcome is provided.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
PO12 Traffic generated by filling or excavation does not impact on the amenity of the surrounding area.	AO12.1  Haul routes used for transportation of fill to or from the site only use major roads and avoid residential areas.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO12.2 Transportation of fill to or from the site does not occur: (a) within peak traffic times; and (b) before 7am or after 6pm Monday to Friday; (c) before 7am or after 1pm Saturdays; and (d) on Sundays or Public Holidays.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
PO13 Air pollutants, dust and sediment particles from	AO13.1 Dust emissions do not extend beyond the boundary of the site.	n/a	Not applicable.	
excavation or filling, do not cause significant environmental harm or nuisance impacts.	AO13.2  No other air pollutants, including odours, are detectable at the boundary of the site.	n/a	Not applicable.	
	AO13.3  A management plan for control of dust and air pollutants is prepared and implemented.	n/a	Not applicable.	
PO14 Access to the premises (including driveways and paths) does not have an adverse impact on: (a) safety; (b) drainage; (c) visual amenity; and (d) privacy of adjoining premises.	ACCESS to the premises (including all works associated with the access):  (a) must follow as close as possible to the existing contours;  (b) be contained within the premises and not the road reserve, and  (c) are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.	
Weed and pest management				
PO15 Development prevents the spread of weeds, seeds or other pests into clean areas or away from infested areas.	AO15 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.	
Contaminated land				

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO16 Development is located and designed to ensure that users and nearby sensitive land uses are not exposed to unacceptable levels of contaminants	AO16  Development is located where:  (a) soils are not contaminated by pollutants which represent a health or safety risk to users; or  (b) contaminated soils are remediated prior to plan sealing, operational works permit, or issuing of building works permit.	•	The site is not known or suspected to be contaminated.
Fire services in developme	ents accessed by common priva	te title	
PO17 Fire hydrants are located in positions that will enable fire services to access water safely, effectively and efficiently.		n/a	Not applicable.
	AO17.2 Fire hydrants are located at all intersections of accessways or private roads held in common private title.	n/a	Not applicable.