# **Assessment of application against relevant Development Codes**

### **APPLICATION DETAILS**

APPLICATION		PRE	MISES
FILE NO:	MCU/23/0012	ADDRESS:	Chewko
			Road & 267
			McIver
			Road,
			Mareeba
APPLICANT:	Two Rivers	RPD:	Lot 71 on
	Community School		SP292140
LODGED BY:	Freshwater	AREA:	28.73
	Planning Pty Ltd		hectares
DATE LODGED:	27 July 2023	OWNER:	Stelbay Pty
			Ltd
TYPE OF APPROVAL:	Development Permi	t	
PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT:	Material Change	of Use -	<ul> <li>Educational</li> </ul>
	Establishment		
PLANNING SCHEME:	Mareeba Shire Cou	ncil Planning S	Scheme 2016
ZONE:	Rural zone		
LEVEL OF	Impact Assessment		
ASSESSMENT:	·		
SUBMISSIONS:	Six (6)	-	

### **Relevant Development Codes**

The following Development Codes are considered to be applicable to the assessment of the application:

- 6.2.9 Rural zone code
- 8.2.1 Agricultural land overlay code
- 8.2.2 Airport environs overlay code
- 8.2.3 Bushfire hazard overlay code
- 8.2.4 Environmental significance overlay code
- 8.2.5 Extractive resources overlay code
- 8.2.8 Hill and slope overlay code
- 8.2.9 Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay code
- 8.2.12 Transport infrastructure overlay code
- 9.3.3 Community activities code
- 9.4.2 Landscaping code
- 9.4.3 Parking and access code
- 9.4.5 Works, services and infrastructure code

#### 6.2.9 Rural zone code

### 6.2.9.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) located in the Rural zone; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

## 6.2.9.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Rural zone code is to:
  - (a) provide for rural uses including cropping, intensive horticulture, intensive animal industries, animal husbandry, animal keeping and other primary production activities;
  - (b) provide opportunities for non-rural uses that are compatible with agriculture, the environmental features, and landscape character of the rural area where the uses do not compromise the long-term use of the land for rural purposes;
  - (c) protect or manage significant natural resources and processes to maintain the capacity for primary production.
- (2) Mareeba Shire Council's purpose of the Rural zone code is to recognise the importance of primary production to the economy of the region and to maintain and strengthen the range of primary industries which contribute to the rural economy.

The purpose of the Rural zone code is to:

- (a) recognise the diversity of rural uses that exists throughout the region;
- (b) protect the rural character of the region;
- (c) provide facilities for visitors and tourists that are accessible and offer a unique experience;
- (d) protect the infrastructure of the Mareeba-Dimbulah Irrigation Scheme Area from development which may compromise long term use for primary production;
- (e) maintain distinct boundaries between the rural areas and the villages, towns and urban areas of the region;
- (f) provide for a range of uses, compatible and associated with rural or ecological values including recreational pursuits and tourist activities;
- (g) prevent adverse impacts of development on ecological values;
- (h) preserve land in large holdings; and
- (i) facilitate the protection of strategic corridors across the landscape which link remnant areas of intact habitat and transport corridors.
- (3) The purpose of the Rural zone code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Areas for use for primary production are conserved and fragmentation below economically viable lot sizes is avoided;
  - (b) The establishment of a wide range of rural pursuits is facilitated, including cropping, intensive horticulture, forestry, intensive animal industries, animal husbandry and animal keeping and other compatible primary production uses;
  - (c) The establishment of extractive industries, mining and associated activities and alternative forms of energy generation is appropriate where environmental impacts and land use conflicts are minimised;
  - (d) Uses that require isolation from urban areas as a consequence of their impacts such as noise or odour may be appropriate where land use conflicts are minimised:

- (e) Development is reflective of and responsive to the environmental constraints of the land;
- (f) Residential and other development is appropriate only where directly associated with the rural nature of the zone;
- (g) Low-impact tourism and recreation activities do not compromise the long-term use of the land for rural purposes;
- (h) The viability of both existing and future rural uses and activities is protected from the intrusion of incompatible uses;
- (i) Visual impacts of clearing, building, materials, access ways and other aspects of development are minimised or appropriately managed;
- (j) Adverse impacts of development both on-site and from adjoining areas are avoided and any impacts are minimised through location, design, operation and management; and
- (k) Natural features such as creeks, gullies, waterways, wetlands and bushland are retained, managed, enhanced and separated from adjacent development.

#### 6.2.9.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 6.2.9.3—Rural zone code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For a	accepted development su	bject to requirements and ass	sessable developme	nt
Heig	jht			
cons	ding height takes into sideration and respects following: the height of existing buildings on adjoining premises; the development potential, with respect to height, on adjoining premises; the height of buildings in the vicinity of the site; access to sunlight and daylight for the site and adjoining	AO1.1 Development, other than buildings used for rural activities, has a maximum building height of:  (a) 8.5 metres; and  (b) 2 storeys above ground level.	•	The proposed buildings and structures with not exceed 2 storeys.  Most buildings and structures will be less than 8.5 metres in height.  Whilst not stated in the application, it would not be unexpected if the multi purpose hall slightly exceeds 8.5 metres in height.
(e) (f)	sites; privacy and overlooking; and site area and street frontage length.	AO1.2 Buildings and structures associated with a rural activity including machinery, equipment, packing or storage buildings do not exceed 10 metres in height.	•	Any rural use on the site will comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
Siting, where not involving a Dwelling house					
Note—Where for Dwelling house, the se	etbacks of the Queensland Developmen	t Code apply.			
PO2 Development is sited in a manner that considers and respects: (a) the siting and use of adjoining premises; (b) access to sunlight and daylight for the site and adjoining sites; (c) privacy and overlooking;	AO2.1 Buildings and structures include a minimum setback of: (a) 40 metres from a frontage to a Statecontrolled road; and (b) 10 metres from a boundary to an adjoining lot.	•	Complies.  The subject site does not adjoin State controlled road.  A 15-20 metre buffer is provided along the boundary with adjoining Lot 1 on RP708284.		
<ul> <li>(d) air circulation and access to natural breezes;</li> <li>(e) appearance of building bulk; and</li> <li>(f) relationship with road corridors.</li> </ul>	AO2.2 Buildings and structures, where for a Roadside stall, include a minimum setback of 0 metres from a frontage to a road that is not a State-controlled road.	n/a	The application is not for a roadside stall.		
	AO2.3  Buildings and structures, except where a Roadside stall, include a minimum setback of:  (a) 10 metres from a frontage to a sealed road that is not a State-controlled road; and  (b) 100 metres from a frontage to any other road that is not a State-controlled road;	•	The proposed development complies.		
Accommodation density					
PO3 The density of Accommodation activities:	AO3.1 Residential density does not exceed one dwelling house per lot.	n/a	No accommodation activity is proposed as part of this application.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
<ul> <li>(a) respects the nature and density of surrounding land use;</li> <li>(b) is complementary and subordinate to the rural and natural landscape values of the area; and</li> <li>(c) is commensurate to the scale and frontage of the site.</li> </ul>	AO3.2 Residential density does not exceed two dwellings per lot and development is for:  (a) a secondary dwelling; or  (b) Caretaker's accommodation and includes building work or minor building work with a maximum gross floor area of 100m²; or  (c) Rural worker's accommodation.	n/a	No accommodation activity is proposed as part of this application.
For assessable developmen	nt		
Site cover			
PO4 Buildings and structures occupy the site in a manner that:  (a) makes efficient use of land;  (b) is consistent with the bulk and scale of buildings in the surrounding area; and  (c) appropriately balances built and natural features.	AO4 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	The design submitted for the proposed development achieves PO4.
PO5 Development complements and integrates with the established built character of the Rural zone, having regard to: (a) roof form and pitch; (b) eaves and awnings; (c) building materials, colours and textures; and (d) window and door size and location.	AO5 No acceptable outcome is provided.		The design submitted for the proposed development achieves PO5.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO6 Development must not detract from the amenity of the local area, having regard to: (a) noise; (b) hours of operation; (c) traffic; (d) advertising devices; (e) visual amenity; (f) privacy; (g) lighting; (h) odour; and (i) emissions.	A06 No acceptable outcome is provided.		Of the matters nominated in PO6, those most likely to impact local area amenity are traffic and privacy.  Traffic impacts are expected to be typical for a school, being peak movements at drop off and pick up times. Traffic outside of the times is expected to be minimised through the conditioning of road and access upgrades.  Provided these upgrades are undertaken, local area amenity is expected to be maintained.  Privacy for the adjoining farm to the south will be maintained.  Privacy for the adjoining farm to the south will be maintained through the conditioning of a vegetated buffer and fencing along the relevant length of the common boundary.  Standard conditions to protect amenity in respect to the other matters will be applied to the development.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO7 Development must take into account and seek to ameliorate any existing negative environmental impacts, having regard to: (a) noise; (b) hours of operation; (c) traffic; (d) advertising devices; (e) visual amenity; (f) privacy; (g) lighting; (h) odour; and (i) emissions.	AO7 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	There are no known existing negative environmental impacts requiring amelioration by the development.

### 8.2.1 Agricultural land overlay code

## 8.2.1.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development is located within the agricultural land areas identified on the **Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n)**; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Agriculture is appropriately reflected in Overlay Map 1 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Economic Growth State Interests.

## 8.2.1.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Agricultural land overlay code is to protect or manage important agricultural areas, resources, and processes which contribute to the shire's capacity for primary production.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) The alienation, fragmentation or reduction in primary production potential of land within the 'Class A' area or 'Class B' area is avoided, except where:
    - (i) an overriding need exists for the development in terms of public benefit,
    - (ii) no suitable alternative site exists; and
    - (iii) the fragmentation or reduced production potential of agricultural land is minimised;
  - (b) 'Class A' areas and 'Class B' areas continue to be used primarily for more intensive agricultural activities which utilise the land quality provided in these areas;
  - (c) Grazing on very large land holdings is maintained as the dominant rural activity in the 'Broadhectare rural' area; and
  - (d) Land with the 'Broadhectare rural' area is maintained in its current configuration.

## 8.2.1.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.1.3 – Agricultural land overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development				
PO1 The fragmentation or loss of productive capacity of land within the 'Class A' area or 'Class B' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n) is avoided unless:  (a) an overriding need exists for the development in terms of public benefit;  (b) no suitable alternative site exists; and  (c) loss or fragmentation is minimised to the extent possible.	Buildings and structures are not located on land within the 'Class A' area or 'Class B' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n) unless they are associated with:  (a) animal husbandry; or  (b) animal keeping; or  (c) cropping; or  (d) dwelling house; or  (e) home based business; or  (f) intensive animal industry (only where for feedlotting); or  (g) intensive horticulture; or  (h) landing; or  (i) roadside stalls; or  (j) winery.		The subject site contains three fragmented areas of Class A area.  The largest of these areas at approximately 9.2 hectares is the proposed school agriculture area sited between Chinaman and Atherton Creeks. This area will be actively used for agricultural purposes as part of the school's curriculum.  The two smaller areas of Class A will contain the school oval and the school's built infrastructure.  These two smaller areas are already fragmented to the point that their development for school infrastructure will not be a further loss of productive capacity.  The benefits arising from the agricultural training to be offered by the school will far out way the small alienation of Class A land.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For assessable developmen	t		
PO2 Sensitive land uses in the 'Class A' area, 'Class B' area or the 'Broadhectare rural' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n) are designed and located to:  (a) avoid land use conflict;  (b) manage impacts from agricultural activities, including chemical spray drift, odour, noise, dust, smoke and ash;  (c) avoid reducing primary production potential; and  (d) not adversely affect public health, safety and amenity.	AO2 No acceptable outcome is provided.		A vegetated buffer will be conditioned along the southern boundary of the school to protect to farming operations on adjoining Lot 1 on RP708284.  Chewko Road, the rail corridor and unnamed road reserve provide for reasonable buffering of the farming activities on the western side of Chewko Road.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO3 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	The subject site contains three fragmented areas of Class A area.  The largest of these
			areas at approximately 9.2 hectares is the proposed school agriculture area sited between Chinaman and Atherton Creeks. This area will be
PO3 Development in the 'Class A' area or 'Class B' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n): (a) ensures that			actively used for agricultural purposes as part of the school's curriculum.
agricultural land is not permanently alienated; (b) ensures that agricultural land is preserved for			The two smaller areas of Class A will contain the school oval and the school's built infrastructure.
agricultural purposes; and (c) does not constrain the viability or use of agricultural land.			These two smaller areas are already fragmented to the point that their development for school infrastructure will not be a further loss of productive capacity.
			The benefits arising from the agricultural training to be offered by the school will far out way the small alienation of Class A land.
If for Reconfiguring a lot			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO4 The 'Broadhectare rural area' identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n) is retained in very large rural holdings viable for broad scale grazing and associated activities.	AO4 Development does not involve the creation of a new lot within the 'Broadhectare rural' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n).	n/a	The application is not for reconfiguring a lot.
PO5 Reconfiguring a lot in the 'Class A' area, 'Class B' area or the 'Broadhectare rural' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n) that is severed by a gazetted road occurs only where it does not fragment land used for agricultural purposes.	AO5 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	The application is not for reconfiguring a lot.
Any Reconfiguring a lot in the 'Class A' area, 'Class B' area or the 'Broadhectare rural' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n), including boundary realignments, only occurs where it:  (a) improves agricultural efficiency;  (b) facilitates agricultural activity; or  (c) facilitates conservation outcomes; or  (d) resolves boundary issues where a structure is built over the boundary line of two lots.	AO6 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	The application is not for reconfiguring a lot.

### 8.2.2 Airport environs overlay code

### 8.2.2.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development is affected by a constraint category identified on the **Airport** environs overlay maps (OM-002a-f); and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Strategic airports and aviation facilities are appropriately reflected in Overlay Map 2 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Infrastructure State Interests.

### 8.2.2.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Airport environs overlay code is to protect the current and ongoing operations of established airports, aerodromes and aviation infrastructure in Mareeba Shire.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) The ongoing operation of Mareeba Airport and its associated infrastructure are protected from incompatible development;
  - (b) Aerodromes in Chillagoe and Dimbulah are maintained to support recreation, mining and rural uses;
  - (c) Operational airspace is protected:
  - (d) Threats to aviation safety such as bird and bat strike and distraction or blinding of pilots are avoided or minimised:
  - (e) State significant aviation facilities associated with the Mareeba Airport are protected from encroachment by sensitive land uses; and
  - (f) Development in the vicinity of airports, aerodromes and aviation infrastructure does not compromise public safety.

## 8.2.2.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.2.3 - Airport environs overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For accepted development	subject to requirements and as	sessable developme	ent
Protection of operational ai	rspace		
PO1 Development does not interfere with movement of aircraft or the safe operation of an airport or aerodrome where within the:  (a) Airport environs: OLS area of Mareeba Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002c); or  (b) Airport environs: OLS area of Cairns Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002c.1); or	AO1.1 Development does not exceed the height of the Obstacle Limitation Surface (OLS) where located within the Airport environs: OLS area of:  (a) Mareeba Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002c); or  (b) Cairns Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002c.1).  AO1.2 Development has a maximum	n/a	The subject site is located within the Mareeba Airport OLS.  The proposed development is well under the OLS height.
(c) 'Airport environs: Airport buffer - 1 kilometre' of an aerodrome identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-	Development has a maximum height of 10 metres where within the 'Airport environs: Airport buffer - 1 kilometre' of an aerodrome identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002f).		
(d) 'Airport environs: Airport buffer - 3 kilometres' of an aerodrome identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM- 002f).	AO1.3 Development has a maximum height of 15 metres where within the 'Airport environs: Airport buffer - 3 kilometres' of an aerodrome identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002f).	n/a	Not applicable.
Lighting			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Development does not include lighting that:  (a) has the potential to impact on the efficient and safe operation of Mareeba Airport or an aerodrome; or  (b) could distract or confuse pilots.	AO2 Development within the 'Airport environs: Distance from airport - 6 kilometres' area for Mareeba Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM- 002b) or the 'Airport environs: Airport buffer - 3 kilometres' of an aerodrome identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002f) does not: (a) involve external lighting, including street lighting, that creates straight parallel lines of lighting that are more than 500 metres long; and (b) does not contain reflective cladding upwards shining lights, flashing lights or sodium lights.		The subject site is within the 6 kilometre buffer.  The development will be conditioned to comply.
Noise exposure			
PO3 Development not directly associated with Mareeba Airport is protected from aircraft noise levels that may cause harm or undue interference.	AO3 Sensitive land uses are acoustically insulated to at least the minimum standards specified by AS2021 Acoustics - Aircraft Noise Intrusion - Building Siting and Construction where located within the 'Airport environs: 20-25 ANEF' area identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002d).	n/a	Not applicable.
Public safety			
PO4 Development does not compromise public safety or risk to property.	AO4 Development is not located within the 'Airport environs: Mareeba Airport public safety area' identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002e).	n/a	Not applicable.
State significant aviation fac	cilities associated with Mareeb	a Airport	

Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
impai signif	lopment does not r the function of state icant aviation facilities eating: physical obstructions; or electrical or electromagnetic interference;	AO5.1 Development within 'Airport environs: Zone B (600 metre buffer)' for the 'Saddle Mountain VHF' facility identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002a.1) does not exceed a height of 640 metres AHD.	n/a	Not applicable.
(c)	or deflection of signals.	AO5.2 Development within 'Airport environs: Zone B (4,000 metre buffer)' for the 'Hahn Tableland Radar (RSR)' facility identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002a) does not exceed a height of 950 metres AHD, unless associated with Hann Tableland Radar facility.	n/a	Not applicable.
		AO5.3  Building work does not occur within 'Airport environs: Zone A (200 metre buffer)' of the 'Biboohra CVOR' facility identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002a) unless associated with the Biboohra CVOR facility.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO5.4  Development within 'Airport environs: Zone B (1,500 metre buffer)' of the 'Biboohra CVOR' facility identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002a), but outside 'Zone A (200 metre buffer)' identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002a), does not include:  (a) the creation of a permanent or temporary physical line of sight obstruction above 13 metres in height; or  (b) overhead power lines exceeding 5 metres in height; or  (c) metallic structures exceeding 7.5 metres in height; or  (d) trees and open lattice towers exceeding 10 metres in height; or  (e) wooden structures exceeding 13 metres in height.	n/a	Not applicable.
For assessable developmen	nt		
Mareeba Airport			
Protection of operational air	rspace		
PO6 Development within the vicinity of Mareeba Airport or an aerodrome does not interfere with the:  (a) movement of aircraft; or  (b) safe operation of the airport or facility.	AO6.1  Development involving sporting and recreational aviation activities such as parachuting, hot air ballooning or hang gliding, does not occur within the Airport environs: OLS area of:  (a) Mareeba Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002c); or  (b) Cairns Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002c.1).	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO6.2 Development involving temporary or permanent aviation activities does not occur within the 'Airport environs: Airport buffer - 3 kilometres' of an aerodrome identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002f).	n/a	Not applicable.
PO7 Development does not affect air turbulence, visibility or engine operation in the operational airspace of Mareeba Airport or regional aerodromes.	AO7 Development does not result in the emission of a gaseous plume, at a velocity exceeding 4.3 metres per second, or smoke, dust, ash or steam within:  (a) the Airport environs:     OLS area of Mareeba Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002c); or  (b) the Airport environs:     OLS area of Cairns Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002c.1); or  (c) the 'Airport environs:     Airport buffer - 1 kilometre' of a regional aerodrome identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002f).	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments			
Managing bird and bat strike	Managing bird and bat strike hazard to aircraft					
PO8 Development in the environs of Mareeba Airport or an aerodrome does not contribute to the potentially serious hazard from wildlife (bird or bat) strike.	AO8.1 Development within the 'Airport environs: Distance from airport - 8 kilometres' Bird and bat strike zone of Mareeba Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002b) or the 'Airport environs: Airport buffer - 3 kilometres' of an aerodrome identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002f) provides that potential food and waste sources are covered and collected so that they are not accessible to wildlife.		The subject site is within the 8 kilometre buffer.  The development will be conditioned to comply.			
	AO8.2  Development within the 'Airport environs: Distance from airport - 3 kilometres' Bird and bat strike zone of Mareeba Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002b) or the 'Airport environs: Airport buffer - 1 kilometre' of an aerodrome identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002f) does not include:  (a) food processing; or  (b) abattoir; or  (c) intensive horticulture; or  (d) intensive animal husbandry; or  (e) garden centre; or  (f) aquaculture.	n/a	Not applicable.			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	Putrescible waste disposal sites do not occur within the 'Airport environs: Distance from airport - 13 kilometres' Bird and bat strike zone of:  (a) Mareeba Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002b); or  (b) Cairns Airport identified on Airport environs overlay map (OM-002b.1).		The application does not involve putrescible waste disposal.

### 8.2.3 Bushfire hazard overlay code

## 8.2.3.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development is located within a Bushfire hazard area and Potential impact buffer (100 metres) identified on the **Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o)**; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Natural hazards are appropriately reflected in Overlay Maps 3, 6 and 8 and are required to be mapped by State Government in response to Hazard and Safety State Interests.

## 8.2.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Bushfire hazard overlay code is to minimise the threat of bushfire to people and property.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Development in a Bushfire hazard area is compatible with the nature of the hazard;
  - (b) The number of people and properties subject to bushfire hazards are minimised through appropriate building design and location;
  - (c) Development does not result in a material increase in the extent, duration or severity of bushfire hazard; and
  - (d) Appropriate infrastructure is available to emergency services in the event of a bushfire.

### 8.2.3.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.3.3—Bushfire hazard overlay code — For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For accepted development su	ubject to requirements and assess	sable developmen	t
Water supply for fire-fighting	purposes		
PO1 Development where within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) maintains the safety of people and property by providing an adequate, accessible and reliable water supply for firefighting purposes which is safely located and has sufficient flow and pressure	Where within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) AO1.1 Where in a reticulated water service area, the on-site water supply has flow and pressure characteristics of 10 litres a second at 200 kPa. OR	n/a	Not applicable.
characteristics.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	Where access to the reticulated water network is not available, a minimum on site water storage of 5,000 litres is provided that must comprise:	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
		<ul> <li>(a) a separate tank; or</li> <li>(b) a reserve section in the bottom part of the main water supply tank; or</li> <li>(c) a dam; or</li> <li>(d) a swimming pool.</li> <li>Note—Where a water tank is provided for fire-fighting purposes it is fitted with standard rural fire brigade fittings and the tank is provided with a hardstand area for heavy vehicles.</li> </ul>		
	assessable development			
	d use		T	
'Bus 'Pote metr Bus map appr haza the: (a) (b)	elopment within a hfire hazard area' and ential impact buffer (100 es)' identified on the hfire hazard overlay is (OM-003a-o) is opriate to the bushfire ard risk having regard to the bushfire risk compatibility of development; the vulnerability of and safety risk to persons associated with the use; and consequences of bushfire in regard to impacts on essential infrastructure, buildings and structures.  — A Bushfire hazard gement plan must be prepared itably qualified persons in the performance outcome.	AO2 All buildings, structures, infrastructure and facilities associated with the following uses are located outside any area of the site located within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o):  (a) child care centre; or (b) community care centre; or (c) correctional facility; or (d) educational establishment; or (e) emergency services; or (f) hospital; or (g) residential care facility; or (h) retirement facility; or (i) rooming accommodation; or (j) shopping centre; or (k) tourist park; or (l) tourist attraction.		The proposed development will be conditioned to requires the preparation and implementation of a bushfire hazard management plan.
Lot	design			
'Bus 'Pote metr <b>Bus</b> map minii adve	onfiguring a lot within a hfire hazard area' and ential impact buffer (100 es)' identified on the hfire hazard overlay s (OM-003a-o) mises the potential erse impacts of bushfire ne safety of people,	Where within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o)  AO3.1  No new lots are created.  OR	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
property and the environment through lot design that:  (a) is responsive to the nature and extent of bushfire risk; and  (b) allows efficient emergency access to buildings for firefighting appliances.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	AO3.2  All lots include a building envelope that achieves a radiant heat flux level of 29kW/m² at the permitter of the building envelope.  Note—Where a radiant heat flux of 29kW/m² is achieved and this relies on cleared or maintained land external to the land the subject of the development application it must be demonstrated that land external to the site will be maintained to a standard that does not exceed the level of bushfire hazard identified in a Bushfire hazard management plan.		
Firebreaks and access			
In a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o), vehicular access is designed to mitigate against bushfire hazard by:  (a) ensuring adequate access for fire-fighting and other emergency vehicles;  (b) ensuring adequate access for the evacuation of residents and emergency	In a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o), roads are designed and constructed:  (a) with a maximum gradient of 12.5%;  (b) to not use cul-de-sacs; and (c) a constructed road width and weather standard complying with Planning Scheme Policy 4 - FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The proposed development will be conditioned to requires the preparation and implementation of a bushfire hazard management plan.
personnel in an emergency situation, including alternative safe access routes should access in one direction be blocked in the event of a fire; and (c) providing for the separation of developed areas and adjacent bushland.  Note—Where it is not practicable to provide firebreaks in accordance with A04.2 Fire Maintenance Trails are provided in accordance with the following:  i. located as close as possible to the boundaries of the lot and the adjoining hazardous vegetation;	AO4.2 In a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o), firebreaks are provided: (a) consisting of a perimeter road that separates lots from areas of bushfire hazard; (b) a minimum cleared width of 20 metre; (c) a maximum gradient of 12.5%; and (d) a constructed road width and weather standard complying with Planning Scheme Policy 4 -	•	The proposed development will be conditioned to requires the preparation and implementation of a bushfire hazard management plan.

Boufamous	A contable contact	O	0
Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
ii. the minimum cleared width	FNQROC Regional		
not less than 6 metres; iii. the formed width is not less than 2.5 metres;	Development Manual.		
iv. the formed gradient is not greater than 15%;			
v. vehicular access is provided at both ends;			
vi. passing bays and turning areas are provided for fire-fighting appliances located on public land.			
Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.			
Hazardous materials			
PO5 Public safety and the environment are not adversely affected by the detrimental impacts of bushfire of hazardous materials manufactured or stored in bulk.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	AO5 The processing or storage of dangerous goods or hazardous materials is not undertaken in a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
Landscaping			
PO6	AO6	<b>~</b>	The proposed
Landscaping within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) does not result in a material increase in the extent, duration or severity of bushfire hazard having regard to:  (a) fire ecology; (b) slope of site; and (c) height and mix of plant species.  Note—Frost hollows and the associated grass kill facilitates a rapid curing of fuel and exacerbates bushfire hazard.	No acceptable outcome is provided.		development will be conditioned to requires the preparation and implementation of a bushfire hazard management plan.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.			
Infrastructure			
Infrastructure services located in a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) are protected from damage or destruction in the event of a bushfire.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	The following infrastructure services are located below ground:  (a) water supply;  (b) sewer;  (c) electricity;  (d) gas; and  (e) telecommunications		The proposed development will be conditioned to requires the preparation and implementation of a bushfire hazard management plan.
Private driveways			
All premises located in a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) are provided with vehicular access that enables safe evacuation for occupants and easy access by fire-fighting appliances.  Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	Private driveways:  (a) do not exceed a length of 60 metres from the street frontage;  (b) do not exceed a gradient of 12.5%;  (c) have a minimum width of 3.5 metres;  (d) have a minimum vertical clearance of 4.8 metres;  (e) accommodate turning areas for fire-fighting appliances in accordance with the Queensland Fire and Emergency Services' Fire Hydrant and Vehicle Access Guidelines; and  (f) serve no more than three dwellings or buildings.		The proposed development will be conditioned to requires the preparation and implementation of a bushfire hazard management plan.

### 8.2.4 Environmental significance overlay code

### 8.2.4.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development is affected by a constraint category identified on the **Environmental significance overlay maps (OM-004a-z)**; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Biodiversity and Water quality are appropriately reflected in Overlay Map 4 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Environment and Heritage State Interests.

### 8.2.4.2 Purpose

(1) The purpose of the Environmental significance overlay code is to identify and protect matters of environmental significance, which include matters of state environmental significance (MSES) as defined under the state planning policy.

The Environmental significance overlay code ensures that:

- (a) waterways and high ecological significance wetlands are protected and enhanced to maintain ecosystem services and hydrological processes and provide aquatic habitat for flora and fauna; and
- (b) the environmental values of regulated vegetation, wildlife habitat, protected areas and legally secured offset areas are protected and managed.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) the biodiversity values, ecosystem services and climate change resilience of areas of environmental significance are protected, managed, enhanced and rehabilitated;
  - (b) the biodiversity values of protected areas and legally secured offset areas are protected from development unless overriding community need is demonstrated;
  - (c) development is located, designed and managed to minimise the edge effects of development on areas of regulated vegetation and wildlife habitat;
  - (d) areas of regulated vegetation and wildlife habitat are managed to minimise biodiversity losses;
  - development maintains, protects and enhances a regional network of vegetated corridors that assist in wildlife movement and contribute to the maintenance of habitat and biological diversity;
  - (f) development is appropriately setback from waterways and high ecological significance wetlands to minimise direct and indirect impacts on water quality and biodiversity; and
  - (g) riparian vegetation and vegetation associated with high ecological significance wetlands is protected and enhanced to improve water quality and natural ecosystem function.

## 8.2.4.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.4.3A - Environmental significance overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments			
For	accepted development sub	ject to requirements and as:	sessable developme	ent			
Reg	Regulated vegetation						
PO1 Veg map vege Env Sigi (OM unle (a) (b)	etation clearing in areas oped as 'Regulated etation' identified on the cironmental nificance Overlay Maps I-004a-o) is avoided ess:  it is demonstrated that the area does not support regulated vegetation as mapped; the loss or reduction in regulated vegetation is for community infrastructure and associated access facilities that cannot be avoided; wildlife interconnectivity is maintained or enhanced at a local and regional scale; and the loss or reduction in regulated vegetation is minimised and any residual impacts are offset.  —A supporting Ecological esment Report is prepared in dance with Planning Scheme	AO1.1 No clearing of native vegetation is undertaken within areas of 'Regulated vegetation' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).		The subject site contains very limited areas mapped as Regulated vegetation.  No mapped Regulated vegetation will be cleared for the proposed development.			
Repo		100					
to ar vege Envi	elopment on sites adjacent reas of 'Regulated reas of 'Regulated retation' identified on the retation' identified on the recommental significance rlay Maps (OM-004a-o) rects the environmental retation and:  does not interrupt, interfere, alter or otherwise impact on underlying natural	AO2 Development (excluding roads, earthworks, drainage infrastructure and underground infrastructure) is not located within 20 metres of 'Regulated vegetation' areas identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).		The proposed development will comply.			

Pariformación de la companya de la c	A a a su ta b la a su ta a su a a	Complian	0
Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
ecosystem processes such as water quality, hydrology, geomorphology and biophysical processes; (b) does not negatively impact the movement of wildlife at a local or regional scale; and (c) avoids noise, light, vibration or other edge affects, including weed and pest incursion on identified environmental values.			
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.			
Regulated vegetation inters	ecting a watercourse		
PO3	Where within a 'Waterway	<b>✓</b>	Atherton Creek is
Vegetation clearing in areas mapped as 'Regulated vegetation intersecting a	buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-		stream order 3 – 25 metres.
watercourse', identified as 'Waterway' and 'Waterway' buffer' on the <b>Environmental</b>	z) AO3.1		Chinaman Creek is stream order 1 – 10 metres.
Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z) is avoided unless wildlife interconnectivity between habitats is maintained or enhanced at a local and regional scale, to the extent that migration or normal movement of significant species between habitats or	A minimum setback in accordance with Table 8.2.4.3B is provided between development and the top of the high bank of a 'Waterway' identified on the Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z).		The proposed development will not encroach into these minimum setbacks.
normal gene flow between populations is not inhibited.  Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z)  AO3.2	•	Atherton Creek is stream order 3 – 25 metres.  Chinaman Creek is stream order 1 – 10 metres.
W. d.	No clearing of native vegetation is undertaken within the minimum setback identified at <b>AO3.1</b> .		No clearing is proposed within these minimum setbacks.
Waterways and wetlands			

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
wetla <b>Envi</b>	ecological significance ands' identified on the ronmental Significance	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-	•	Atherton Creek is stream order 3 – 25 metres.
and '	lay Maps (OM-004a-o) Waterways' on ronmental Significance -	AO4.1 A minimum setback in		Chinaman Creek is stream order 1 – 10 metres.
	erway Overlay Maps (OM- -z) and are protected by: maintaining adequate	accordance with <b>Table 8.2.4.3B</b> is provided between development and		The proposed development will
	separation distances between waterways/wetlands	the top of the high bank of a 'Waterway' identified on the Environmental Significance - Waterway		not encroach into these minimum setbacks.
(b)	and development; maintaining and enhancing aquatic and	Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z).	7/0	Not applicable
	terrestrial habitat including vegetated	Where within a 'High ecological significance wetland buffer' on	n/a	Not applicable.
	corridors to allow for native fauna (terrestrial and	Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) AO4.2		
(c)	aquatic) movement; maintaining waterway bank stability by minimising bank	A minimum buffer of 200 metres is provided between development and the edge of a 'High ecological		
(d)	erosion and slumping; maintaining water quality by providing buffers to allow	significance wetland' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay		
	filtering of sediments, nutrients and other	Maps (OM-004a-o).  Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental	<b>~</b>	No stormwater will be discharge
(e)	pollutants; and retaining and improving existing riparian vegetation and existing vegetation associated with a wetland.	Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z) or 'High ecological significance wetland buffer' on Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o)		be discharge directly to a waterway.
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.		AO4.3  No stormwater is discharged to a 'Waterway' on Environmental Significance - Waterway		
		Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z) or 'High ecological significance wetland' identified on the		
		Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	Note— An alternative outcome is required to demonstrate that the ecological impacts of stormwater discharge to a 'Waterway' or 'High ecological significance wetland' are mitigated in accordance with PO3 through appropriate stormwater management / treatment (where possible).		
	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z) or 'High ecological significance wetland buffer' on Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) AO4.4  No wastewater is discharged to a 'Waterway' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z) or 'High ecological significance wetland' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Map (OM-004a-z).  Note— A alternative outcome is required to demonstrate that the ecological impacts of wastewater discharge to a 'Waterway' or 'High ecological significance wetland' are mitigated in accordance with PO3 through appropriate wastewater management /		No wastewater will be discharge to a waterway.  All wastewater will be directed to an approved onsite treatment system.
For assessable developmen	treatment (where possible).		
Wildlife Habitat			
PO5 Development within a 'Wildlife habitat' area identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o):  (a) protects and enhances the habitat of Endangered, Vulnerable and Near Threatened (EVNT) species and local species of significance;  (b) incorporates siting and design measures to	AO5 No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
(c)  (d)  Note-identif habita propo to ide develo on eco adjaco	protect and retain identified ecological values and underlying ecosystem processes within or adjacent to the development site; maintains or enhances wildlife interconnectivity at a local and regional scale; and mitigates the impact of other forms of potential disturbance (such as presence of vehicles, pedestrian use, increased exposure to domestic animals, noise and lighting impacts) to protect critical life stage ecological processes (such as feeding, breeding or roosting).  Development applications must y any EVNT species or their ts that may be affected by the sal. In particular, applications are ntify and describe how the opment avoids adverse impacts ological processes within or ent to the development area.  A supporting Ecological sment Report is prepared in dance with Planning Scheme			
Repoi	2 – Ecological Assessment ts.			
Leg	ally secured offset areas			
PO6 Deviden Env Sigr (OM Legalis colorequand under impared) all n	elopment within a ally secured offset area' tified on the ironmental nificance Overlay Maps -004a-o) or other known ally Secured Offset Area ensistent with the binding irements of the offset does not prejudice, ermine, or negatively	AO6 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
within the Legally Secured Offset Area.			
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.			
Protected areas			
PO7 Development within a 'Protected area' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) is consistent with the values of the Protected Area and:  (a) supports the inherent ecological and community values of the Protected Area asset;  (b) maintains or enhances wildlife interconnectivity at a local and regional scale; and  (c) does not prejudice, undermine, or negatively impact the inherent ecological values, including all naturally occurring native flora, fauna and their habitat within the Protected Area.	AO7 No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	Not applicable.
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.			

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Eco	logical corridors and Ha	abitat linkages		
PO8 Dev (a)	elopment located: in the Conservation zone, Emerging community zone, Recreation and open space zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone;	AO8 No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	Not applicable.
(b)	and within an 'Ecological corridor' or a 'Habitat linkage' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o)			
prov conr corr	s not compromise the vision of habitat nectivity of the idor/linkage, having ard to: the environmental values of the area of the site identified in the 'Ecological corridor' or			
(b)	'Habitat linkage'; the environmental values of adjoining and nearby land within the 'Ecological corridor' or 'Habitat linkage';			
(c)	the extent of any modification proposed to the natural environment including (but not limited to) vegetation and topography;			
(d)	the location and design of proposed improvements that may impact on the functions of the 'Ecological corridor' or 'Habitat linkage' including (but not limited to) buildings, structures, fences, lighting, vehicle movement areas and infrastructure services; and			
(e)	and the ability for the 'Ecological corridor' or			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
'Habitat linkage' to be enhanced to improve ecological connectivity.			
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports may be appropriate to demonstrate compliance with PO8.			

Table 8.2.4.3B - Setback and buffer distances from waterways

Stream order	Setback and buffer from waterways
1	10 metres from top of high bank
2-4	25 metres from top of high bank
5 or more	50 metres from top of high bank

Note—The steam order of a 'waterway' is to be determined on a case by case basis.

#### 8.2.5 Extractive resources overlay code

### 8.2.5.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development is affected by a constraint category identified on the **Extractive resources overlay maps (OM-005a-e)**; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Mining and extractive industry is appropriately reflected in the Strategic Framework Maps and Overlay Map 5 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Economic Growth State Interests.

### 8.2.5.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Extractive resources overlay code is to protect significant extractive resources and associated haulage routes to ensure that current and future extraction of resources is not compromised.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Development in a 'Key resource processing area' or a 'Local resource area' does not compromise existing or future extractive operations;
  - (b) Development for Extractive industry within a 'Key resource processing area' or a 'Local resource area' ensures that adverse impacts from the use do not extend beyond the identified separation area;
  - (c) Uses incompatible with the adverse impacts of Extractive industry do not develop in a 'Key resource separation area' or a 'Local resource separation area';
  - (d) Development in a 'Key resource separation area' or a 'Local resource separation area' does not compromise the function of the separation area as a buffer between extractive industry and incompatible uses.
  - (e) 'Key resource transport routes' are protected and maintained; and
  - (f) Development considers the existing and future use of 'Key resource processing areas', 'Local resource areas', 'Key resource separation areas', 'Local resource separation areas' and 'Key resource transport routes' for Extractive industry and associated activities.

## 8.2.5.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.5.3 - Extractive resources overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development	For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development				
Haulage route					
PO1 Vehicular access to a 'Key resource transport route' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e) does not adversely affect the safety	AO1.1 No additional access to a 'Key resource transport route' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e) is provided.	•	The proposed development will be accessed from Chewko Road via at an existing (upgraded) crossover location.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
or efficiency of the route for the existing or future transportation of extractive resources from a 'Key resource processing area' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e).	AO1.2 Development does not result in an increase in the number of vehicles accessing the site from a 'Key resource transport route' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e).	Complies with PO1	The proposed development will increase the number of vehicles accessing the site from Chewko Road and therefore does not satisfy AO1.2.  Notwithstanding, the Chewko Road access crossover will be upgraded as part of the development to maintain the safety and efficiency of Chewko Road.  The upgraded access arrangements will satisfy PO1.
PO2 Development is appropriately located to minimise potential amenity impacts from the use of a 'Key resource transport route' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e) for the existing or future transportation of extractive resources from a 'Key resource processing area' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e).	AO2.1 Sensitive land uses susceptible to heavy vehicle traffic impacts are setback 100 metres from any frontage to a 'Key resource transport route' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e).  AO2.2 New lots are not created wholly within 100 metres from any frontage to a 'Key resource transport route' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e).	n/a	Chewko Road is a Key resource transport route.  The closest habitable building to Chewko Road is the Kindy which will have a setback greater than 100 metres.  Not applicable.
For assessable developme	,	1	l
Key resource area			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO3 Development in a 'Key resource processing area' or a 'Local resource area' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e) does not compromise existing or future extractive operations.	AO3 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
Separation area			
PO4 Development in a 'Key resource separation area' or a 'Local resource separation area' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e) does not compromise the function of the separation area as a buffer between Extractive industry and incompatible uses.	AO4 The number of people living, working or congregating in a 'Key resource separation area' or a 'Local resource separation area' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e) does not increase, unless these people are directly associated with the use of a 'Key resource processing area' or a 'Local resource area' for Extractive industry.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO5 Development of Extractive industry in a 'Key resource separation area' or a 'Local resource separation area' identified on Extractive resources overlay map (OM-005e) does not result in adverse impacts beyond the separation area, having regard to:  (a) noise; (b) dust; (c) ground vibrations; and (d) air blast overpressure.	AO5 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

## 8.2.8 Hill and slope overlay code

## 8.2.8.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development is located within a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the **Hill** and slope overlay maps (OM-008a-o); and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Natural hazards are appropriately reflected in Overlay Maps 3, 6 and 8 and are required to be mapped by State Government in response to Hazard and Safety State Interests.

# 8.2.8.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Hill and slope overlay code is to ensure the ongoing stability of land within a hill and slope area to prevent risk to people or property.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Development is located to avoid sloping land where practical; and
  - (b) Development on sloping land maintains slope stability and does not increase the potential for erosion or landslide.

### 8.2.8.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.8.3 – Hill and slope overlay code - For assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comment
For assessable development			
Slope stability			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comment
PO1 Where clearing of vegetation, building work or filling or excavation occurs on land within a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM-008a-o), a geotechnical report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 5 - Preparation of Geotechnical Reports that demonstrates:  (a) the long term stability of the development site;  (b) development will not be adversely affected by landslide activity originating on sloping land above the development site; and  (c) development will not adversely affect other property outside the development site through landslide activity or alterations to surface or groundwater.	AO1 No acceptable outcome is provided.		The proposed development will avoid the limited hill and slope areas within the subject site.
PO2 Development is designed and located to ensure that the use can appropriately function in the 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM-008a-o) having regard to:  (a) the nature and scale of the proposed use;  (b) the gradient of the land;	AO2.1 Development for a Child care centre or Educational establishment is not located on land in a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM-008a-o).	•	The proposed development will avoid the limited hill and slope areas within the subject site.
(c) the extent of land disturbance proposed; (d) stormwater discharge and its potential for erosion.	AO2.2  Development is not located on land with a gradient of greater than 25%.	•	The proposed development will avoid the limited hill and slope areas within the subject site.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comment
	AO2.3  No lot less than 2,000m² is created in a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM-008a-o).  Note – Where a minimum lot size of less than 2,000m² applies under the Reconfiguring a lot code, the lot size requirements of the Hill and slope overlay code prevail.	n/a	Not applicable.
Community infrastructure and	d essential services		
PO3 Community infrastructure and essential services located within a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM-008a-o) are able to function effectively during and immediately after landslide events.	AO3 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	The proposed development will avoid the limited hill and slope areas within the subject site.

## 8.2.9 Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay code

## 8.2.9.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development is affected by a constraint category identified on the **Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay maps (OM-009a-d)**; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Energy is appropriately reflected in Overlay Map 9 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Infrastructure State Interests.

# 8.2.9.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay code is to ensure that:
  - (a) 'Stock routes' facilitate the proper and safe movement of stock and maintain public health and safety; and
  - (b) 'Major electricity infrastructure' and 'Substations' are protected from development that may prejudice its ongoing operation.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) 'Stock routes' are maintained free of impediments, obstructions or diversions;
  - (b) development, other than for rural activities, is not located where it will increase the health and safety risk of people by exposure to vector borne disease; and
  - (c) 'Major electricity infrastructure' and 'Substations' are appropriately separated from other land uses.

#### 8.2.9.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.9.3 – Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development				
Where on land comprising or adjoining a stock route				

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO1 Development maintains:  (a) the operational efficiency and safety of a 'Stock route' identified on the Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay maps (OM-009a-d); and  (b) public health and safety.	AO1.1 Buildings and structures are setback from a 'Stock route' identified on the Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay maps (OM-009a-d):  (a) where in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone and on a site with a land area of 2 hectares or greater, a minimum of:  (i) 50 metres where involving Accommodation activities; or  (ii) 20 metres where not involving Accommodation activities; or  (b) a minimum of 6 metres otherwise.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO1.2 Any new access from a road servicing a 'Stock route' identified on the Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay maps (OM-009a-d) includes a gate or grid to prevent stock entry to premises.  AO1.3 Boundary fencing to prevent stock entry to premises is maintained along a 'Stock route' identified on the Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay maps (OM-009a-d).	n/a n/a	Not applicable.  Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Development: (a) allows for the continued operation of the 'Major electricity infrastructure' or 'Substation' identified on the Regional infrastructure	AO2.1 Where involving Forestry for wood production, development is setback 1.5 times the maximum anticipated height of the tree at harvest from 'Major electricity infrastructure' identified on the Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay maps (OM-009a-d).	n/a	The proposed development does not involve forestry for wood production.
corridors and substations overlay maps (OM-009a-d); and (b) is located and designed to ensure a high quality of amenity is achieved for the use.	AO2.2 Buildings and structures are setback a minimum of 20 metres from 'Major electricity infrastructure' or a 'Substation' identified on the Regional infrastructure corridors and substations overlay maps (OM-009a-d).		High voltage power lines run along the road reserve adjoining the subject site and across the northern tip of the site.  No buildings or structures are proposed within 20 metres of this infrastructure.

# 8.2.12 Transport infrastructure overlay code

### 8.2.12.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) land the subject of development adjoins a rail corridor identified on the **Transport** infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012a-j); and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—State transport infrastructure is appropriately reflected in Overlay Map 12 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Infrastructure State Interests.

Note—The Transport infrastructure overlay includes mapped Transport Noise Corridors in accordance with section 246ZA of the Building Act. These corridors are mapped on **Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012i-s)** for information purposes only. Development on land within a mapped corridor is not subject to any specific provisions under this planning scheme. The Queensland Development Code should be consulted in this respect.

### 8.2.12.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Transport infrastructure overlay code is to promote the ongoing and expanded use of rail corridors within the shire for the transportation of passengers and freight.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Active 'Rail corridors' are protected from adjoining land uses which may prejudice their ongoing and expanded use;
  - (b) Inactive 'Rail corridors' are preserved and protected for potential reuse for passenger or freight movements;
  - (c) Non-residential development adjoining a 'Rail corridor' does not prevent the future use of the rail corridor by the site; and
  - (d) Development compliments the use of 'Rail corridors' for tourist activities.

#### 8.2.12.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.12.3 – Transport infrastructure overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development				

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO1 Development does prejudice the:  (a) ongoing operation of an active 'Rail corridor identified on the Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012a-j); or  (b) the potential future use of an inactive 'Rail corridor' identified on the Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012a-j).	Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012a-j) a minimum of: (a) 40 metres where: (i) in the Rural zone; and		Complies.  The subject site is over 40 metres from the nearby rail corridor.
For assessable developme	nt		
PO2 Non-residential development adjoining a rail corridor identified on the Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012a-j) is designed to allow for the future use of the 'Rail corridor' by the land use.	AO2 No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	The subject site does not adjoin the rail corridor.
PO3 Development adjoining a 'Rail corridor' identified on the Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012a-j) used for the transportation of tourists is designed to:  (a) provide visual interest; (b) screen or enhance areas of limited visual interest; and  (c) complement and enhance the character of the shire.		n/a	The subject site does not adjoin the rail corridor.

## 9.3.3 Community activities code

# 9.3.3.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
  - (a) involving Community activities; and
  - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

# 9.3.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Community activities code is to ensure Community activities that are appropriately designed and located to:
  - (a) be conveniently accessible to the communities they serve; and
  - (b) not detrimentally impact on local amenity.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Community activities do not have an adverse impact on the amenity of the surrounding area;
  - (b) Community activities establish in appropriate locations that are highly accessible;
  - (c) Community activities are located with other community activities when the opportunity to achieve practical co-location of facilities exists;
  - (d) Community activities are designed to be accessible, functional and safe;
  - (e) Community activities are compatible and integrated with surrounding land uses; and
  - (f) Community activities enhance community identity and character.

### 9.3.3.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.3.3.3—Community activities code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

appropriately located and designed to avoid adverse impacts on sensitive uses related to:  boundary with a sensitive land use, development incorporates:  (a) a 1.8 metre high solid  be cor	omments
PO1 Community activities are appropriately located and designed to avoid adverse impacts on sensitive uses related to:  AO1 Along any common boundary with a sensitive land use, development incorporates:  (a) a 1.8 metre high solid  The development corrections are appropriately located and boundary with a sensitive land use, development incorporates:	opment
Community activities are appropriately located and designed to avoid adverse impacts on sensitive uses related to:  Along any common boundary with a sensitive land use, development incorporates:  (a) a 1.8 metre high solid	
(b) lighting; and (c) overlooking.  (b) screening to windows which: (i) face the boundary; adjoining sensitive use, both on an adjoining site and on the same site as the Community activity.  (b) screening to windows which: (ii) face the boundary; (iii) have a sill height less than 1.5 metres; and (iii) are not wholly	evelopment will be conditioned to comply.  Trivacy for the djoining farm to be south will be calculated by the conditioning of a degetated buffer and fencing along the relevant length

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Development is located on a site that is capable of accommodating:  (a) all facilities necessary for the use;  (b) required landscaping and buffering; and  (c) appropriately designed access, manoeuvring and parking areas.	AO2 The development is located on a site with a minimum:  (a) site area of 800m²;  (b) road frontage of 20 metres; and  (c) road reserve width of 20 metres.	•	The subject site complies.
PO3 The design of the development does not result in any safety hazard for children or other users of the facility.	AO3 A child proof fence or physical barrier is provided to prevent unintended access to the following areas, directly from indoor or outdoor areas intended to accommodate children:  (a) Vehicle manoeuvring and parking areas;  (b) Refuse storage and servicing areas; and  (c) Air conditioning, refrigeration plant and mechanical plant.		The proposed development will be conditioned to comply.
For assessable developme	ent		
Location			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO4 Development is compatible with the amenity of the surrounding area, having regard to:  (a) the location and type of vehicular access and parking;  (b) hours of operation;  (c) waste storage and collection;  (d) advertising devices and signage;  (e) visual amenity;  (f) privacy; and  (g) noise, odour and dust emissions.	AO4 No acceptable outcome is provided.		Of the matters nominated in PO4, those most likely to impact local area amenity are traffic and privacy.  Traffic impacts are expected to be typical for a school, being peak movements at drop off and pick up times. Traffic outside of the times is expected to be minimal.  Traffic impacts will be minimised through the conditioning of road and access upgrades. Provided these upgrades are undertaken, local area amenity is expected to be maintained.  Privacy for the adjoining farm to the south will be maintained through the conditioning of a vegetated buffer and fencing along the relevant length of the common boundary.  Standard conditions to protect amenity in respect to the other matters will be applied to the development.
PO5 Community activities are	AO5.1 Community activities are	n/a	Not applicable.
highly accessible to the	not located in a cul-de-sac.		

Darfarmanaa autaamaa	Assentable autoemas	Complies	Comments
Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
community they serve and are located to encourage multi-purpose trips.	Development is located:  (a) within 800 metres walking distance of the Centre zone; or  (b) within 400 metres walking distance of a public transport stop; or  (c) provided with a connection to the pedestrian and cycle network.	Complies with Overall Outcome.	There are no sites suitable for an agricultural based school which would meet the criteria under AO5.2.  The subject site balances good accessibility with the site features needed to offer an agricultural based curriculum.  The subject site satisfies overall outcome (d) in that it is accessible, functional and safe.
Amenity and privacy			
PO6 Community activities protect and enhance the character and amenity of the locality and streetscape through the appropriate location and screening of: (a) air conditioning; (b) refrigeration plant; (c) mechanical plant; and (d) refuse bin storage areas.	AO6 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	The proposed development will be conditioned to comply.
If for Educational establish	ment or Child care centre		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO7 Educational establishments and Child care centres: (a) do not detrimentally impact on the amenity or operations of surrounding land uses; and (b) have suitable separation distances and buffering from sensitive uses.	ACCEPtable outcomes  AO7 No acceptable outcome is provided.	Complies	Of the matters nominated in PO7, those most likely to impact local area amenity are traffic and privacy.  Traffic impacts are expected to be typical for a school, being peak movements at drop off and pick up times. Traffic outside of the times is expected to be minimal.  Traffic impacts will be minimised through the conditioning of road and access upgrades.  Provided these upgrades are undertaken, local area amenity is expected to be maintained.
			adjoining farm to the south will be maintained through the conditioning of a vegetated buffer and fencing along the relevant length of the common boundary.
			Standard conditions to protect amenity in respect to the other matters will be applied to the development.

# 9.4.2 Landscaping code

### 9.4.2.1 Application

This code applies where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

# 9.4.2.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Landscaping code is to ensure all development is landscaped to a standard that:
  - (a) complements the scale and appearance of the development;
  - (b) protects and enhances the amenity and environmental values of the site;
  - (c) complements and enhances the streetscape and local landscape character; and
  - (d) ensures effective buffering of incompatible land uses to protect local amenity.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Landscaping is a functional part of development design and is commensurate with the intended use:
  - (b) Landscaping accommodates the retention of existing significant on site vegetation where appropriate and practical;
  - (c) Landscaping treatments complement the scale, appearance and function of the development;
  - (d) Landscaping contributes to an attractive streetscape;
  - (e) Landscaping enhances the amenity and character of the local area;
  - (f) Landscaping enhances natural environmental values of the site and the locality;
  - (g) Landscaping provides effective screening both on site, if required, and between incompatible land uses;
  - (h) Landscaping provides shade in appropriate circumstances;
  - (i) Landscape design enhances personal safety and reduces the potential for crime and vandalism; and
  - (j) Intensive land uses incorporate vegetated buffers to provide effective screening of buildings, structures and machinery associated with the use.

# 9.4.2.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.2.3A—Landscaping code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments			
For accepted development s	For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development					
PO1 Development, other than in the Rural zone, includes landscaping that:  (a) contributes to the landscape character of the Shire;  (b) compliments the character of the immediate surrounds;  (c) provides an appropriate balance between built and natural elements; and  (d) provides a source of visual interest.	AO1 Development, other than in the Rural zone, provides:  (a) a minimum of 10% of the site as landscaping;  (b) planting in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species;  (c) for the integration of retained significant vegetation into landscaping areas;  (d) on-street landscaping works in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D9 Landscaping, of the Planning Scheme Policy 4 - FNQROC Regional Development Manual.  Note—Where development exceeds a site cover of 90%, areas of landscaping may be provided above ground level to achieve a total supply of landscaping equivalent to 10% of the site area.		The subject site is within the Rural zone.  Notwithstanding, the preparation and implementation of a landscaping plan will be conditioned.  The landscaping plan must provide for vegetated buffer and fencing along the relevant length of the common boundary with the southern adjoining lot.  The landscaping plan must also include landscaping of the built infrastructure area, including site frontage and carpark.			

Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
the l	elopment, other than in Rural zone, includes scaping along site ages that: creates an attractive streetscape; compliments the character of the immediate surrounds; assists to break up and soften elements of built form; screen areas of limited visual interest or servicing; provide shade for pedestrians; and includes a range and variety of planting.	Development, other than in the Rural zone, includes a landscape strip along any site frontage:  (a) with a minimum width of 2 metres where adjoining a car parking area;  (b) with a minimum width of 1.5 metres in all other locations; and  (c) in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.  Note—Where development is setback from a frontage less than 1.5 metres, the setback area is provided as a landscape strip		Refer comment AO1.	to for
lands	elopment includes scaping and fencing g side and rear daries that:	AO3.1  Development provides landscape treatments along side and rear boundaries in accordance with Table 9.4.2.3B.	~	Refer comment AO1.	to for
(b) (c) (d) (e)	land uses; assists to break up and soften elements of built form; screens areas of limited visual interest; preserves the amenity of sensitive land uses; and includes a range and variety of planting.	AO3.2 Shrubs and trees provided in landscape strips along side and rear boundaries:  (a) are planted at a maximum spacing of 1 metre;  (b) will grow to a height of at least 2 metres;  (c) will grow to form a screen of no less than 2 metres in height; and  (d) are mulched to a minimum depth of 0.1 metres with organic mulch.		Refer comment AO1.	to for

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO3.3 Any landscape strip provided along a side or rear boundary is designed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.	•	Refer to comment for AO1.
Car parking areas are improved with a variety of landscaping that:  (a) provides visual interest;  (b) provides a source of shade for pedestrians;  (c) assists to break up and soften elements; and  (d) improves legibility.	Landscaping is provided in car parking areas which provides:  (a) a minimum of 1 shade tree for every 4 parking spaces, or part thereof, where the car parking area includes 12 or more spaces;  (b) a minimum of 1 shade tree for every 6 parking spaces, or part thereof, otherwise; and  (c) where involving a car parking area in excess of 500m²:  (i) shade structures are provided for 50% of parking spaces; and  (ii) a minimum of 10% of the parking area as landscaping.  Note—Where a shade structure is provided over part of a car parking area, shade tree planting is not required in this area of the car parking area.		Refer to comment for AO1.
	AO4.2 Landscaping in car parking areas is designed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.	•	Refer to comment for AO1.
PO5 Landscaping areas include a range and variety of planting that:	AO5.1 Plant species are selected from the Plant Schedule in Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.	•	Refer to comment for AO1.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
<ul> <li>(a) is suitable for the intended purpose and local conditions;</li> <li>(b) contributes to the natural character of the Shire;</li> <li>(c) includes native species;</li> <li>(d) includes locally endemic species, where practical; and</li> <li>(e) does not include invasive plants or weeds.</li> </ul>	AO5.2  A minimum of 25% of (new and existing) plants is provided as larger, advanced stock with a minimum plant height of 0.7 metres and mulched to a minimum depth of 0.1 metres with organic mulch.		Refer to comment for AO1.
PO6 Landscaping does not impact on the ongoing provision of infrastructure and services to the Shire.	AO6.1  Tree planting is a minimum of (a) 2 metres from any underground water, sewer, gas, electricity or telecommunications infrastructure; and (b) 4 metres from any inspection chamber.	•	Refer to comment for AO1.
	AO6.2 Vegetation below or within 4 metres of overhead electricity lines and power poles has a maximum height of 3.5 metres at maturity.	•	Refer to comment for AO1.
	AO6.3  Vegetation adjoining an electricity substation boundary, at maturity, will have:  (a) a height of less than 4 metres; and  (b) no foliage within 3 metres of the substation boundary, unless the substation has a solid wall along any boundary.	•	Refer to comment for AO1.
For assessable development			•

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO7 Landscaping areas are designed to: (a) be easily maintained throughout the ongoing use of the site;	AO7 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	Refer to comment for AO1.
(b) allow sufficient area and access to sunlight and water for plant growth;			
(c) not cause a nuisance to occupants of the site or members of the public; and			
(d) maintain or enhance the safety of pedestrians through the use of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design principles.			

Table 9.4.2.3B—Side and rear boundary landscape treatments

Table 9.4.2.3B—Side and rear boundary landscape treatments			
Location or use	Landscape Strip Minimum Width	Screen Fencing Minimum Height	Extent of treatment
Where car parking, servicing or manoeuvring areas adjoin a side or rear boundary	1 metre	Not applicable	To the extent these areas adjoin the boundary
Where involving a use other than a dwelling house on a site with a common boundary with land in the Low density residential zone, the Medium density residential zone or the Rural residential zone:	1.5 metres	1.8 metres	Along the common boundary.
Development for an industrial activity which has a common boundary with land not within the Industry zone	2 metres	1.8 metres	Along the common boundary
Development involving (a) Tourist park not in the Rural zone (b) Sales office (c) Multiple dwelling (d) Residential care facility; or (e) Dual occupancy	Not applicable	1.8 metres	Along all side and rear boundaries and between dwellings for a Dual occupancy.
Development involving (a) Tourist park in the Rural zone (b) Service station (c) Car wash; or (d) Utility installation	2 metres	Not applicable	Along all side and rear boundaries
For: (a) waste storage; (b) equipment; (c) servicing areas; and (d) private open space and site facilities associated with Caretaker's accommodation.	Not applicable	1.8 metres	To prevent visibility

Note—Where more than one landscape treatment is applicable to a development in the above table, the development is to provide a landscape treatment that satisfies all applicable minimum specifications.

## 9.4.3 Parking and access code

### 9.4.3.1 Application

This code applies to assessing development where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

# 9.4.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Parking and access code is to ensure:
  - (a) parking areas are appropriately designed, constructed and maintained;
  - (b) the efficient functioning of the development and the local road network; and
  - (c) all development provides sufficient parking, loading/service and manoeuvring areas to meet the demand generated by the use.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Land uses have a sufficient number of parking and bicycle spaces designed in a manner to meet the requirements of the user;
  - (b) Parking spaces and associated manoeuvring areas are safe, functional and provide equitable access;
  - (c) Suitable access for all types of vehicles likely to utilise a parking area is provided in a way that does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the surrounding road network;
  - (d) Premises are adequately serviced to meet the reasonable requirements of the development; and
  - (e) End of trip facilities are provided by new major developments to facilitate alternative travel modes.

### 9.4.3.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.3.3A—Parking and access code – For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development					
Car parking spaces					

### PO1

Development provides sufficient car parking to accommodate the demand likely to be generated by the use, having regard to the:

- (a) nature of the use;
- (b) location of the site;
- (c) proximity of the use to public transport services;
- (d) availability of active transport infrastructure; and
- (e) accessibility of the use to all members of the community.

# **AO1**

The number of car parking spaces provided for the use is in accordance with **Table 9.4.3.3B**.

Note—Car parking spaces provided for persons with a disability are to be considered in determining compliance with AO1.

Table 9.4.3.3B nominates the following for an educational establishment:

1 space per every 10 students plus 1 space per employee, and

Provision for 3 vehicles for loading and unloading of passengers in addition to the requirements above.

One HRV space; and One SRV space; and A minimum of 3 Bus / coach parking / set down areas.

At the final stage, the proposed development will accommodate up to 300 students, equating to 30 parking spaces.

The proposed development provides for 68 parking spaces, including 4 drop off spaces and 5 disabled spaces.

The State referral agency response has conditioned a bus zone sufficient for 3 buses.

Adequate area exists within the subject site to accommodate one

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
			HRV and one SRV.  The development will be conditioned to comply.
Vehicle crossovers			
PO2 Vehicle crossovers are provided to:: (a) ensure safe and efficient access between the road and premises; (b) minimize interference with the function and operation of roads; and	AO2.1 Vehicular access to/from Council roads is designed and constructed in accordance with the Standard drawings in Planning Scheme Policy 4 - FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
(c) minimise pedestrian to vehicle conflict.	AO2.2  Development on a site with two or more road frontages provides vehicular access from:  (a) the primary frontage where involving Community activities or Sport and recreation activities, unless the primary road frontage is a Statecontrolled road; or  (b) from the lowest order road in all other instances.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO2.3 Vehicular access for particular uses is provided in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3E.	n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
park appr	ess, manoeuvring and car	AO3 Access, manoeuvring and car parking areas include pavements that are constructed in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3C.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
For	assessable development		•	
Park	king area location and des	sign		
	parking areas are located designed to: ensure safety and efficiency in operation; and be consistent with the	AO4.1 Car parking spaces, access and circulation areas have dimensions in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.1 Off-street car parking.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	character of the surrounding locality.	AO4.2 Disabled access and car parking spaces are located and designed in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.6 Parking facilities - Off-street parking for people with disabilities.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
		AO4.3 The car parking area includes designated pedestrian routes that provide connections to building entrances.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	Parking and any set down areas are:  (a) wholly contained within the site;  (b) visible from the street where involving Commercial activities, Community activities or a use in the Recreation and open space zone;  (c) are set back behind the main building line where involving a Dual occupancy, Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility; and  (d) provided at the side or rear of a building in all other instances.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
Site access and manoeuvring	]		
PO5 Access to, and manoeuvring within, the site is designed and located to:  (a) ensure the safety and efficiency of the external road network;  (b) ensure the safety of pedestrians;  (c) provide a functional and convenient layout; and  (d) accommodate all vehicles intended to use the site.	AO5.1  Access and manoeuvrability is in accordance with:  (a) AS28901 – Car Parking Facilities (Off Street Parking); and  (b) AS2890.2 – Parking Facilities (Off-street Parking) Commercial Vehicle Facilities.  Note—Proposal plans should include turning circles designed in accordance with AP34/95 (Austroads 1995) Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO5.2 Vehicular access has a minimum sight distance in accordance with Part 5 of AUSTROADS.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	AO5.3 Vehicular access is located and designed so that all vehicles enter and exit the site in a forward gear.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	AO5.4 Pedestrian and cyclist access to the site: (a) is clearly defined; (b) easily identifiable; and (c) provides a connection between the site frontage and the entrance to buildings and end of trip facilities (where provided).	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
PO6 Development that involves an internal road network ensures that it's design:  (a) ensure safety and efficiency in operation;  (b) does not impact on the amenity of residential	AO6.1 Internal roads for a Tourist park have a minimum width of: (a) 4 metres if one way; or (b) 6 metres if two way.	n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
(c)	uses on the site and on adjoining sites, having regard to matters of: (i) hours of operation; (ii) noise (iii) light; and (iv) odour; accommodates the nature and volume of vehicle movements anticipated to be generated by the use; allows for convenient access to key on-site features by pedestrians, cyclists and motor vehicles; and	For a Tourist park, internal road design avoids the use of cul-desacs in favour of circulating roads, where unavoidable, cul-de-sacs provide a full turning circle for vehicles towing caravans having:  (a) a minimum approach and departure curve radius of 12 metres; and  (b) a minimum turning circle radius of 8 metres.	n/a	Not applicable.
(e)	in the Rural zone, avoids environmental degradation.	AO6.3 Internal roads are imperviously sealed and drained, apart from those for an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity.	n/a	Not applicable.
		AO6.4  Speed control devices are installed along all internal roads, apart from those for an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity, in accordance with Complete Streets.	n/a	Not applicable.
		AO6.5 Internal roads, apart from those for an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity, are illuminated in accordance with AS 4282 (as amended) - Control of Obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performand	ce outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
		AO6.6 Where involving an accommodation activity, internal roads facilitate unobstructed access to every dwelling, accommodation unit, accommodation site and building by emergency services vehicles.	n/a	Not applicable.
Comision		For an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity, internal road gradients:  (a) are no steeper than 1:5 and are sealed.	n/a	Not applicable.
Servicing		407.4		The development
servicing are  (a) accommodate vehicle with the general (b) do not safety internation manel (c) do not on the efficie netwo	naneuvering and eas on site that: nmodate a service e commensurate ne likely demand ated by the use; t impact on the or efficiency of all car parking or uvering areas; t adversely impact e safety or ncy of the road rk;	AO7.1  All unloading, loading, service and waste disposal areas are located:  (a) on the site; (b) to the side or rear of the building, behind the main building line;  (c) not adjacent to a site boundary where the adjoining property is used for a sensitive use.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
function with the control of the con	le for all servicing ons associated ne use; and cated and ned to minimise mpacts on ing sensitive land	AO7.2 Unloading, loading, service and waste disposal areas allow service vehicles to enter and exit the site in a forward gear.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	uses and streetscape quality.	AO7.3  Development provides a servicing area, site access and maneuvering areas to accommodate the applicable minimum servicing vehicle specified in Table 9.4.3.3B.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Mair	ntenance			
	ing areas are used and stained for their intended	AO8.1 Parking areas are kept and used exclusively for parking and are maintained in a suitable condition for parking and circulation of vehicles.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
		AO8.2 All parking areas will be compacted, sealed, drained, line marked and maintained until such time as the development ceases.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
End	of trip facilities			
Cent Eme prov	elopment within the tre zone; Industry zone or rging community zone ides facilities for active sport users that:	AO9.1 The number of bicycle parking spaces provided for the use is in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3D.	n/a	Not applicable.
(a) (b)	meet the anticipated demand generated from the use; comprise secure and convenient bicycle parking and storage; and provide end of trip facilities for all active transport users.	AO9.2 End of trip facilities are provided in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3D.	n/a	Not applicable.

If for Educational establishment or Child care centre where involving more than 100 vehicle movements per day or Renewable energy facility, Sport and recreation activities or Tourist park

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO10 The level of traffic generated by the development on the surrounding local road network must not result in unacceptable impacts on adjacent land and local road users.  If for Educational establishmenticle movements per day of the surrounding local road network must not result in unacceptable impacts on adjacent land and local road users.			
	nent or Child care centre		

Table 9.4.3.3B—Vehicle Parking and Service Vehicle Space Requirements

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space
Adult store	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 20m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	
Agricultural supplies store	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 30m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Queuing for 3 vehicles should be supplied where a GFA is greater than 600m².	
Air services	If accepted development subject to requirements development: One space per 90m² or part thereof of net lettable area; or  If Assessable development: As determined by Council.	development

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Animal husbandry	If accepted development subject to requirements: One space.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted  development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined
Animal keeping	Minimum of three spaces or one space per 200m <sup>2</sup> of use area, whichever is greater.	by Council. One SRV space.
Aquaculture	If accepted development subject to requirements:  In the rural or rural residential zones - two spaces; or  Enclosed within a building - one space per 90m² of net lettable area.  If assessable development:	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined
Brothel	As determined by Council.  As determined by Council.	by Council.  As determined by Council.
Bulk landscape supplies	Minimum of five spaces or one space per 250m <sup>2</sup> of use area, whichever is greater.	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m²; or One HRV space.
Car wash	Minimum of two parking spaces plus 1 car queuing space for each car wash or service bay and parking at rates applicable to ancillary use/s.	One AV space.
Caretaker's accommodation	One space per dwelling unit.	Nil.
Cemetery	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Child care centre	A minimum of 3 spaces will be required to be used for setting down and picking up of children, plus one space per 10 children for staff parking.	One SRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Club	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space; and One HRV space if greater than 500m <sup>2</sup> .
Community care centre	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space.
Community residence	Three spaces.	Nil.
Community use	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 50m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space if greater than 500m <sup>2</sup> GFA.
Crematorium	One space per 30m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	As determined by Council.
Cropping	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Detention facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Dual occupancy	One covered space per dwelling; and One visitor space.	Nil.
Dwelling house	One covered space per dwelling house. One space per secondary dwelling.	Nil.
Dwelling unit	One covered space per dwelling unit.  A minimum of 0.25 spaces per dwelling is to remain in common property for visitor use.	Nil

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Educational establishment	For all establishments:  1 space per every10 students plus 1 space per employee, and  Provision for 3 vehicles for loading and unloading of passengers in addition to the requirements above.	For accepted development subject to requirements: One HRV space; and One SRV space; and A minimum of 3 Bus / coach parking / set down areas.  For assessable development: As determined by Council.
Emergency services	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	As determined by Council.
Environment facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Extractive industry	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Food and drink outlet	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Drive-through: Queuing spaces for 6 passenger vehicles within the site boundaries.  One service vehicle space per use or one service vehicle space per 1,000m² GFA, whichever is greater.	One HRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Function facility	One space per 30m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA.	One SRV space.
Funeral parlour	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 20m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One SRV space.
Garden centre	A minimum of 5 spaces for customer parking or one space per 150m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of use area, whichever is greater.  One service vehicle space per use or one service vehicle space per 800m <sup>2</sup> use area, whichever is greater.	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV space.
Hardware and trade supplies	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV space.
Health care services	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 40m² or part thereof of net lettable area. Outside the Centre zone: One space per 20m² of or part thereof of net lettable area.	One SRV space per 500m <sup>2</sup> GFA.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
High impact industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Home based business	Bed and breakfasts: One space per guest room.  Other home based business: One space for home based business and one covered space for the dwelling.	Nil.
Hospital	One space per 6 residential care beds. One space per 4 hostel unit beds. Visitor parking at 30% of resident parking requirements.	One HRV space. One SRV for every 800m² of GFA and part thereof; and One space for an emergency vehicle.
Hotel	One space per 10m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA per bar, beer garden and other public area.  One space per 50m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA per bulk liquor sales area.  One space per guest room.	One HRV space.
Indoor sport and recreation	If accepted development subject to requirements: One space per 25m² of net lettable area. If assessable development: As determined by Council.	An internal bus set down and pick up area that enables the bus to be in a forward motion at all times whilst onsite
		dedicated taxi bays provided within 200 metres of the site entrance.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Intensive animal industries	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.	One SRV space.
	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	
Intensive horticulture	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.	If accepted development subject to requirements:
	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Landing	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Low impact industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Major electricity infrastructure	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Marine industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One HRV space if the site has an area greater than 1,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Market	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Medium impact industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision	
Motor sport facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.	
Multiple dwelling	One covered space per dwelling.	Nil.	
	One dedicated vehicle wash-down bay for premises containing 5 or more dwellings.  A minimum of 0.25 spaces per dwelling		
	is to remain in common property for visitor use.		
Nature-based tourism	One space per dwelling; or 0.75 spaces per guest room if in dormitory or shared facilities.	As determined by Council.	
Nightclub entertainment facility	One space per 60m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	Nil.	
Non-resident workforce accommodation	One space per dwelling unit.	Nil.	
Office	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 20m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above	One SRV space.	
	400m <sup>2</sup> .		
Outdoor sales	A minimum of 5 spaces for customer parking or one space per 150m <sup>2</sup> of use area, whichever is greater.	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m <sup>2</sup> ,	
	One service vehicle space per use or one service vehicle space per 800m², whichever is greater.	otherwise One HRV space.	

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Outdoor sport and recreation	Coursing, horse racing, pacing or trotting:  One space per five seated spectators; plus  One space per 5m² of other spectator areas.  Football:  50 spaces per field.  Lawn bowls:  30 spaces per green.  Swimming pool:  15 spaces; plus  One space per 100m² of useable site area.  Tennis or other Court:  Four spaces per court.  Golf Course:  Four spaces per tee on the course; plus  One space per 50m² of net lettable area.  Any other use:  As determined by council.	An internal bus set down and pick up area that enables the bus to be in a forward motion at all times whilst onsite  Internal dedicated taxi bays provided within 200 metres of the site entrance.
Park	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Parking station	Not applicable	Nil.
Permanent plantation	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Place of worship	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space.
Port services	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Relocatable home park	One space for each home site plus 1 space for each 5 home sites or part thereof for visitors.	One HRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Renewable energy facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Research and technology industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One HRV space if the site has an area greater than 1,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Residential care facility	One space per 4 hostel unit beds. Visitor parking at 30% of resident parking requirements.	One SRV space; and One space for an emergency vehicle.
Resort complex	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Retirement facility	One covered space per unit and 0.5 spaces for visitors parking.	One SRV space; and One space for an emergency vehicle.
Roadside stall	One space per stall.	Nil.
Rooming accommodation	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 15 beds. Outside the Centre zone: One space per 8 beds.	One SRV space. One space for a 20 seater bus.
Rural industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space.
Rural workers' accommodation	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil
	If Assessable development: As determined by Council.	If Assessable development: As determined by Council.
Sales office	One space per 25m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	Nil.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Service industry	Accepted where in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One HRV space if the site is greater than 2,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Service station	Minimum of four spaces plus car parking at rates applicable to ancillary use/s.	One AV space.
Shop	Accepted where in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One HRV space if the site is greater than 2,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Shopping centre	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One AV space per 1,000m²; and One SRV space per 500m²; or One SRV space per every 2 specialty uses, whichever the greater.
Short-term accommodation	One space per unit.	One HRV space if involves the serving of food or beverage; otherwise One SRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Showroom	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².  Outside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One AV space and One SRV space if the site is greater than 2,000m²; or One HRV space; and One SRV Space.
Special industry	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Substation	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Telecommunication s facility	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.  If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Theatre	One space per 15m <sup>2</sup> or part thereof of net lettable area, or one space per 5 seated spectators whichever is the greater.	One SRV space.
Tourist attraction	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Tourist park	One space within each accommodation site plus 1 additional visitor space per 10 accommodation sites.	One HRV space.
	Queuing for 2 vehicles towing caravans and 1 holding bay for a vehicle towing a caravan plus additional queuing for 1 vehicle towing a caravan per 40 accommodation sites.	
Transport depot	One space per 125m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Utility installation	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil.	If accepted development subject to requirements:
	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Veterinary services	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.  Inside Centre zone: One space per 40m² or part thereof of net lettable area. Outside Centre zone: One space per 20m² or part thereof of net lettable area.	One HRV space if greater than 500m² GFA; and One SRV space per 500m² GFA.
Warehouse	One space per 90m <sup>2</sup> GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Wholesale nursery	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Winery	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.

Note—Any use not herein defined - as determined by Council.

Table 9.4.3.3C—Pavement Standards for Access, Manoeuvring and Car Parking areas

Zone	Compacted Gravel Base (minimum thickness)	Surfacing Options
All development	t other than dwe	Iling house
All zones other than the Conservation zone or the	75mm	Reinforced concrete with a minimum thickness of:  • 100mm for parking areas; and • 150mm for access ways.
Rural zone	150mm	Asphalt with a minimum thickness of 25mm
	150mm	Two coat sprayed bitumen seal
	150mm	Concrete pavers
Conservation zone or Rural zone	Not applicable	Minimum 150mm thickness compacted gravel suitable for all weather and dust free
Dwelling house		
All zones	75mm	Reinforced concrete with a minimum thickness of:  • 100mm for parking areas; and • 150mm for access ways.
	150mm	Asphalt with a minimum thickness of 25mm
	150mm	Two coat sprayed bitumen seal
	150mm	Concrete pavers
	Not applicable	Minimum 150mm thickness compacted gravel suitable for all weather and dust free

Note—Where more than one surfacing option is listed, any one of the treatments listed may be provided.

Table 9.4.3.3D—Bicycle Parking and End of Trip Facility Requirements

	Minimum number of	Minimum end of trip
Definition	bicycle parking spaces	facilities
Commercial activities	New or redeveloped commercial activities buildings (other than a shopping centre), provide:  • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 8% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² Gross leasable area). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and  • visitor facilities: - one bicycle rack space per 750m² NLA or part thereof; and - bicycle parking, signposted; and adjacent to a major public entrance to the building.	New or redeveloped commercial activities buildings (other than a shopping centre), provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees:  • accessible showers at the rate of one shower per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof;  • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and  • secure lockers in the changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² GLA to cater for walkers, cyclists and other active users.
Community use	Four spaces per 1,500m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of bicycle parking spaces	Minimum end of trip facilities
Educational establishment	New or redeveloped education facilities, provide:  • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 8% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA).  Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and  • For students:  - minimum of 8% of the peak number of students using the building at any one time (with 75% occupancy); and  - bicycle storage within 100m of the building front entrance(s); or added to the campus central bicycle storage area.	New or redeveloped education facilities, provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees:  • accessible showers at the rate of one per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof;  • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and  • secure lockers in changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA) to cater for cyclists, walkers and other active users.
Food & drink outlet	One space per 100m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	As determined by Council.
Function facility	One space per 300m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of bicycle parking spaces	Minimum end of trip facilities
Health care services	New or redeveloped healthcare facilities, provide the following facilities:  • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 5% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and  • For visitors:  - facilities with inpatient accommodation provide one space per each 30 beds;  - facilities without inpatient accommodation provide one space per each 4 practitioners;  - aged care facilities provide one space per each 60 beds;  - In every instance above, provide a minimum of 5 bicycle parking spaces; and  - bicycle parking provided: in an accessible location, signposted and within 10m a major public entrance to the building.	New or redeveloped healthcare facilities, provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees:  • accessible showers at the rate of one per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof;  • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and  • secure lockers in changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA) to cater for cyclists, walkers and other active users.
Hospital	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Indoor sport and recreation	One space per employee plus 1 space per 200m <sup>2</sup> GFA	As determined by Council.
Park	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Rooming accommodation	One space per 4 letting rooms.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of bicycle parking spaces	Minimum end of trip facilities
Short term accommodation	One space per 4 letting rooms.	As determined by Council.
Shop or Shopping centre	New or redeveloped shopping centres, provide:  • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 8% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² Gross leasable area). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and  • visitor facilities:  - one space per 500m² GLA or part thereof for centres under 30,000m²; or  - one space per 750m² GLA or part thereof for centres between 30,000m² and 50,000m²; and  - bicycle parking is signposted and within 10m of a major public entrance to the building.	New or redeveloped shopping centres, provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees:  • accessible showers at the rate of one shower per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof;  • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and  • secure lockers in the changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² GLA to cater for walkers, cyclists and other active users.
Theatre	One space per 100m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	As determined by Council.

Table 9.4.3.3E—Vehicular Access for Specific Uses

Use	Design
Dwelling house	A secondary dwelling shares a vehicle crossover with the Dwelling house.
Car wash	Site access involves:  (a) a maximum width of 9 metres of any vehicle crossover across a footpath;
Service station	<ul> <li>(b) a minimum separation of 12 metres between any vehicle crossover and a road intersection;</li> <li>(c) a separate entrance and exit; and</li> <li>(d) a minimum separation between vehicle crossovers of 14 metres.</li> </ul>

Industrial activities	Each lot is provided with no more than one access point every 15 metres.
Roadside stall	A single vehicular access point is provided to the site.
Tourist park	<ul><li>(a) a single vehicular access point is provided to the site; and</li><li>(b) no accommodation site has individual vehicular access.</li></ul>

## 9.4.5 Works, services and infrastructure code

## 9.4.5.1 Application

(1) This code applies to assessing development where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

## 9.4.5.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Works, services and infrastructure code is to ensure that all development is appropriately serviced by physical infrastructure, public utilities and services and that work associated with development is carried out in a manner that does not adversely impact on the surrounding area.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
  - (a) Development provides an adequate, safe and reliable supply of potable, fire-fighting and general use water in accordance with relevant standards;
  - (b) Development provides for the treatment and disposal of wastewater and ensures there are no adverse impacts on water quality, public health, local amenity or ecological processes;
  - (c) Development provides for the disposal of stormwater and ensures that there are no adverse impacts on water quality or ecological processes;
  - (d) Development connects to the road network and any adjoining public transport, pedestrian and cycle networks while ensuring no adverse impacts on the safe, convenient and efficient operation of these networks;
  - (e) Development provides electricity and telecommunications services that meet its desired requirements:
  - (f) Development is connected to a nearby electricity network with adequate capacity without significant environment, social or amenity impact;
  - (g) Development does not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations;
  - (h) Infrastructure dedicated to Council is cost effective over its life cycle;
  - (i) Work associated with development does not cause adverse impacts on the surrounding area; and
  - (j) Development prevents the spread of weeds, seeds or other pests.

## 9.4.5.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.5.3 - Works, services and infrastructure code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development					
Water supply					

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO1 Each lot has an adequate volume and supply of water that:  (a) meets the needs of users;  (b) is adequate for firefighting purposes;  (c) ensures the health, safety and convenience of the community; and  (d) minimises adverse impacts on the receiving environment.	AO1.1  Development is connected to a reticulated water supply system in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual other than where located:  (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and  (b) outside a reticulated water supply service area.	n/a	Not applicable.
	Development, where located outside a reticulated water supply service area and in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone is provided with:  (a) a bore or bores are provided in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or  (b) on-site water storage tank/s:  (i) with a minimum capacity of 90,000L;  (ii) fitted with a 50mm ball valve with a camlock fitting; and  (iii) which are installed and connected prior to the occupation or use of the development.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
Wastewater disposal			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Each lot provides for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water that: (a) meets the needs of users; (b) is adequate for firefighting purposes; (c) ensures the health, safety and convenience of the community; and (d) minimises adverse impacts on the receiving environment.	AO2.1  Development is connected to a reticulated sewerage system in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual other than where located:  (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and  (b) outside a reticulated sewerage service area.	n/a	Not applicable.
environment.	AO2.2 An effluent disposal system is provided in accordance with ASNZ 1547 On-Site Domestic Wastewater Management (as amended) where development is located: (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and (b) outside a reticulated sewerage service area.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Stormwater infrastructure			
PO3 Stormwater infrastructure is designed and constructed to collect and convey the design storm event to a lawful point of discharge in a manner that mitigates impacts on life and property.	Where located within a Priority infrastructure area or where stormwater infrastructure is available, development is connected to Council's stormwater network in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO3.2 On-site drainage systems are constructed: (a) to convey stormwater from the premises to a lawful point of discharge; and (b) in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Electricity supply			
Each lot is provided with an adequate supply of electricity	The premises:  (a) is connected to the electricity supply network; or  (b) has arranged a connection to the transmission grid; or  (c) where not connected to the network, an independent energy system with sufficient capacity to service the development (at near average energy demands associated with the use) may be provided as an alternative to reticulated electricity where:  (i) it is approved by the relevant regulatory authority; and  (ii) it can be demonstrated that no air or noise emissions; and  (iii) it can be demonstrated that no adverse impact on visual amenity will occur.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
Telecommunications infrastru	ucture		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO5 Each lot is provided with an adequate supply of telecommunication infrastructure	AO5 Development is provided with a connection to the national broadband network or telecommunication services.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Existing public utility servi	ces		
PO6 Development and associated works do not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations.	AO6 Public utility mains, services are relocated, altered or repaired in association with the works so that they continue to function and satisfy the relevant Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Excavation or filling			
PO7 Excavation or filling must not have an adverse impact on the:	AO7.1 Excavation or filling does not occur within 1.5 metres of any site boundary.	n/a	Not applicable.
(a) streetscape; (b) scenic amenity; (c) environmental values; (d) slope stability;	AO7.2 Excavation or filling at any point on a lot is to be no greater than 1.5 metres above or below natural ground level.	n/a	Not applicable.
(e) accessibility; or (f) privacy of adjoining premises.	AO7.3  Earthworks batters:  (a) are no greater than 1.5 metres in height;  (b) are stepped with a minimum width 2 metre berm;  (c) do not exceed a maximum of two batters and two berms (not greater than 3.6 metres in total height) on any one lot;  (d) have a slope no greater than 1 in 4; and  (e) are retained.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO7.4 Soil used for filling or spoil from excavation is not stockpiled in locations that can be viewed from:  (a) adjoining premises; or (b) a road frontage, for a period exceeding 1 month from the commencement of the filling or excavation.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.5  All batters and berms to be constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.6 Retaining walls have a maximum height of 1.5 metres and are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.7  Excavation or filling at any point on a lot is to include measures that protect trees at the foot or top of cut or fill batters by the use of appropriate retaining methods and sensitive earth removal or placement and in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
For assessable development			l
Transport network			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO8 The development has access to a transport network of adequate standard to provide for the safe and efficient movement of vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists.	AO8.1 Vehicle access, crossovers, road geometry, pavement, utilities and landscaping to the frontage/s of the site are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	AO8.2  Development provides footpath pavement treatments in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 9 – Footpath Paving.	n/a	Not applicable.
Public infrastructure			
PO9 The design, construction and provision of any infrastructure that is to be dedicated to Council is cost effective over its life cycle and incorporates provisions to minimise adverse impacts.	AO9 Development is in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Stormwater quality			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO10 Development has a non-worsening effect on the site and surrounding land and is designed to: (a) optimise the interception, retention and removal of waterborne pollutants, prior to	AO10.1  The following reporting is prepared for all Material change of use or Reconfiguring a lot proposals:  (a) a Stormwater  Management Plan and  Report that meets or  exceeds the standards of design and construction set out in the Queensland	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
the discharge to receiving waters; (b) protect the environmental values of waterbodies affected by the development, including upstream, on-site and downstream waterbodies;	Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM) and the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; and (b) an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that meets or exceeds the Soil		
(c) achieve specified water quality objectives;	Erosion and Sedimentation Control Guidelines (Institute of		
(d) minimise flooding; (e) maximise the use of natural channel design principles;	Engineers Australia), including: (i) drainage control; (ii) erosion control;		
(f) maximise community benefit; and	(iii) sediment control; and		
(g) minimise risk to public safety.	(iv) water quality outcomes.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	For development on land greater than 2,500m² or that result in more than 5 lots or more than 5 dwellings or accommodation units, a Stormwater Quality Management Plan and Report prepared and certified by a suitably qualified design engineer (RPEQ) is prepared that demonstrates that the development:  (a) meets or exceeds the standards of design and construction set out in the Urban Stormwater Quality Planning Guideline and the Queensland Water Quality Guideline;  (b) is consistent with any local area stormwater water management planning;  (c) accounts for development type, construction phase, local climatic conditions and design objectives; and (d) provides for stormwater quality treatment measures reflecting land use constraints, such as soil type, landscape features (including landform), nutrient hazardous areas, acid sulfate soil and rainfall erosivity.		The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO11 Storage areas for stormwater detention and retention:  (a) protect or enhance the environmental values of receiving waters;  (b) achieve specified water quality objectives;  (c) where possible, provide for recreational use;  (d) maximise community benefit; and  (e) minimise risk to public safety.  Excavation or filling	AO11 No acceptable outcome is provided.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
PO12 Traffic generated by filling or excavation does not impact on the amenity of the surrounding area.	AO12.1  Haul routes used for transportation of fill to or from the site only use major roads and avoid residential areas.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO12.2 Transportation of fill to or from the site does not occur: (a) within peak traffic times; and (b) before 7am or after 6pm Monday to Friday; (c) before 7am or after 1pm Saturdays; and (d) on Sundays or Public Holidays.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
PO13 Air pollutants, dust and sediment particles from excavation or filling, do not cause significant environmental harm or nuisance impacts.	AO13.1  Dust emissions do not extend beyond the boundary of the site.	n/a	Not applicable.		
	AO13.2  No other air pollutants, including odours, are detectable at the boundary of the site.	n/a	Not applicable.		
	AO13.3 A management plan for control of dust and air pollutants is prepared and implemented.	n/a	Not applicable.		
PO14 Access to the premises (including driveways and paths) does not have an adverse impact on: (a) safety; (b) drainage; (c) visual amenity; and (d) privacy of adjoining premises.	ACCESS to the premises (including all works associated with the access):  (a) must follow as close as possible to the existing contours;  (b) be contained within the premises and not the road reserve, and  (c) are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.		
Weed and pest management					
PO15 Development prevents the spread of weeds, seeds or other pests into clean areas or away from infested areas.	AO15 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.		
Contaminated land					

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments			
PO16 Development is located and designed to ensure that users and nearby sensitive land uses are not exposed to unacceptable levels of contaminants	AO16  Development is located where:  (a) soils are not contaminated by pollutants which represent a health or safety risk to users; or  (b) contaminated soils are remediated prior to plan sealing, operational works permit, or issuing of building works permit.	•	The subject site is not known or suspected to be contaminated.			
Fire services in developme	Fire services in developments accessed by common private title					
PO17 Fire hydrants are located in positions that will enable fire services to access water safely, effectively and efficiently.	AO17.1  Fire hydrants are located in accessways or private roads held in common private title at a maximum spacing of:  (a) 120 metres for residential development; and  (b) 90 metres for any other development.	n/a	Not applicable.			
	AO17.2  Fire hydrants are located at all intersections of accessways or private roads held in common private title.	n/a	Not applicable.			