Assessment of application against relevant Development Codes

APPLICATION DETAILS

APPLICATION		PRE	MISES
FILE NO:	RAL/22/0014	ADDRESS:	91 Pine
			Close,
			Biboohra
APPLICANT:	H & J Bottcher	RPD:	Lot 34 on
			RP733269
LODGED BY:	Gilvear Planning	AREA:	7.395
	Pty Ltd	hectares	
DATE LODGED:	17 August 2022	OWNER:	H & J
			Bottcher
TYPE OF APPROVAL:	Development Permi	t	
PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT:	Reconfiguring a Lot	- Subdivision	(1 into 2 lots)
PLANNING SCHEME:	Mareeba Shire Council Planning Scheme 2016		
ZONE:	Rural Residential - no precinct		
LEVEL OF	Impact Assessment		
ASSESSMENT:	•		
SUBMISSIONS:	Nil		

Relevant Development Codes

The following Development Codes are considered to be applicable to the assessment of the application:

- 6.2.10 Rural residential zone code
- 8.2.4 Environmental significance overlay code
- 9.4.2 Landscaping code
- 9.4.3 Parking and access code
- 9.4.4 Reconfiguring a lot code
- 9.4.5 Works, services and infrastructure code

6.2.10 Rural residential zone code

6.2.10.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) located in the Rural residential zone; and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

6.2.10.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Rural residential zone code is to provide for residential development on large lots where local government infrastructure and services may not be provided on the basis that the intensity of development is generally dispersed.
- (2) Mareeba Shire Council's purpose of the Rural residential zone code is to provide for residential development on a range of larger lots which take account of the history of rural residential development throughout the region. Limited agricultural and animal husbandry activities which contribute to a semi-rural setting may be appropriate on lots with areas in the upper range of lot sizes.
- (3) The Rural residential zone has been broken into three precincts to cater for the distinct lot sizes and levels of servicing that historically occurred in this zone:
 - (a) The 2 hectare precinct is characterised by significant clusters of larger rural residential lifestyle lots that have limited infrastructure and proximity to services. Lots within this precinct will not be reconfigured below 2 hectares in size;
 - (b) The 1 hectare precinct is characterised by significant clusters of rural residential lifestyle lots that have limited access to infrastructure and proximity to services. Lots within this precinct will not be reconfigured below 1 hectare in size; and
 - (c) The 4,000m² precinct is characterised by clusters of smaller rural residential lots in proximity to activity centres, where reticulated water supply and an urban standard of infrastructure (apart from sewerage) can be provided. Lots within this precinct will not be reconfigured below 4,000m².
- (4) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) The development of large rural residential lots with attendant provision of onsite infrastructure is facilitated;
 - (b) Development within the zone preserves the environmental and topographical features of the land by integrating an appropriate scale of rural residential activities;
 - (c) Development avoids areas of ecological significance;
 - (d) Low-impact activities such as small-scale eco-tourism and outdoor recreation uses are permitted within the zone where the impacts of such uses are acceptable;
 - (e) Natural features such as creeks, gullies, waterways, wetlands and vegetation and bushland are retained, enhanced and buffered from the impacts of development, with unavoidable impacts minimised through location, design, operation and management requirements;
 - (f) Other uses may be appropriate where meeting the day to day needs of the rural residential catchment or having a direct relationship to the land in which the particular use is proposed. Any such uses should not have any adverse effects on the residential amenity of the area through factors such as noise generation, traffic generation or other factors associated with the use;

- (g) Reconfiguring a lot will maintain the predominant lot size of the precinct or intended for the precinct; and
- (h) Reconfiguring a lot involving the creation of new lots is not undertaken external to a precinct in the Rural residential zone in consideration of the inherent environmental, and/or physical infrastructure and/or social infrastructure constraints of Rural residential zoned land outside of identified precincts.

6.2.10.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 6.2.10.3—Rural residential zone code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For	accepted development su	bject to requirements and ass	sessable developme	ent
Heig	ght			
consthe in the interpretation (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	ding height takes into sideration and respects following: the height of existing buildings on adjoining premises; the development potential, with respect to height, on adjoining premises; the height of buildings in the vicinity of the site; access to sunlight and daylight for the site and adjoining sites; privacy and overlooking; and site area and street frontage length.	AO1 Development has a maximum building height of: (a) 8.5 metres; and (b) 2 storeys above ground level.	n/a	The application is for reconfiguring a lot only. No buildings or structures are being proposed.
	ouildings and residential s		,	-
PO2 Dom (a) (b)	estic outbuildings: do not dominate the lot on which they are located; and are consistent with the scale and	AO2.1 On lots less than 2 hectares, domestic outbuildings do not exceed: (a) 150m² in gross floor area; and (b) 5.5 metres above natural ground level.	n/a	The application is for reconfiguring a lot only. No buildings or structures are being proposed.
	character of development in the	AO2.2	n/a	The application is for reconfiguring a lot only.

Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	Rural residential zone.	On lots greater than 2 hectares, domestic outbuildings do not exceed: (a) 200m² in gross floor area; and (b) 8.5 metres above natural ground level.		No buildings or structures are being proposed.
Sitin	g			
	elopment is sited in a ner that considers and ects: the siting and use of adjoining premises; access to sunlight and daylight for the site and adjoining sites; privacy and overlooking; opportunities for casual surveillance of adjoining public spaces; air circulation and access to natural breezes; appearance of building bulk; and relationship with road corridors.	Buildings and structures include a minimum setback of: (a) 40 metres from a frontage to a State-controlled Road; (b) 6 metres from a frontage to any other road; (c) 10 metres from a boundary to an adjoining lot in the 2 hectare precinct, 1 hectare precinct or the Rural zone or Conservation zone; (d) 5 metres from a boundary to an adjoining lot in the 4,000m² precinct; and (e) 3 metres from a side or rear boundary otherwise.	n/a	The application is for reconfiguring a lot only. No buildings or structures are being proposed.
Acc	ommodation density			
PO4 The Accc (a) (b)	density of ommodation activities: contributes to housing choice and affordability; respects the nature and density of surrounding land use; does not cause amenity impacts beyond the reasonable expectation of accommodation	AO4 Development provides a maximum density for Accommodation activities of 1 dwelling or accommodation unit per lot.	•	The application is not proposing more than one (1) dwelling per lot.

			Complian	Commonto
Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
(d)	density for the zone; and is commensurate to the scale and frontage of the site.			
For	assessable developme	nt		
Site	cover			
	dings and structures apy the site in a manner makes efficient use of land; is consistent with the bulk and scale of surrounding buildings; and appropriately balances built and natural features.	AO5 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	The application is for reconfiguring a lot only. No buildings or structures are being proposed.
Buil	ding design			
PO6 Build appr (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	ding facades are opriately designed to: include visual interest and architectural variation; maintain and enhance the character of the surrounds; provide opportunities for casual surveillance; include a human scale; and encourage occupation of outdoor space.	AO6 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	The application is for reconfiguring a lot only. No buildings or structures are being proposed.

			Complies	Comments
Perfo	rmance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
and estab of t	elopment complements integrates with the olished built character he Rural residential, having regard to: roof form and pitch; eaves and awnings; building materials, colours and textures; and window and door size and location.	AO7 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	The application is for reconfiguring a lot only. No buildings or structures are being proposed.
Non-	residential developme	nt		
	residential lopment: is consistent with the scale of existing development; does not detract from the amenity of nearby residential uses; does not impact on the orderly provision of non-residential development in other locations in the shire; and directly supports the day to day needs of the immediate residential community; or has a direct relationship to the land on which the use is proposed.	AO8 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	The application does not propose a non-residential use.
Ame	nity			
	lopment must not ct from the amenity of local area, having d to: noise; hours of operation;	AO9 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	The proposed reconfiguration will not alter the established amenity.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 (c) traffic; (d) advertising devices; (e) visual amenity; (f) privacy; (g) lighting; (h) odour; and (i) emissions. 			
PO10 Development must take into account and seek to ameliorate any existing negative environmental impacts, having regard to: (a) noise; (b) hours of operation; (c) traffic; (d) advertising devices; (e) visual amenity; (f) privacy; (g) lighting; (h) odour; and (i) emissions.	AO10 No acceptable outcome is provided.		There is no known negative environmental impact requiring amelioration.

8.2.4 Environmental significance overlay code

8.2.4.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) land the subject of development is affected by a constraint category identified on the **Environmental significance overlay maps (OM-004a-z)**; and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Biodiversity and Water quality are appropriately reflected in Overlay Map 4 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Environment and Heritage State Interests.

8.2.4.2 Purpose

(1) The purpose of the Environmental significance overlay code is to identify and protect matters of environmental significance, which include matters of state environmental significance (MSES) as defined under the state planning policy.

The Environmental significance overlay code ensures that:

- (a) waterways and high ecological significance wetlands are protected and enhanced to maintain ecosystem services and hydrological processes and provide aquatic habitat for flora and fauna; and
- (b) the environmental values of regulated vegetation, wildlife habitat, protected areas and legally secured offset areas are protected and managed.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the biodiversity values, ecosystem services and climate change resilience of areas of environmental significance are protected, managed, enhanced and rehabilitated;
 - (b) the biodiversity values of protected areas and legally secured offset areas are protected from development unless overriding community need is demonstrated;
 - (c) development is located, designed and managed to minimise the edge effects of development on areas of regulated vegetation and wildlife habitat;
 - (d) areas of regulated vegetation and wildlife habitat are managed to minimise biodiversity losses;
 - development maintains, protects and enhances a regional network of vegetated corridors that assist in wildlife movement and contribute to the maintenance of habitat and biological diversity;
 - (f) development is appropriately setback from waterways and high ecological significance wetlands to minimise direct and indirect impacts on water quality and biodiversity; and
 - (g) riparian vegetation and vegetation associated with high ecological significance wetlands is protected and enhanced to improve water quality and natural ecosystem function.

8.2.4.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.4.3A - Environmental significance overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development					
Regulated vegetation					
<u> </u>	AO1.1 No clearing of native vegetation is undertaken within areas of 'Regulated vegetation' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).	Complies with PO1	The Environmental Significance Overlay Maps do identify some areas of Regulated Vegetation within the subject site. The origin of the regulated vegetation data for this general locality is unclear as there appears to be limited consistency with the current State vegetation mapping. The applicants have provided a Property Map of Assessable Vegetation (PMAV 2021/004144) which maps the majority of the subject land as Category X. All of proposed Lot 342 is mapped as Category X and the proposed new boundary is located within the Category X area. The applicant has demonstrated under PO1(a) that the area does not support regulated vegetation as		

Document Set ID: 4157911 Version: 1, Version Date: 09/11/2022

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Development on sites adjacent to areas of 'Regulated vegetation' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) protects the environmental significance of regulated vegetation and: (a) does not interrupt, interfere, alter or otherwise impact on underlying natural ecosystem processes such as water quality, hydrology, geomorphology and biophysical processes; (b) does not negatively impact the movement of wildlife at a local or regional scale; and (c) avoids noise, light, vibration or other edge affects, including weed and pest incursion on identified environmental values. Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.	AO2 Development (excluding roads, earthworks, drainage infrastructure and underground infrastructure) is not located within 20 metres of 'Regulated vegetation' areas identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).		Refer to PO1 above. No development is proposed within 20 metres of regulated vegetation.
Regulated vegetation inters	ecting a watercourse		
PO3 Vegetation clearing in areas mapped as 'Regulated vegetation intersecting a watercourse', identified as 'Waterway' and 'Waterway buffer' on the Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z) is avoided unless wildlife interconnectivity between habitats is maintained or enhanced at a local and regional scale, to the extent that migration or normal movement of significant species between habitats or	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z) AO3.1 A minimum setback in accordance with Table 8.2.4.3B is provided between development and the top of the high bank of a 'Waterway' identified on the Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z).	•	No development is proposed with the applicable waterway setback.

Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
norm popu Note- Asses accord	al gene flow between lations is not inhibited.	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z)	•	No clearing is proposed with the applicable waterway setback.
Repor	S .	AO3.2 No clearing of native vegetation is undertaken within the minimum setback identified at AO3.1.		
	erways and wetlands			
wetla Envi	ecological significance ands' identified on the ronmental Significance lay Maps (OM-004a-o)	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z)	•	No development is proposed with the applicable waterway setback.
Envi Wate 004p	Waterways' on ronmental Significance - erway Overlay Maps (OM-	AO4.1 A minimum setback in accordance with Table 8.2.4.3B is provided between development and		
(a)	maintaining adequate separation distances between waterways/wetlands	the top of the high bank of a 'Waterway' identified on the Environmental Significance - Waterway		
(b)	and development; maintaining and	Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z).		
	enhancing aquatic and terrestrial habitat including vegetated corridors to allow for native fauna (terrestrial and aquatic) movement;	Where within a 'High ecological significance wetland buffer' on Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) AO4.2	n/a	Not applicable.
(c)	maintaining waterway bank stability by minimising bank erosion and slumping;	A minimum buffer of 200 metres is provided between development and the edge of a 'High ecological significance wetland'		
(d)	maintaining water quality by providing buffers to allow filtering of sediments,	identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).		
(e)	nutrients and other pollutants; and retaining and improving existing riparian vegetation and existing vegetation associated with a wetland.	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z) or 'High ecological significance wetland buffer' on Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o)	•	Stormwater discharge to a waterway is not being proposed.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
1 errormance outcomes		Compiles	Comments
Note—A supporting Ecological	AO4.3 No stormwater is		
Assessment Report is prepared in	discharged to a 'Waterway'		
accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment	on Environmental		
Reports.	Significance - Waterway		
	Overlay Maps (OM-004p-		
	z) or 'High ecological		
	significance wetland'		
	identified on the		
	Environmental		
	Significance Overlay		
	Maps (OM-004a-o).		
	Note— An alternative outcome is		
	required to demonstrate that the		
	ecological impacts of stormwater discharge to a 'Waterway' or 'High		
	ecological significance wetland'		
	are mitigated in accordance with		
	PO3 through appropriate stormwater management /		
	treatment (where possible).		
	Where within a 'Waterway	✓	Wastewater
	buffer' on Environmental		discharge to a
	Significance - Waterway		waterway is not
	Overlay Maps (OM-004p-		being proposed.
	z) or 'High ecological		
	significance wetland		
	buffer' on Environmental		
	Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o)		
	AO4.4		
	No wastewater is		
	discharged to a 'Waterway'		
	on Environmental		
	Significance - Waterway		
	Overlay Maps (OM-004p-		
	z) or 'High ecological		
	significance wetland'		
	identified on the		
	Environmental		
	Significance Overlay Map		
	(OM-004a-z).		
	Note— A alternative outcome is		
	required to demonstrate that the		
	ecological impacts of wastewater discharge to a 'Waterway' or 'High		
	ecological significance wetland'		
	are mitigated in accordance with		
	PO3 through appropriate wastewater management /		
	treatment (where possible).		
For assessable developmen	nt		
Wildlife Habitat			

Document Set ID: 4157911 Version: 1, Version Date: 09/11/2022

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO5	AO5	n/a	Not applicable.
Development within a 'Wildlife habitat' area identified on the Environmental Significance	No acceptable outcome is provided		
(a) protects and enhances the habitat of Endangered, Vulnerable and Near Threatened (EVNT) species and local species of significance; (b) incorporates siting and design measures to protect and retain identified ecological values and underlying ecosystem processes			
within or adjacent to the development site; (c) maintains or enhances wildlife interconnectivity at a local and regional			
scale; and (d) mitigates the impact of other forms of potential disturbance (such as presence of vehicles, pedestrian use, increased exposure to domestic animals, noise and lighting impacts) to protect critical life stage ecological processes (such as feeding, breeding or roosting).			
Note—Development applications must identify any EVNT species or their habitats that may be affected by the proposal. In particular, applications are to identify and describe how the development avoids adverse impacts on ecological processes within or adjacent to the development area.			
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.			
Legally secured offset areas			
PO6	AO6	n/a	Not applicable.
Development within a 'Legally secured offset area' identified on the	No acceptable outcome is provided.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) or other known Legally Secured Offset Area is consistent with the binding requirements of the offset and does not prejudice, undermine, or negatively impact the inherent ecological values, including all naturally occurring native flora, fauna and their habitat within the Legally Secured Offset Area.			
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.			
Protected areas			
PO7 Development within a 'Protected area' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) is consistent with the values of the Protected Area and: (a) supports the inherent ecological and community values of the Protected Area asset; (b) maintains or enhances wildlife interconnectivity at a local and regional scale; and (c) does not prejudice, undermine, or negatively impact the inherent ecological values, including all naturally occurring native flora, fauna and their habitat within the Protected Area. Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 — Ecological Assessment	No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Eco	logical corridors and Ha	abitat linkages		
POS Dev (a)	elopment located: in the Conservation zone, Emerging community zone, Recreation and open space zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone;	AO8 No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	Not applicable.
(b)	and within an 'Ecological corridor' or a 'Habitat linkage' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o)			
prov coni corr	s not compromise the vision of habitat nectivity of the idor/linkage, having ard to: the environmental values of the area of the site identified in the 'Ecological corridor' or 'Habitat linkage'; the environmental values of adjoining and nearby land within the 'Ecological corridor' or 'Habitat linkage'; the extent of any modification proposed to the natural environment including (but not limited to) vegetation and topography; the location and design of proposed improvements that may impact on the functions			
(e)	of the 'Ecological corridor' or 'Habitat linkage' including (but not limited to) buildings, structures, fences, lighting, vehicle movement areas and infrastructure services; and the ability for the 'Ecological corridor' or			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
'Habitat linkage' to be enhanced to improve ecological connectivity.			
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports may be appropriate to demonstrate compliance with PO8.			

Table 8.2.4.3B - Setback and buffer distances from waterways

Stream order	Setback and buffer from waterways	
1	10 metres from top of high bank	
2-4	25 metres from top of high bank	
5 or more	50 metres from top of high bank	

Note—The steam order of a 'waterway' is to be determined on a case by case basis.

9.4.2 Landscaping code

9.4.2.1 Application

This code applies where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

9.4.2.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Landscaping code is to ensure all development is landscaped to a standard that:
 - (a) complements the scale and appearance of the development;
 - (b) protects and enhances the amenity and environmental values of the site;
 - (c) complements and enhances the streetscape and local landscape character; and
 - (d) ensures effective buffering of incompatible land uses to protect local amenity.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Landscaping is a functional part of development design and is commensurate with the intended use;
 - (b) Landscaping accommodates the retention of existing significant on site vegetation where appropriate and practical;
 - (c) Landscaping treatments complement the scale, appearance and function of the development;
 - (d) Landscaping contributes to an attractive streetscape;
 - (e) Landscaping enhances the amenity and character of the local area;
 - (f) Landscaping enhances natural environmental values of the site and the locality;
 - (g) Landscaping provides effective screening both on site, if required, and between incompatible land uses:
 - (h) Landscaping provides shade in appropriate circumstances;
 - (i) Landscape design enhances personal safety and reduces the potential for crime and vandalism; and
 - (j) Intensive land uses incorporate vegetated buffers to provide effective screening of buildings, structures and machinery associated with the use.

9.4.2.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.2.3A—Landscaping code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development se	For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development				
PO1 Development, other than in the Rural zone, includes landscaping that: (a) contributes to the landscape character of the Shire; (b) compliments the character of the immediate surrounds; (c) provides an appropriate balance between built and natural elements; and (d) provides a source of visual interest.	AO1 Development, other than in the Rural zone, provides: (a) a minimum of 10% of the site as landscaping; (b) planting in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species; (c) for the integration of retained significant vegetation into landscaping areas; (d) on-street landscaping works in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D9 Landscaping, of the Planning Scheme Policy 4 - FNQROC Regional Development Manual. Note—Where development exceeds a site cover of 90%, areas of landscaping may be provided above ground level to achieve a total supply of landscaping equivalent to 10% of the site area.		The proposed development is for a 1 into 2 lot subdivision. Onsite landscaping is unnecessary at the reconfiguring a lot stage.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Development, other than in the Rural zone, included landscaping along site frontages that: (a) creates an attractive streetscape; (b) compliments the character of the immediate surrounds; (c) assists to break up and soften elements of built form; (d) screen areas of limited visual interest or servicing; (e) provide shade for pedestrians; and (f) includes a range and variety of planting.	Development, other than in the Rural zone, includes a landscape strip along any site frontage: (a) with a minimum width of 2 metres where adjoining a car parking area; (b) with a minimum width of 1.5 metres in all other locations; and (c) in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species. Note—Where development is setback from a frontage less than 1.5 metres, the	n/a	See comments for AO1.
PO3 Development included landscaping and fencing along side and real boundaries that: (a) screens and buffer	landscape treatments along	n/a	See comments for AO1.
land uses; (b) assists to break up and soften elements of built form; (c) screens areas of limited visual interest; (d) preserves the amenity of sensitive land uses; and (e) includes a range and variety of planting.	AO3.2 Shrubs and trees provided in landscape strips along side and rear boundaries: (a) are planted at a maximum spacing of 1 metre; (b) will grow to a height of at least 2 metres; (c) will grow to form a screen of no less than 2 metres in height; and (d) are mulched to a minimum depth of 0.1 metres with organic mulch.	n/a	See comments for AO1.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO3.3 Any landscape strip provided along a side or rear boundary is designed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.	n/a	See comments for AO1.
Car parking areas are improved with a variety of landscaping that: (a) provides visual interest; (b) provides a source of shade for pedestrians; (c) assists to break up and soften elements; and (d) improves legibility.	Landscaping is provided in car parking areas which provides: (a) a minimum of 1 shade tree for every 4 parking spaces, or part thereof, where the car parking area includes 12 or more spaces; (b) a minimum of 1 shade tree for every 6 parking spaces, or part thereof, otherwise; and (c) where involving a car parking area in excess of 500m²: (i) shade structures are provided for 50% of parking spaces; and (ii) a minimum of 10% of the parking area as landscaping. Note—Where a shade structure is provided over part of a car parking area, shade tree planting is not required in this	n/a	See comments for AO1.
	AO4.2 Landscaping in car parking areas is designed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.	n/a	See comments for AO1.
PO5 Landscaping areas include a range and variety of planting that:	AO5.1 Plant species are selected from the Plant Schedule in Planning Scheme Policy 6 - Landscaping and preferred plant species.	n/a	See comments for AO1.

Performa	ance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
integrated integrated integrated integrated including white (e) does involved integrated	suitable for the ended purpose d local conditions; ntributes to the ural character of Shire; ludes native ecies; ludes locally demic species, ere practical; and es not include asive plants or eds.	AO5.2 A minimum of 25% of (new and existing) plants is provided as larger, advanced stock with a minimum plant height of 0.7 metres and mulched to a minimum depth of 0.1 metres with organic mulch.	n/a	See comments for AO1.
provision	oing does not on the ongoing of infrastructure ices to the Shire.	AO6.1 Tree planting is a minimum of (a) 2 metres from any underground water, sewer, gas, electricity or telecommunications infrastructure; and (b) 4 metres from any inspection chamber.	n/a	See comments for AO1.
		AO6.2 Vegetation below or within 4 metres of overhead electricity lines and power poles has a maximum height of 3.5 metres at maturity.	n/a	See comments for AO1.
		AO6.3 Vegetation adjoining an electricity substation boundary, at maturity, will have: (a) a height of less than 4 metres; and (b) no foliage within 3 metres of the substation boundary, unless the substation has a solid wall along any boundary.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO7	A07	n/a	See comments
Landscaping areas are	No acceptable outcome is		for AO1.
designed to:	provided.		
(a) be easily maintained			
throughout the			
ongoing use of the			
site;			
(b) allow sufficient area			
and access to			
sunlight and water for plant growth;			
(c) not cause a nuisance to			
occupants of the site			
or members of the			
public; and			
(d) maintain or enhance			
the safety of			
pedestrians through			
the use of Crime			
Prevention Through			
Environmental			
Design principles.			

Table 9.4.2.3B—Side and rear boundary landscape treatments

[able 9.4.2.3B—Side and rear boundary landscape treatments				
Location or use	Landscape Strip Minimum Width	Screen Fencing Minimum Height	Extent of treatment	
Where car parking, servicing or manoeuvring areas adjoin a side or rear boundary	1 metre	Not applicable	To the extent these areas adjoin the boundary	
Where involving a use other than a dwelling house on a site with a common boundary with land in the Low density residential zone, the Medium density residential zone or the Rural residential zone:	1.5 metres	1.8 metres	Along the common boundary.	
Development for an industrial activity which has a common boundary with land not within the Industry zone	2 metres	1.8 metres	Along the common boundary	
Development involving (a) Tourist park not in the Rural zone (b) Sales office (c) Multiple dwelling (d) Residential care facility; or (e) Dual occupancy	Not applicable	1.8 metres	Along all side and rear boundaries and between dwellings for a Dual occupancy.	
Development involving (a) Tourist park in the Rural zone (b) Service station (c) Car wash; or (d) Utility installation	2 metres	Not applicable	Along all side and rear boundaries	
For: (a) waste storage; (b) equipment; (c) servicing areas; and (d) private open space and site facilities associated with Caretaker's accommodation.	Not applicable	1.8 metres	To prevent visibility	

Note—Where more than one landscape treatment is applicable to a development in the above table, the development is to provide a landscape treatment that satisfies all applicable minimum specifications.

9.4.3 Parking and access code

9.4.3.1 Application

This code applies to assessing development where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

9.4.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Parking and access code is to ensure:
 - (a) parking areas are appropriately designed, constructed and maintained;
 - (b) the efficient functioning of the development and the local road network; and
 - (c) all development provides sufficient parking, loading/service and manoeuvring areas to meet the demand generated by the use.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Land uses have a sufficient number of parking and bicycle spaces designed in a manner to meet the requirements of the user;
 - (b) Parking spaces and associated manoeuvring areas are safe, functional and provide equitable access;
 - (c) Suitable access for all types of vehicles likely to utilise a parking area is provided in a way that does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the surrounding road network;
 - (d) Premises are adequately serviced to meet the reasonable requirements of the development; and
 - (e) End of trip facilities are provided by new major developments to facilitate alternative travel modes.

9.4.3.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.3.3A—Parking and access code – For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments			
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development						
Car parking spaces						

- ·	,			
Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
suffic accor likely	lopment provides ient car parking to mmodate the demand to be generated by the having regard to the: nature of the use; location of the site; proximity of the use to public transport services; availability of active transport infrastructure; and accessibility of the use to all members of the	The number of car parking spaces provided for the use is in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3B . Note—Car parking spaces provided for persons with a disability are to be considered in determining compliance with AO1.		Not applicable. The proposed development is for a 1 into 2 lot subdivision. Formal car parking facilities are not necessary at this time.
Vabia	community.			
PO2 Vehic provid (a)	cle crossovers are ded to:: ensure safe and efficient access between the road and premises; minimize interference with the function and operation of roads; and	AO2.1 Vehicular access to/from Council roads is designed and constructed in accordance with the Standard drawings in Planning Scheme Policy 4 - FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
(c)	minimise pedestrian to vehicle conflict.	Development on a site with two or more road frontages provides vehicular access from: (a) the primary frontage where involving Community activities or Sport and recreation activities, unless the primary road frontage is a Statecontrolled road; or (b) from the lowest order road in all other instances.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO2.3 Vehicular access for particular uses is provided in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3E.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO3 Access, manoeuvring and car parking areas include appropriate pavement treatments having regard to: (a) the intensity of anticipated vehicle movements; (b) the nature of the use that they service; and (c) the character of the surrounding locality.	AO3 Access, manoeuvring and car parking areas include pavements that are constructed in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3C.	n/a	Not applicable.
For assessable developmen	<u> </u>		
Parking area location and de	sign		
PO4 Car parking areas are located and designed to: (a) ensure safety and efficiency in operation; and (b) be consistent with the	AO4.1 Car parking spaces, access and circulation areas have dimensions in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.1 Off-street car parking.	n/a	Not applicable.
character of the surrounding locality.	AO4.2 Disabled access and car parking spaces are located and designed in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.6 Parking facilities - Off-street parking for people with disabilities.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO4.3 The car parking area includes designated pedestrian routes that provide connections to building entrances.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO4.4 Parking and any set down areas are: (a) wholly contained within the site; (b) visible from the street where involving Commercial activities, Community activities, Industrial activities or a use in the Recreation and open space zone; (c) are set back behind the main building line where involving a Dual occupancy, Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility; and (d) provided at the side or rear of a building in all other instances.	n/a	Not applicable.
Site access and manoeuvring			
PO5 Access to, and manoeuvring within, the site is designed and located to: (a) ensure the safety and efficiency of the external road network; (b) ensure the safety of pedestrians; (c) provide a functional and convenient layout; and (d) accommodate all vehicles intended to use the site.	ACCESS and manoeuvrability is in accordance with: (a) AS28901 – Car Parking Facilities (Off Street Parking); and (b) AS2890.2 – Parking Facilities (Off-street Parking) Commercial Vehicle Facilities. Note—Proposal plans should include turning circles designed in accordance with AP34/95 (Austroads 1995) Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO5.2 Vehicular access has a minimum sight distance in accordance with Part 5 of AUSTROADS.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO5.3 Vehicular access is located and designed so that all vehicles enter and exit the site in a forward gear.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO5.4 Pedestrian and cyclist access to the site: (a) is clearly defined; (b) easily identifiable; and (c) provides a connection between the site frontage and the entrance to buildings and end of trip facilities (where provided).	n/a	Not applicable.
PO6 Development that involves an internal road network ensures that it's design: (a) ensure safety and efficiency in operation; (b) does not impact on the amenity of residential	AO6.1 Internal roads for a Tourist park have a minimum width of: (a) 4 metres if one way; or (b) 6 metres if two way.	n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	formance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
(c)	uses on the site and on adjoining sites, having regard to matters of: (i) hours of operation; (ii) noise (iii) light; and (iv) odour; accommodates the nature and volume of vehicle movements anticipated to be generated by the use; allows for convenient access to key on-site features by pedestrians, cyclists and motor vehicles; and	For a Tourist park, internal road design avoids the use of cul-desacs in favour of circulating roads, where unavoidable, cul-de-sacs provide a full turning circle for vehicles towing caravans having: (a) a minimum approach and departure curve radius of 12 metres; and (b) a minimum turning circle radius of 8 metres.	n/a	Not applicable.
(e)	in the Rural zone, avoids environmental degradation.	AO6.3 Internal roads are imperviously sealed and drained, apart from those for an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity.	n/a	Not applicable.
		AO6.4 Speed control devices are installed along all internal roads, apart from those for an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity, in accordance with Complete Streets.	n/a	Not applicable.
		AO6.5 Internal roads, apart from those for an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity, are illuminated in accordance with AS 4282 (as amended) - Control of Obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO6.6 Where involving an accommodation activity, internal roads facilitate unobstructed access to every dwelling, accommodation unit, accommodation site and building by emergency services vehicles.	n/a	Not applicable.
	For an Energy and infrastructure activity or Rural activity, internal road gradients: (a) are no steeper than 1:5; or (b) are steeper than 1:5 and are sealed.	n/a	Not applicable.
Servicing			
PO7 Development provides access, maneuvering and servicing areas on site that: (a) accommodate a service vehicle commensurate with the likely demand generated by the use; (b) do not impact on the safety or efficiency of internal car parking or maneuvering areas; (c) do not adversely impact on the safety or efficiency of the road network;	AO7.1 All unloading, loading, service and waste disposal areas are located: (a) on the site; (b) to the side or rear of the building, behind the main building line; (c) not adjacent to a site boundary where the adjoining property is used for a sensitive use.	n/a	Not applicable.
(d) provide for all servicing functions associated with the use; and (e) are located and designed to minimise their impacts on adjoining sensitive land	AO7.2 Unloading, loading, service and waste disposal areas allow service vehicles to enter and exit the site in a forward gear.	n/a	Not applicable.

Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	uses and streetscape quality.	AO7.3 Development provides a servicing area, site access and maneuvering areas to accommodate the applicable minimum servicing vehicle specified in Table 9.4.3.3B.	n/a	Not applicable.
Main	tenance			
	ng areas are used and tained for their intended ose.	AO8.1 Parking areas are kept and used exclusively for parking and are maintained in a suitable condition for parking and circulation of vehicles.	n/a	Not applicable.
		AO8.2 All parking areas will be compacted, sealed, drained, line marked and maintained until such time as the development ceases.	n/a	Not applicable.
End	of trip facilities			
Centr Emer provide trans	lopment within the re zone; Industry zone or ging community zone des facilities for active port users that:	AO9.1 The number of bicycle parking spaces provided for the use is in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3D.	n/a	Not applicable.
(a) (b)	meet the anticipated demand generated from the use; comprise secure and convenient bicycle parking and storage; and provide end of trip facilities for all active transport users.	AO9.2 End of trip facilities are provided in accordance with Table 9.4.3.3D.	n/a	Not applicable.

If for Educational establishment or Child care centre where involving more than 100 vehicle movements per day or Renewable energy facility, Sport and recreation activities or Tourist park

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO10 The level of traffic generated by the development on the surrounding local road network must not result in unacceptable impacts on adjacent land and local road users. If for Educational establishment we hicle movements per day or Tourist park			
PO11 The level of traffic generated by the development on the surrounding local road network must not result in unacceptable impacts on adjacent land and local road users.	AO11 A traffic impact report is prepared by a suitably qualified person that identifies: (d) the expected traffic movements to be generated by the facility; (e) any associated impacts on the road network; and (f) any works that will be required to address the identified impacts.	n/a	Not applicable.

Table 9.4.3.3B—Vehicle Parking and Service Vehicle Space Requirements

Table 9.4.3.3B—Vehicle	rarking an	u Service	venici	e 3	pace Rec	
Definition	Minimum spaces	number	of Ca	ar	parking	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Adult store	Inside the One space GFA up to per 20m² c 400m². Outside the One space GFA up to per 10m² c 400m².	per 50m ² 400m ² GF or part the e Centre zo per 25m ² 400m ² GF	or pair FA, and reof of one: on pair FA, and	d on GF/ rt th	e space A above ereof of e space	One SRV space.
Agricultural supplies store	Inside the Cone space GFA up to per 15m² cone space GFA up to per 10m² cone space GFA up to per 10m² cone supplied with 600m².	per 50m ² 400m ² GF or part the e Centre zo per 30m ² 400m ² GF or part the	or paid of pai	d on GF/ rt th d on GF/ sho	e space A above ereof of e space A above	One HRV space.
Air services	If accepte requirement One space net lettable If Assessat As determine	nts develop per 90m² area; or ole develop	ment: or pai		-	If accepted development subject to requirements: One space per 200m² or part thereof of net lettable area. If assessable development: As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Animal husbandry	If accepted development subject to requirements: One space. If assessable development:	If accepted development subject to requirements:
	As determined by Council.	If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Animal keeping	Minimum of three spaces or one space per 200m² of use area, whichever is greater.	One SRV space.
Aquaculture	If accepted development subject to requirements: In the rural or rural residential zones - two spaces; or Enclosed within a building - one space per 90m² of net lettable area.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil. If assessable development:
	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Brothel	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Bulk landscape supplies	Minimum of five spaces or one space per 250m² of use area, whichever is greater.	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m²; or One HRV space.
Car wash	Minimum of two parking spaces plus 1 car queuing space for each car wash or service bay and parking at rates applicable to ancillary use/s.	One AV space.
Caretaker's accommodation	One space per dwelling unit.	Nil.
Cemetery	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Child care centre	A minimum of 3 spaces will be required to be used for setting down and picking up of children, plus one space per 10 children for staff parking.	One SRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Club	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m ² or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space; and One HRV space if greater than 500m ² .
Community care centre	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m ² or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space.
Community residence	Three spaces.	Nil.
Community use	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 50m ² or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space if greater than 500m ² GFA.
Crematorium	One space per 30m ² GFA or part thereof.	As determined by Council.
Cropping	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces. If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil. If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Detention facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Dual occupancy	One covered space per dwelling; and One visitor space.	Nil.
Dwelling house	One covered space per dwelling house. One space per secondary dwelling.	Nil.
Dwelling unit	One covered space per dwelling unit. A minimum of 0.25 spaces per dwelling is to remain in common property for visitor use.	Nil

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Educational establishment	For all establishments: 1 space per every10 students plus 1 space per employee, and Provision for 3 vehicles for loading and unloading of passengers in addition to the requirements above.	For accepted development subject to requirements: One HRV space; and One SRV space; and A minimum of 3 Bus / coach parking / set down areas. For assessable development: As determined by Council.
Emergency services	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m ² or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	As determined by Council.
Environment facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Extractive industry	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Food and drink outlet	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone. Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Drive-through: Queuing spaces for 6 passenger vehicles within the site boundaries. One service vehicle space per use or one service vehicle space per 1,000m² GFA, whichever is greater.	One HRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Function facility	One space per 30m ² or part thereof of GFA.	One SRV space.
Funeral parlour	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone. Inside the Centre zone: One space per 20m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One SRV space.
Garden centre	A minimum of 5 spaces for customer parking or one space per 150m² or part thereof of use area, whichever is greater. One service vehicle space per use or one service vehicle space per 800m² use area, whichever is greater.	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV space.
Hardware and trade supplies	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone. Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV space.
Health care services	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone. Inside the Centre zone: One space per 40m² or part thereof of net lettable area. Outside the Centre zone: One space per 20m² of or part thereof of net lettable area.	One SRV space per 500m ² GFA.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
High impact industry	One space per 90m ² GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Home based business	Bed and breakfasts: One space per guest room. Other home based business: One space for home based business and one covered space for the dwelling.	Nil.
Hospital	One space per 6 residential care beds. One space per 4 hostel unit beds. Visitor parking at 30% of resident parking requirements.	One HRV space. One SRV for every 800m² of GFA and part thereof; and One space for an emergency vehicle.
Hotel	One space per 10m ² or part thereof of GFA per bar, beer garden and other public area. One space per 50m ² or part thereof of GFA per bulk liquor sales area. One space per guest room.	One HRV space.
Indoor sport and recreation	If accepted development subject to requirements: One space per 25m² of net lettable area. If assessable development: As determined by Council.	An internal bus set down and pick up area that enables the bus to be in a forward motion at all times whilst onsite Internal dedicated taxi bays provided within 200 metres of the site entrance.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision		
Intensive animal industries	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.	One SRV space.		
	If assessable development: As determined by Council.			
Intensive horticulture	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces.	If accepted development subject to requirements:		
	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If assessable development: As determined by Council.		
Landing	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.		
Low impact industry	One space per 90m ² GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.		
Major electricity infrastructure	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.		
Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.		
Marine industry	One space per 90m ² GFA or part thereof.	One HRV space if the site has an area greater than 1,000m², otherwise One SRV space.		
Market	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.		
Medium impact industry	One space per 90m ² GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.		

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Motor sport facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Multiple dwelling	One covered space per dwelling.	Nil.
	One dedicated vehicle wash-down bay for premises containing 5 or more dwellings.	
	A minimum of 0.25 spaces per dwelling is to remain in common property for visitor use.	
Nature-based tourism	One space per dwelling; or 0.75 spaces per guest room if in dormitory or shared facilities.	As determined by Council.
Nightclub entertainment facility	One space per 60m ² GFA or part thereof.	Nil.
Non-resident workforce accommodation	One space per dwelling unit.	Nil.
Office	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone.	One SRV space.
	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 20m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	
Outdoor sales	A minimum of 5 spaces for customer parking or one space per 150m ² of use area, whichever is greater.	One AV if the site has an area of greater than 2,000m ² ,
	One service vehicle space per use or one service vehicle space per 800m², whichever is greater.	otherwise One HRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Outdoor sport and recreation	Coursing, horse racing, pacing or trotting: One space per five seated spectators; plus One space per 5m² of other spectator areas. Football: 50 spaces per field. Lawn bowls: 30 spaces per green. Swimming pool: 15 spaces; plus One space per 100m² of useable site area. Tennis or other Court: Four spaces per court. Golf Course: Four spaces per tee on the course; plus One space per 50m² of net lettable area. Any other use: As determined by council.	An internal bus set down and pick up area that enables the bus to be in a forward motion at all times whilst onsite Internal dedicated taxi bays provided within 200 metres of the site entrance.
Park	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Parking station	Not applicable	Nil.
Permanent plantation	If accepted development subject to requirements: Two spaces. If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil. If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Place of worship	Minimum of 5 spaces per use or one space per 25m ² or part thereof of GFA, whichever is greater.	One SRV space.
Port services	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Relocatable home park	One space for each home site plus 1 space for each 5 home sites or part thereof for visitors.	One HRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Renewable energy facility	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Research and technology industry	One space per 90m ² GFA or part thereof.	One HRV space if the site has an area greater than 1,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Residential care facility	One space per 4 hostel unit beds. Visitor parking at 30% of resident parking requirements.	One SRV space; and One space for an emergency vehicle.
Resort complex	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Retirement facility	One covered space per unit and 0.5 spaces for visitors parking.	One SRV space; and One space for an emergency vehicle.
Roadside stall	One space per stall.	Nil.
Rooming accommodation	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 15 beds. Outside the Centre zone: One space per 8 beds.	One SRV space. One space for a 20 seater bus.
Rural industry	One space per 90m ² GFA or part thereof.	One AV space.
Rural workers' accommodation	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil If Assessable development:	If accepted development subject to requirements:
	As determined by Council.	If Assessable development: As determined by Council.
Sales office	One space per 25m ² GFA or part thereof.	Nil.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Service industry	Accepted where in an existing building within the Centre zone. Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One HRV space if the site is greater than 2,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Service station	Minimum of four spaces plus car parking at rates applicable to ancillary use/s.	One AV space.
Shop	Accepted where in an existing building within the Centre zone. Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One HRV space if the site is greater than 2,000m², otherwise One SRV space.
Shopping centre	Inside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One AV space per 1,000m²; and One SRV space per 500m²; or One SRV space per every 2 specialty uses, whichever the greater.
Short-term accommodation	One space per unit.	One HRV space if involves the serving of food or beverage; otherwise One SRV space.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Showroom	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone. Inside the Centre zone: One space per 25m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 10m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m². Outside the Centre zone: One space per 50m² or part thereof of GFA up to 400m² GFA, and one space per 15m² or part thereof of GFA above 400m².	One AV space and One SRV space if the site is greater than 2,000m²; or One HRV space; and One SRV Space.
Special industry	One space per 90m ² GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Substation	If assessable development: As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Telecommunication s facility	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil. If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil. If assessable development: As determined by Council.
Theatre	One space per 15m ² or part thereof of net lettable area, or one space per 5 seated spectators whichever is the greater.	One SRV space.
Tourist attraction	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of Car parking spaces	Minimum Service Vehicle Space Provision
Tourist park	One space within each accommodation site plus 1 additional visitor space per 10 accommodation sites. Queuing for 2 vehicles towing caravans and 1 holding bay for a vehicle towing a caravan plus additional queuing for 1 vehicle towing a caravan per 40 accommodation sites.	One HRV space.
Transport depot	One space per 125m ² GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Utility installation	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil. If assessable development: As determined by Council.	If accepted development subject to requirements: Nil. If assessable development: As determined
Veterinary services	Accepted in an existing building within the Centre zone. Inside Centre zone: One space per 40m² or part thereof of net lettable area. Outside Centre zone: One space per 20m² or part thereof of net lettable area.	by Council. One HRV space if greater than 500m² GFA; and One SRV space per 500m² GFA.
Warehouse	One space per 90m ² GFA or part thereof.	One AV space if the site has an area greater than 2,000m², otherwise One HRV.
Wholesale nursery	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Winery	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.

Note—Any use not herein defined - as determined by Council.

Table 9.4.3.3C—Pavement Standards for Access, Manoeuvring and Car Parking areas

Zone	Compacted Gravel Base (minimum thickness)	Surfacing Options
All development	t other than dwe	lling house
All zones other than the Conservation zone or the	75mm	Reinforced concrete with a minimum thickness of: • 100mm for parking areas; and • 150mm for access ways.
Rural zone	150mm	Asphalt with a minimum thickness of 25mm
	150mm	Two coat sprayed bitumen seal
	150mm	Concrete pavers
Conservation zone or Rural zone	Not applicable	Minimum 150mm thickness compacted gravel suitable for all weather and dust free
Dwelling house		
All zones	75mm	Reinforced concrete with a minimum thickness of: • 100mm for parking areas; and • 150mm for access ways.
	150mm	Asphalt with a minimum thickness of 25mm
	150mm	Two coat sprayed bitumen seal
	150mm	Concrete pavers
	Not applicable	Minimum 150mm thickness compacted gravel suitable for all weather and dust free

Note—Where more than one surfacing option is listed, any one of the treatments listed may be provided.

Table 9.4.3.3D—Bicycle Parking and End of Trip Facility Requirements

able 9.4.3.3D—Bicycle Parking and End of Trip Facility Requirements				
Definition	Minimum number of	Minimum end of trip		
Deminion	bicycle parking spaces	facilities		
Commercial activities	New or redeveloped commercial activities buildings (other than a shopping centre), provide: • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 8% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² Gross leasable area). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and • visitor facilities: - one bicycle rack space per 750m² NLA or part thereof; and - bicycle parking, signposted; and adjacent to a major public entrance to the building.	New or redeveloped commercial activities buildings (other than a shopping centre), provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees: • accessible showers at the rate of one shower per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof; • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and • secure lockers in the changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² GLA to cater for walkers, cyclists and other active users.		
Community use	Four spaces per 1,500m ² GFA.	As determined by Council.		

Definition	Minimum number of	Minimum end of trip
	bicycle parking spaces	facilities
Educational establishment	New or redeveloped education facilities, provide: • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 8% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and • For students: - minimum of 8% of the peak number of students using the building at any one time (with 75% occupancy); and - bicycle storage within 100m of the building front entrance(s); or added to the campus central bicycle storage area.	New or redeveloped education facilities, provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees: • accessible showers at the rate of one per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof; • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and • secure lockers in changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA) to cater for cyclists, walkers and other active users.
Food & drink outlet	One space per 100m² GFA.	As determined by Council.
Function facility	One space per 300m ² GFA.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of bicycle parking spaces	Minimum end of trip facilities
Health care services	New or redeveloped healthcare facilities, provide the following facilities: • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 5% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and • For visitors: - facilities with inpatient accommodation provide one space per each 30 beds; - facilities without inpatient accommodation provide one space per each 4 practitioners; - aged care facilities provide one space per each 60 beds; - In every instance above, provide a minimum of 5 bicycle parking spaces; and - bicycle parking provided: in an accessible location, signposted and within 10m a major public entrance to the building.	New or redeveloped healthcare facilities, provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees: • accessible showers at the rate of one per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof; • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and • secure lockers in changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 75m² GLA) to cater for cyclists, walkers and other active users.
Hospital	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Indoor sport and recreation	One space per employee plus 1 space per 200m ² GFA	As determined by Council.
Park	As determined by Council.	As determined by Council.
Rooming accommodation	One space per 4 letting rooms.	As determined by Council.

Definition	Minimum number of bicycle parking spaces	Minimum end of trip facilities
Short term accommodation	One space per 4 letting rooms.	As determined by Council.
Shop or Shopping centre	New or redeveloped shopping centres, provide: • For employees - secure bicycle storage for 8% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² Gross leasable area). Secure bicycle parking involves a bicycle locker or bicycle rail in a locked compound/cage; and • visitor facilities: - one space per 500m² GLA or part thereof for centres under 30,000m²; or - one space per 750m² GLA or part thereof for centres between 30,000m² and 50,000m²; and - bicycle parking is signposted and within 10m of a major public entrance to the building.	New or redeveloped shopping centres, provide the following employee facilities, which are continually accessible to employees: • accessible showers at the rate of one shower per 10 bicycle spaces provided or part thereof; • changing facilities adjacent to showers; and • secure lockers in the changing facilities for 20% of building staff (based on one person per 60m² GLA to cater for walkers, cyclists and other active users.
Theatre	One space per 100m ² GFA.	As determined by Council.

Table 9.4.3.3E—Vehicular Access for Specific Uses

Use	Design	
Dwelling house	A secondary dwelling shares a vehicle crossover with the Dwelling house.	
Car wash	Site access involves: (a) a maximum width of 9 metres of any vehicle crossover across a footpath;	
Service station	 (b) a minimum separation of 12 metres between any vehicle crossover and a road intersection; (c) a separate entrance and exit; and (d) a minimum separation between vehicle crossovers of 14 metres. 	

Industrial activities	Each lot is provided with no more than one access point every 15 metres.
Roadside stall	A single vehicular access point is provided to the site.
Tourist park	(a) a single vehicular access point is provided to the site; and(b) no accommodation site has individual vehicular access.

9.4.4 Reconfiguring a lot code

9.4.4.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) for Reconfiguring a lot; and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

9.4.4.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Reconfiguring a lot code is to ensure that land is:
 - (a) arranged in a manner which is consistent with the intended scale and intensity of development within the area;
 - (b) provided with access to appropriate movement and open space networks; and
 - (c) contributes to housing diversity and accommodates a range of land uses.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Subdivision of land achieves the efficient use of land and the efficient provision of infrastructure and transport services;
 - (b) Lots are of a suitable size and shape for the intended or potential use having regard to the purpose and overall outcomes of the relevant zone or precinct.
 - (c) Subdivision of land creates lots with sufficient area and dimensions to accommodate the ultimate use, meet user requirements, protect environmental features and account for site constraints;
 - (d) A range and mix of lot sizes is provided to facilitate a variety of industry and housing types;
 - (e) Subdivision design incorporates a road network that provides connectivity and circulation for vehicles and provide safe and efficient access for pedestrians, cyclists and public transport;
 - (f) Subdivision design provides opportunities for walking and cycling for recreation and as alternative methods of travel;
 - (g) Subdivision of land provides and integrates a range of functional parkland, including local and district parks and open space links for the use and enjoyment of the residents of the locality and the shire;
 - (h) Subdivision of land contributes to an open space network that achieves connectivity along riparian corridors and between areas with conservation values;
 - (i) Subdivision within the Rural zone maintains rural landholdings in viable parcels;
 - (j) Land in historical townships is not reconfigured to be used for urban purposes; and
 - (k) Residential subdivision and greenfield development is designed to consider and respect:
 - i. topography;
 - ii. climate responsive design and solar orientation;
 - iii. efficient and sustainable infrastructure provision;
 - iv. environmental values;
 - v. water sensitive urban design;
 - vi. good quality agricultural land; and
 - vii. the character and scale of surrounding development.

9.4.4.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.4.3A—Reconfiguring a lot code – For assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Area and frontage of lots			

Document Set ID: 4157911 Version: 1, Version Date: 09/11/2022

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO1 Lots include an area and frontage that: (a) is consistent with the design of lots in the surrounding area; (b) allows the desired amenity of the zone to be achieved; (c) is able to accommodate all buildings, structures and works associated with the intended land use; (d) allow the site to be provided with sufficient access; (e) considers the proximity of the land to: (i) centres; (ii) public transport services; and (iii) open space; and	ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES AO1.1 Lots provide a minimum area and frontage in accordance with Table 9.4.4.3B.	Complies	Comments Table 9.4.4.3B does not nominate a minimum area and frontage for rural residential allotments that are located outside a precinct. Assessment is therefore necessary against PO1 and the criteria it nominates: (a) The proposed lots will be consistent with the design/size of lots in the surrounding area. (b) The proposed lots allow the
(iii) open space; and (f) allows for the protection of environmental features; and (g) accommodates site constraints.			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
			with good access. Individual access crossovers will be conditioned in accordance with FNQROC Development Manual standards.
			(e) The subject land is within a major existing rural residential node. The site is within the catchment of the Biboohra State Primary School and has convenient access to the Biboohra Shop and Service Station. Significant areas of natural open space are readily accessible (Barron River and State Forests).
			(f) Proposed Lot 342 avoids areas of regulated vegetation. Proposed Lot 341 is already fully developed.
			(g) Proposed Lot 342 is flat, cleared and ideally suited for the proposed use.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
			The development complies with PO1.
Existing buildings and easem	ents		
PO2 Reconfiguring a lot which contains existing land uses or existing buildings and structures ensures: (a) new lots are of sufficient	AO2.1 Each land use and associated infrastructure is contained within its individual lot.	•	The development complies.
area and dimensions to accommodate existing land uses, buildings and structures; and (b) any continuing use is not compromised by the reconfiguration.	AO2.2 All lots containing existing buildings and structures achieve the setback requirements of the relevant zone.	•	The development complies.
PO3 Reconfiguring a lot which contains an existing easement ensures: (a) future buildings, structures and accessways are able to be sited to avoid the easement; and (b) the reconfiguration does not compromise the purpose of the easement or the continued operation of any infrastructure contained within the easement.	AO3 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
Boundary realignment			
PO4 The boundary realignment retains all attendant and existing infrastructure connections and potential connections.	AO4 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
Access and road network			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO5 Access to a reconfigured lot (including driveways and paths) must not have an adverse impact on: (a) safety; (b) drainage; (c) visual amenity; (d) privacy of adjoining premises; and (e) service provision.	AO5 No acceptable outcome is provided.	•	The development complies.
PO6 Reconfiguring a lot ensures that access to a lot can be provided that: (a) is consistent with that provided in the surrounding area; (b) maximises efficiency and safety; and (c) is consistent with the nature of the intended use of the lot. Note—The Parking and access code should be considered in demonstrating compliance with PO6.	AO6 Vehicle crossover and access is provided in accordance with the design guidelines and specifications set out in Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
PO7 Roads in the Industry zone are designed having regard to: (a) the intended use of the lots; (b) the existing use of surrounding land; (c) the vehicular servicing requirements of the intended use; (d) the movement and turning requirements of B-Double vehicles. Note—The Parking and access code should be considered in demonstrating compliance with PO7.	AO7 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
Rear lots			
PO8 Rear lots are designed to: (a) provide a high standard of amenity for residents	AO8.1 Rear lots are designed to facilitate development that adjoins or overlooks a park or open space.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
and other users of the site; b) provide a high standard of amenity for adjoining properties; and	AO8.2 No more than two rear lots are created behind any lot with a road frontage.	n/a	Not applicable.	
(c) not adversely affect the safety and efficiency of the road from which access is gained.	AO8.3 Access to lots is via an access strip with a minimum width of: (a) 4 metres where in the Low density residential zone or Medium density residential zone; or (b) 8 metres otherwise.	n/a	Not applicable.	
	AO8.4 A single access strip is provided to a rear lot along one side of the lot with direct frontage to the street. Note—Figure A provides further guidance in relation to the desired outcome.	n/a	Not applicable.	
	AO8.5 No more than 1 in 10 lots created in a new subdivision are rear lots.	n/a	Not applicable.	
	AO8.6 Rear lots are not created in the Centre zone or the Industry zone.	n/a	Not applicable.	
Crime prevention and community safety				

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO9 Development includes design features which enhance public safety and seek to prevent opportunities for crime, having regard to: (a) sightlines; (b) the existing and intended pedestrian movement network; (c) the existing and intended land use pattern; and (d) potential entrapment locations.	AO9 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
Pedestrian and cycle moveme	nt network		
PO10 Reconfiguring a lot must assist in the implementation of a Pedestrian and cycle movement network to achieve safe, attractive and efficient pedestrian and cycle networks.	AO10 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
Public transport network			
PO11 Where a site includes or adjoins a future public transport corridor or future public transport site identified through a structure planning process, development: (a) does not prejudice the future provision of the identified infrastructure; (b) appropriately treats the common boundary with the future corridor; and (c) provides opportunities to integrate with the adjoining corridor where a it will include an element which will attract pedestrian movement. Residential subdivision	AO11 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO12 Resid (a)	dential lots are: provided in a variety of sizes to accommodate housing choice and diversity; and located to increase variety and avoid large areas of similar lot sizes.	AO12 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
Rura	l residential zone			
Rural land 4,000	lots are only created in the residential zone where is located within the lom² precinct, the 1 hectare nct or the 2 hectare	AO13 No acceptable outcome is provided.	Complies with Overall Outcomes of the Code	Refer to Planning Discussion section of report.
Addit	tional provisions for gree	nfield development only		
with responsible (a) (b) (c)	subdivision design des the new community a local identity by onding to: site context site characteristics setting landmarks natural features; and views.	AO14 No acceptable outcome provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
to position to pos	road network is designed rovide a high level of ectivity, permeability and ation for local vehicles, c transport, pedestrians cyclists.	AO15 No acceptable outcome provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO16 The road network is designed to: (a) minimise the number of cul-de-sacs; (b) provide walkable catchments for all residents in cul-de-sacs; and (c) include open cul-de-sacs heads. Note—Figure B provides further guidance	AO16 No acceptable outcome provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO17 Reconfiguring a lot provides safe and convenient access to the existing or future public transport network.	AO17 The subdivision locates 90% of lots within 400 metres walking distance of a future public transport route.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO18 The staging of the lot reconfiguration prioritises delivery of link roads to facilitate efficient bus routes.	AO18 No acceptable outcome provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO19 Provision is made for sufficient open space to: (a) meet the needs of the occupiers of the lots and	AO19.1 A minimum of 10% of the site area is dedicated as open space.	n/a	Not applicable.
to ensure that the environmental and scenic values of the area are protected; (b) retain riparian corridors, significant vegetation and habitat areas and provides linkages between those areas; and (c) meet regional, district	AO19.2 A maximum of 30% of the proposed open space can consist of land identified as significant vegetation or riparian corridor buffer.	n/a	Not applicable.
and neighbourhood open space requirements.			

Per	formance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
РО	20	AO20	n/a	Not applicable.
Α	network of parks and	No acceptable outcome		
	nmunity land is provided:	is provided.		
(a)	to support a full range of			
	recreational and sporting activities;			
(b)	to ensure adequate			
	pedestrian, cycle and			
	vehicle access;			
(c)	which is supported by			
	appropriate infrastructure			
(.1)	and embellishments;			
(d)	to facilitate links between			
(e)	public open spaces; which is co-located with			
(6)	other existing or			
	proposed community			
	infrastructure;			
(f)	which is consistent with			
	the preferred open			
	space network; and			
(g)	which includes a			
	diversity of settings;			

Table 9.4.4.3B—Minimum area and dimensions for Reconfiguring a lot

Zone	Туре	Minimum area	Minimum frontage
Centre	All lots	800m ²	20 metres
Community facilities	All lots	Not specified	Not specified
Conservation	All lots	Not specified	Not specified
Emerging community	All lots	10 hectares	100 metres
Low density residential	Where greenfield reticulated water a	development and sewerage	and connected to
	Rear lot	800m ²	5 metres
	All other lots	350m ²	10 metres
	Where connected	to reticulated wat	er and sewerage
	Rear lot	800m ²	5 metres
	All other lots	600m ²	16 metres
	Where connected	to reticulated wat	er
	Rear lot	1,000m ²	5 metres
	All other lots	800m ²	16 metres
Medium density	Rear lot	600m ²	5 metres
residential	All other lots	400m ²	10 metres
Industry	All lots	1,500m ²	45 metres
Recreation and open space	All lots	Not specified	Not specified

Zone	Туре	Minimum area	Minimum frontage	
Rural	All lots	60 hectares	400 metres	
Rural residential	2 hectare precinct	2 hectare precinct		
	All lots	2 hectares	60 metres	
	1 hectare precinct	1 hectare precinct		
	All lots	1 hectare	40 metres	
	4,000m ² precinct			
	All lots	4,000m ²	40 metres	

Figure A – Examples of access to rear lots

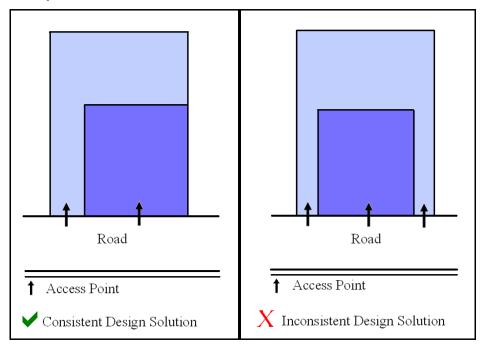
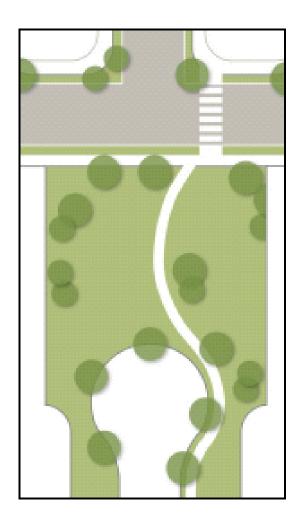


Figure B – Example of cul-de-sac design



9.4.5 Works, services and infrastructure code

9.4.5.1 Application

(1) This code applies to assessing development where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

9.4.5.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Works, services and infrastructure code is to ensure that all development is appropriately serviced by physical infrastructure, public utilities and services and that work associated with development is carried out in a manner that does not adversely impact on the surrounding area.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development provides an adequate, safe and reliable supply of potable, fire-fighting and general use water in accordance with relevant standards;
 - (b) Development provides for the treatment and disposal of wastewater and ensures there are no adverse impacts on water quality, public health, local amenity or ecological processes;
 - (c) Development provides for the disposal of stormwater and ensures that there are no adverse impacts on water quality or ecological processes;
 - (d) Development connects to the road network and any adjoining public transport, pedestrian and cycle networks while ensuring no adverse impacts on the safe, convenient and efficient operation of these networks;
 - (e) Development provides electricity and telecommunications services that meet its desired requirements:
 - (f) Development is connected to a nearby electricity network with adequate capacity without significant environment, social or amenity impact;
 - (g) Development does not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations;
 - (h) Infrastructure dedicated to Council is cost effective over its life cycle;
 - (i) Work associated with development does not cause adverse impacts on the surrounding area; and
 - (j) Development prevents the spread of weeds, seeds or other pests.

9.4.5.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.5.3 - Works, services and infrastructure code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development					
Water supply					

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO1 Each lot has an adequate volume and supply of water that: (a) meets the needs of users; (b) is adequate for firefighting purposes; (c) ensures the health, safety and convenience of the community; and (d) minimises adverse impacts on the receiving environment.	AO1.1 Development is connected to a reticulated water supply system in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual other than where located: (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and (b) outside a reticulated water supply service area.	n/a	Not applicable.
	Development, where located outside a reticulated water supply service area and in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone is provided with: (a) a bore or bores are provided in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or (b) on-site water storage tank/s: (i) with a minimum capacity of 90,000L; (ii) fitted with a 50mm ball valve with a camlock fitting; and (iii) which are installed and connected prior to the occupation or use of the development.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Wastewater disposal			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO2 Each lot provides for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water that: (a) meets the needs of users; (b) is adequate for firefighting purposes; (c) ensures the health, safety and convenience of the community; and (d) minimises adverse impacts on the receiving environment.	AO2.1 Development is connected to a reticulated sewerage system in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual other than where located: (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and (b) outside a reticulated sewerage service area.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO2.2 An effluent disposal system is provided in accordance with ASNZ 1547 On-Site Domestic Wastewater Management (as amended) where development is located: (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and (b) outside a reticulated sewerage service area.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Stormwater infrastructure			
PO3 Stormwater infrastructure is designed and constructed to collect and convey the design storm event to a lawful point of discharge in a manner that mitigates impacts on life and property.	AO3.1 Where located within a Priority infrastructure area or where stormwater infrastructure is available, development is connected to Council's stormwater network in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO3.2 On-site drainage systems are constructed: (a) to convey stormwater from the premises to a lawful point of discharge; and (b) in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.		The development will be conditioned to comply.
Electricity supply			
Each lot is provided with an adequate supply of electricity Telecommunications infrastromatical infrastroma	The premises: (a) is connected to the electricity supply network; or (b) has arranged a connection to the transmission grid; or (c) where not connected to the network, an independent energy system with sufficient capacity to service the development (at near average energy demands associated with the use) may be provided as an alternative to reticulated electricity where: (i) it is approved by the relevant regulatory authority; and (ii) it can be demonstrated that no air or noise emissions; and (iii) it can be demonstrated that no adverse impact on visual amenity will occur.		The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO5 Each lot is provided with an adequate supply of telecommunication infrastructure	AO5 Development is provided with a connection to the national broadband network or telecommunication services.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Existing public utility serv	ices		
PO6 Development and associated works do not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations.	Public utility mains, services are relocated, altered or repaired in association with the works so that they continue to function and satisfy the relevant Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Excavation or filling			
PO7 Excavation or filling must not have an adverse impact on the:	AO7.1 Excavation or filling does not occur within 1.5 metres of any site boundary.	n/a	Not applicable.
(a) streetscape; (b) scenic amenity; (c) environmental values; (d) slope stability;	AO7.2 Excavation or filling at any point on a lot is to be no greater than 1.5 metres above or below natural ground level.	n/a	Not applicable.
(e) accessibility; or (f) privacy of adjoining premises.	AO7.3 Earthworks batters: (a) are no greater than 1.5 metres in height; (b) are stepped with a minimum width 2 metre berm; (c) do not exceed a maximum of two batters and two berms (not greater than 3.6 metres in total height) on any one lot; (d) have a slope no greater than 1 in 4; and (e) are retained.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO7.4 Soil used for filling or spoil from excavation is not stockpiled in locations that can be viewed from: (a) adjoining premises; or (b) a road frontage, for a period exceeding 1 month from the commencement of the filling or excavation.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.5 All batters and berms to be constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.6 Retaining walls have a maximum height of 1.5 metres and are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.7 Excavation or filling at any point on a lot is to include measures that protect trees at the foot or top of cut or fill batters by the use of appropriate retaining methods and sensitive earth removal or placement and in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
For assessable development	<u> </u>		
Transport network			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO8 The development has access to a transport network of adequate standard to provide for the safe and efficient movement of vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists.	AO8.1 Vehicle access, crossovers, road geometry, pavement, utilities and landscaping to the frontage/s of the site are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
	AO8.2 Development provides footpath pavement treatments in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 9 – Footpath Paving.	n/a	Not applicable.
Public infrastructure			
PO9 The design, construction and provision of any infrastructure that is to be dedicated to Council is cost effective over its life cycle and incorporates provisions to minimise adverse impacts.	AO9 Development is in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	•	The development will be conditioned to comply.
Stormwater quality			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO10 Development has a non-worsening effect on the site and surrounding land and is	AO10.1 The following reporting is prepared for all Material change of use or Reconfiguring a lot	•	The development will be conditioned to
designed to: (a) optimise the interception, retention and removal of waterborne pollutants, prior to	proposals: (a) a Stormwater Management Plan and Report that meets or exceeds the standards of design and construction set out in the Queensland		comply.
the discharge to receiving waters; (b) protect the environmental values of waterbodies affected by the development, including upstream, on-site and downstream	Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM) and the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; and (b) an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that meets		
waterbodies; (c) achieve specified water quality objectives;	or exceeds the Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Guidelines (Institute of		
(d) minimise flooding; (e) maximise the use of natural channel design principles;	Engineers Australia), including: (i) drainage control; (ii) erosion control;		
(f) maximise community benefit; and (g) minimise risk to public safety.	(iii) sediment control; and (iv) water quality outcomes.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	For development on land greater than 2,500m² or that result in more than 5 lots or more than 5 dwellings or accommodation units, a Stormwater Quality Management Plan and Report prepared and certified by a suitably qualified design engineer (RPEQ) is prepared that demonstrates that the development: (a) meets or exceeds the standards of design and construction set out in the Urban Stormwater Quality Planning Guideline and the Queensland Water Quality Guideline; (b) is consistent with any local area stormwater water management planning; (c) accounts for development type, construction phase, local climatic conditions and design objectives; and (d) provides for stormwater quality treatment measures reflecting land use constraints, such as soil type, landscape features (including landform), nutrient hazardous areas, acid sulfate soil and rainfall erosivity.		The development will be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO11 Storage areas f stormwater detention aretention: (a) protect or enhance the environmental values of receiving waters; (b) achieve specified water quality objectives; (c) where possible, provide for recreational use; (d) maximise community benefit; and (e) minimise risk to public safety.		n/a	Not applicable.
Excavation or filling			
PO12 Traffic generated by filling or excavation does not impact on the amenity of the surrounding area.	ot transportation of fill to or from	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO12.2 Transportation of fill to or from the site does not occur: (a) within peak traffic times; and (b) before 7am or after 6pm Monday to Friday; (c) before 7am or after 1pm Saturdays; and (d) on Sundays or Public Holidays.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
	•	•			
PO13 Air pollutants, dust and sediment particles from excavation or filling, do not cause significant environmental harm or nuisance impacts.	AO13.1 Dust emissions do not extend beyond the boundary of the site.	n/a	Not applicable.		
	AO13.2 No other air pollutants, including odours, are detectable at the boundary of the site.	n/a	Not applicable.		
	AO13.3 A management plan for control of dust and air pollutants is prepared and implemented.	n/a	Not applicable.		
PO14 Access to the premises (including driveways and paths) does not have an adverse impact on: (a) safety; (b) drainage; (c) visual amenity; and (d) privacy of adjoining premises.	ACCESS to the premises (including all works associated with the access): (a) must follow as close as possible to the existing contours; (b) be contained within the premises and not the road reserve, and (c) are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.		
Weed and pest management					
PO15 Development prevents the spread of weeds, seeds or other pests into clean areas or away from infested areas.	AO15 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.		
Contaminated land					

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO16 Development is located and designed to ensure that users and nearby sensitive land uses are not exposed to unacceptable levels of contaminants	AO16 Development is located where: (a) soils are not contaminated by pollutants which represent a health or safety risk to users; or (b) contaminated soils are remediated prior to plan sealing, operational works permit, or issuing of building works permit.	•	The site is not a known contaminated site.
Fire services in developme	ents accessed by common priva	te title	
PO17 Fire hydrants are located in positions that will enable fire services to access water safely, effectively and efficiently.	AO17.1 Fire hydrants are located in accessways or private roads held in common private title at a maximum spacing of: (a) 120 metres for residential development; and (b) 90 metres for any other development.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO17.2 Fire hydrants are located at all intersections of accessways or private roads held in common private title.	n/a	Not applicable.