Assessment of application against relevant Development Codes

APPLICATION		PRE	MISES	
FILE NO:	MCU/19/0007	ADDRESS:	3224	
			Mareeba -	
			Dimbulah	
			Road,	
			Mutchilba	
APPLICANT:	S & N Walmsley	RPD:	Lot 450 on	
			HG575	
LODGED BY:	Emergent Building	AREA:	7.34	
	Approvals		hectares	
DATE LODGED:	29 May 2019	OWNER :	S & N	
	-		Walmsley	
TYPE OF APPROVAL:	Development Permi	t		
PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT:	Material Change	of Use - Dv	welling House	
	(Secondary Dwelling	g)	_	
PLANNING SCHEME:	Mareeba Shire Cour	ncil Planning S	cheme 2016	
ZONE:	Rural Zone			
LEVEL OF	Code Assessment			
ASSESSMENT:				
SUBMISSIONS:	N/A - Code Assessn	nent Only		

APPLICATION DETAILS

Relevant Development Codes

The following Development Codes are considered to be applicable to the assessment of the application:

- 6.2.9 Rural zone code
- 8.2.1 Agricultural land overlay code
- 8.2.3 Bushfire hazard overlay code
- 8.2.4 Environmental significance overlay code
- 8.2.6 Flood hazard overlay code
- 8.2.8 Hill and slope overlay code
- 8.2.12 Transport infrastructure overlay code
- 9.3.1 Accommodation activities code
- 9.4.5 Works, services and infrastructure code

6.2.9 Rural zone code

6.2.9.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) located in the Rural zone; and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

6.2.9.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Rural zone code is to:
 - (a) provide for rural uses including cropping, intensive horticulture, intensive animal industries, animal husbandry, animal keeping and other primary production activities;
 - (b) provide opportunities for non-rural uses that are compatible with agriculture, the environmental features, and landscape character of the rural area where the uses do not compromise the long-term use of the land for rural purposes;
 - (c) protect or manage significant natural resources and processes to maintain the capacity for primary production.
- (2) Mareeba Shire Council's purpose of the Rural zone code is to recognise the importance of primary production to the economy of the region and to maintain and strengthen the range of primary industries which contribute to the rural economy.

The purpose of the Rural zone code is to:

- (a) recognise the diversity of rural uses that exists throughout the region;
- (b) protect the rural character of the region;
- (c) provide facilities for visitors and tourists that are accessible and offer a unique experience;
- (d) protect the infrastructure of the Mareeba-Dimbulah Irrigation Scheme Area from development which may compromise long term use for primary production;
- (e) maintain distinct boundaries between the rural areas and the villages, towns and urban areas of the region;
- (f) provide for a range of uses, compatible and associated with rural or ecological values including recreational pursuits and tourist activities;
- (g) prevent adverse impacts of development on ecological values;
- (h) preserve land in large holdings; and
- (i) facilitate the protection of strategic corridors across the landscape which link remnant areas of intact habitat and transport corridors.
- (3) The purpose of the Rural zone code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Areas for use for primary production are conserved and fragmentation below economically viable lot sizes is avoided;
 - (b) The establishment of a wide range of rural pursuits is facilitated, including cropping, intensive horticulture, forestry, intensive animal industries, animal husbandry and animal keeping and other compatible primary production uses;
 - (c) The establishment of extractive industries, mining and associated activities and alternative forms of energy generation is appropriate where environmental impacts and land use conflicts are minimised;
 - (d) Uses that require isolation from urban areas as a consequence of their impacts such as noise or odour may be appropriate where land use conflicts are minimised;

- (e) Development is reflective of and responsive to the environmental constraints of the land;
- (f) Residential and other development is appropriate only where directly associated with the rural nature of the zone;
- (g) Low-impact tourism and recreation activities do not compromise the long-term use of the land for rural purposes;
- (h) The viability of both existing and future rural uses and activities is protected from the intrusion of incompatible uses;
- (i) Visual impacts of clearing, building, materials, access ways and other aspects of development are minimised or appropriately managed;
- (j) Adverse impacts of development both on-site and from adjoining areas are avoided and any impacts are minimised through location, design, operation and management; and
- (k) Natural features such as creeks, gullies, waterways, wetlands and bushland are retained, managed, enhanced and separated from adjacent development.

6.2.9.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 6.2.9.3—Rural zone code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes			O a mana a mata
	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For accepted development s	ubject to requirements and ass	sessable develop	oment
Height			
 PO1 Building height takes into consideration and respects the following: (a) the height of existing buildings on adjoining premises; (b) the development 		~	Complies.
 potential, with respect to height, on adjoining premises; (c) the height of buildings in the vicinity of the site; (d) access to sunlight and daylight for the site and adjoining sites; (e) privacy and overlooking; and (f) site area and street frontage length. 	Buildings and structures associated with a rural	n/a	Not applicable.
Siting, where not involving	a Dwelling house		
Note—Where for Dwelling house, the	etbacks of the Queensland Developmen	t Code apply.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 PO2 Development is sited in a manner that considers and respects: (a) the siting and use of adjoining premises; (b) access to sunlight and daylight for the site and adjoining sites; 	AO2.1 Buildings and structures include a minimum setback of: (a) 40 metres from a frontage to a State- controlled road; and (b) 10 metres from a boundary to an adjoining lot.	n/a	Not applicable.
 (c) privacy and overlooking; (d) air circulation and access to natural breezes; (e) appearance of building bulk; and (f) relationship with road 	AO2.2 Buildings and structures, where for a Roadside stall, include a minimum setback of 0 metres from a frontage to a road that is not a State-controlled road.	n/a	Not applicable.
corridors.	 AO2.3 Buildings and structures, expect where a Roadside stall, include a minimum setback of: (a) 10 metres from a frontage to a sealed road that is not a State-controlled road; and (b) 100 metres from a frontage to any other road that is not a State-controlled road; as frontage to any other road that is not a State-controlled road; 	n/a	Not applicable.
Accommodation density			
PO3 The density of Accommodation activities: (a) respects the nature	AO3.1 Residential density does not exceed one dwelling house per lot.	~	Complies - the proposed secondaty dwelling falls within the definition of a dwelling house.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
(b) (c)	and density of surrounding land use; is complementary and subordinate to the rural and natural landscape values of the area; and is commensurate to the scale and frontage of the site.	 AO3.2 Residential density does not exceed two dwellings per lot and development is for: (a) a secondary dwelling; or (b) Caretaker's accommodation and includes building work or minor building work with a maximum gross floor area of 100m²; or (c) Rural worker's accommodation. 	~	Complies.
For	assessable developme	nt		
Site	cover			
	dings and structures upy the site in a manner makes efficient use of land; is consistent with the bulk and scale of buildings in the surrounding area; and appropriately balances built and natural features.	AO4 No acceptable outcome is provided.	~	Complies.
and esta of th	elopment complements integrates with the blished built character ne Rural zone, having rd to: roof form and pitch; eaves and awnings; building materials, colours and textures; and window and door size and location.	AO5 No acceptable outcome is provided.	~	Complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Amenity			
PO6 Development must not detract from the amenity of the local area, having regard to: (a) noise; (b) hours of operation; (c) traffic; (d) advertising devices; (e) visual amenity; (f) privacy; (g) lighting; (h) odour; and (i) emissions.	AO6 No acceptable outcome is provided.	~	Complies.
P07 Development must take into account and seek to ameliorate any existing negative environmental impacts, having regard to: (a) noise; (b) hours of operation; (c) traffic; (d) advertising devices; (e) visual amenity; (f) privacy; (g) lighting; (h) odour; and (i) emissions.	A07 No acceptable outcome is provided.	~	Complies.

8.2.1 Agricultural land overlay code

8.2.1.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) land the subject of development is located within the agricultural land areas identified on the **Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n)**; and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Agriculture is appropriately reflected in Overlay Map 1 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Economic Growth State Interests.

8.2.1.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Agricultural land overlay code is to protect or manage important agricultural areas, resources, and processes which contribute to the shire's capacity for primary production.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) The alienation, fragmentation or reduction in primary production potential of land within the 'Class A' area or 'Class B' area is avoided, except where:
 - (i) an overriding need exists for the development in terms of public benefit,
 - (ii) no suitable alternative site exists; and
 - (iii) the fragmentation or reduced production potential of agricultural land is minimised;
 - (b) 'Class A' areas and 'Class B' areas continue to be used primarily for more intensive agricultural activities which utilise the land quality provided in these areas;
 - (c) Grazing on very large land holdings is maintained as the dominant rural activity in the 'Broadhectare rural' area; and
 - (d) Land with the 'Broadhectare rural' area is maintained in its current configuration.

8.2.1.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.1.3 – Agricultural land overlay code - For accepted deve	lopment subject to
requirements and assessable development	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development				
 PO1 The fragmentation or loss of productive capacity of land within the 'Class A' area or 'Class B' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n) is avoided unless: (a) an overriding need exists for the development in terms of public benefit; (b) no suitable alternative site exists; and (c) loss or fragmentation is minimised to the extent possible. 	AO1 Buildings and structures are not located on land within the 'Class A' area or 'Class B' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n) unless they are associated with: (a) animal husbandry; or (b) animal keeping; or (c) cropping; or (d) dwelling house; or (e) home based business; or (f) intensive animal industry (only where for feedlotting); or (g) intensive horticulture; or (h) landing; or (j) winery.	n/a	Not applicable - the site is a rural lifestyle lot and is not used for agricultural activity nor could it support a viable agricultural activity.	
For assessable development			Ι	
 PO2 Sensitive land uses in the 'Class A' area, 'Class B' area or the 'Broadhectare rural' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n) are designed and located to: (a) avoid land use conflict; (b) manage impacts from agricultural activities, including chemical spray drift, odour, noise, dust, smoke and ash; (c) avoid reducing primary production potential; and (d) not adversely affect public health, safety and amenity. 	AO2 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.	

Perfor	mance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
area ou identifie Agricu maps (a) (b) (b) (c)	opment in the 'Class A' r 'Class B' area ed on the Iltural land overlay (OM-001a-n) : ensures that agricultural land is not permanently alienated; ensures that agricultural land is preserved for agricultural purposes; and does not constrain the viability or use of agricultural land.	AO3 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
If for I	Reconfiguring a lot			
area' io Agricu maps retaine holding scale g	roadhectare rural dentified on the Iltural land overlay (OM-001a-n) is ed in very large rural gs viable for broad grazing and ated activities.	AO4 Development does not involve the creation of a new lot within the 'Broadhectare rural' area identified on the Agricultural land overlay maps (OM-001a-n).	n/a	Not applicable.
'Class area or rural' a Agricu maps severe occurs not frag	figuring a lot in the A' area, 'Class B' r the 'Broadhectare area identified on the Iltural land overlay (OM-001a-n) that is d by a gazetted road only where it does gment land used for tural purposes.	AO5 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO6	AO6	n/a	Not applicable.
Any Reconfiguring a lot in	No acceptable outcome is		
the 'Class A' area, 'Class B' area or the	provided.		
'Broadhectare rural' area			
identified on the			
Agricultural land overlay			
maps (OM-001a-n),			
including boundary			
realignments, only occurs where it:			
(a) improves			
agricultural			
efficiency;			
(b) facilitates			
agricultural activity;			
or (c) facilitates			
conservation			
outcomes; or			
(d) resolves boundary			
issues where a			
structure is built			
over the boundary line of two lots.			

8.2.3 Bushfire hazard overlay code

8.2.3.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) land the subject of development is located within a Bushfire hazard area and Potential impact buffer (100 metres) identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o); and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Natural hazards are appropriately reflected in Overlay Maps 3, 6 and 8 and are required to be mapped by State Government in response to Hazard and Safety State Interests.

8.2.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Bushfire hazard overlay code is to minimise the threat of bushfire to people and property.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development in a Bushfire hazard area is compatible with the nature of the hazard;
 - (b) The number of people and properties subject to bushfire hazards are minimised through appropriate building design and location;
 - (c) Development does not result in a material increase in the extent, duration or severity of bushfire hazard; and
 - (d) Appropriate infrastructure is available to emergency services in the event of a bushfire.

8.2.3.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.3.3—Bushfire hazard overlay code — For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For accepted development su	ubject to requirements and assess	sable developm	ent
Water supply for fire-fighting	purposes		
PO1 Development where within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o) maintains the safety of people and property by providing an adequate, accessible and reliable water supply for fire- fighting purposes which is safely located and has sufficient flow and pressure	Where within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM- 003a-o) AO1.1 Where in a reticulated water service area, the on-site water supply has flow and pressure characteristics of 10 litres a second at 200 kPa. OR	n/a	Not applicable.
characteristics. Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	AO1.2 Where access to the reticulated water network is not available, a minimum on site water storage of 5,000 litres is provided that must comprise:	~	Can be conditioned.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
		 (a) a separate tank; or (b) a reserve section in the bottom part of the main water supply tank; or (c) a dam; or (d) a swimming pool. Note—Where a water tank is provided for fire-fighting purposes it is fitted with standard rural fire brigade fittings and the tank is provided with a hardstand area for heavy vehicles. 		
Fora	assessable development			
Land	d use			
 'Busi' Pote metric Busi' Pote metric Busi' map appri haza the: (a) (b) (c) Note-mana by sui seekir 	elopment within a hfire hazard area' and ential impact buffer (100 es)' identified on the hfire hazard overlay s (OM-003a-o) is opriate to the bushfire and risk having regard to the bushfire risk compatibility of development; the vulnerability of and safety risk to persons associated with the use; and consequences of bushfire in regard to impacts on essential infrastructure, buildings and structures. - A Bushfire hazard gement plan must be prepared tably qualified persons in ng to demonstrate compliance ne Performance outcome.	 AO2 All buildings, structures, infrastructure and facilities associated with the following uses are located outside any area of the site located within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o): (a) child care centre; or (b) community care centre; or (c) correctional facility; or (d) educational establishment; or (e) emergency services; or (f) hospital; or (g) residential care facility; or (h) retirement facility; or (i) rooming accommodation; or (j) shopping centre; or (l) tourist attraction. 	n/a	Not applicable.
Lot	design		-	
'Busi Pote metr Busi map minir adve	onfiguring a lot within a hfire hazard area' and ential impact buffer (100 es)' identified on the hfire hazard overlay s (OM-003a-o) mises the potential erse impacts of bushfire he safety of people,	Where within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM- 003a-o) AO3.1 No new lots are created. OR	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 property and the environment through lot design that: (a) is responsive to the nature and extent of bushfire risk; and (b) allows efficient emergency access to buildings for fire-fighting appliances. Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome. 	AO3.2 All lots include a building envelope that achieves a radiant heat flux level of 29kW/m ² at the permitter of the building envelope. Note—Where a radiant heat flux of 29kW/m ² is achieved and this relies on cleared or maintained land external to the land the subject of the development application it must be demonstrated that land external to the site will be maintained to a standard that does not exceed the level of bushfire hazard identified in a Bushfire hazard management plan.		
Firebreaks and access		1	
 PO4 In a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o), vehicular access is designed to mitigate against bushfire hazard by: (a) ensuring adequate access for fire-fighting and other emergency vehicles; (b) ensuring adequate access for the evacuation of residents and emergency 	 AO4.1 In a 'Bushfire hazard area' and 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o), roads are designed and constructed: (a) with a maximum gradient of 12.5%; (b) to not use cul-de-sacs; and (c) a constructed road width and weather standard complying with Planning Scheme Policy 4 - FNQROC Regional Development Manual. 	n/a	Not applicable.
 personnel in an emergency situation, including alternative safe access routes should access in one direction be blocked in the event of a fire; and (c) providing for the separation of developed areas and adjacent bushland. Note—Where it is not practicable to provide firebreaks in accordance with A04.2 Fire Maintenance Trails are provided in accordance with the following: i. located as close as possible to the boundaries of the lot and the adjoining hazardous vegetation; 		~	Can be conditioned to comply.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 ii. the minimum cleared width not less than 6 metres; iii. the formed width is not less than 2.5 metres; iv. the formed gradient is not greater than 15%; v. vehicular access is provided at both ends; vi. passing bays and turning areas are provided for fire- fighting appliances located on public land. Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome. 	FNQROC Regional Development Manual.		
Hazardous materials			
P05 Public safety and the environment are not adversely affected by the detrimental impacts of bushfire of hazardous materials manufactured or stored in bulk. Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	AO5 The processing or storage of dangerous goods or hazardous materials is not undertaken in a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
Landscaping		-	
 PO6 Landscaping within a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a- o) does not result in a material increase in the extent, duration or severity of bushfire hazard having regard to: (a) fire ecology; (b) slope of site; and (c) height and mix of plant species. Note-Frost hollows and the associated grass kill facilitates a rapid curing of fuel and exacerbates bushfire hazard. 	AO6 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.			
Infrastructure			
PO7 Infrastructure services located in a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a- o) are protected from damage or destruction in the event of a bushfire. Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	AO7 The following infrastructure services are located below ground: (a) water supply; (b) sewer; (c) electricity; (d) gas; and (e) telecommunications	n/a	Not applicable.
Private driveways			
Private driveways PO8 All premises located in a 'Bushfire hazard area' and a 'Potential impact buffer (100 metres)' identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay maps (OM-003a- o) are provided with vehicular access that enables safe evacuation for occupants and easy access by fire-fighting appliances. Note— A Bushfire hazard management plan must be prepared by suitably qualified persons in seeking to demonstrate compliance with the Performance outcome.	 AO8 Private driveways: (a) do not exceed a length of 60 metres from the street frontage; (b) do not exceed a gradient of 12.5%; (c) have a minimum width of 3.5 metres; (d) have a minimum vertical clearance of 4.8 metres; (e) accommodate turning areas for fire-fighting appliances in accordance with the Queensland Fire and Emergency Services' Fire Hydrant and Vehicle Access Guidelines; and (f) serve no more than three dwellings or buildings. 	Complies with PO8	Although the access driveway is in excess of 60 metres, the proposed means of access will still comply with PO8.

8.2.4 Environmental significance overlay code

8.2.4.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) land the subject of development is affected by a constraint category identified on the **Environmental significance overlay maps (OM-004a-z)**; and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Biodiversity and Water quality are appropriately reflected in Overlay Map 4 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Environment and Heritage State Interests.

8.2.4.2 Purpose

(1) The purpose of the Environmental significance overlay code is to identify and protect matters of environmental significance, which include matters of state environmental significance (MSES) as defined under the state planning policy.

The Environmental significance overlay code ensures that:

- (a) waterways and high ecological significance wetlands are protected and enhanced to maintain ecosystem services and hydrological processes and provide aquatic habitat for flora and fauna; and
- (b) the environmental values of regulated vegetation, wildlife habitat, protected areas and legally secured offset areas are protected and managed.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the biodiversity values, ecosystem services and climate change resilience of areas of environmental significance are protected, managed, enhanced and rehabilitated;
 - (b) the biodiversity values of protected areas and legally secured offset areas are protected from development unless overriding community need is demonstrated;
 - (c) development is located, designed and managed to minimise the edge effects of development on areas of regulated vegetation and wildlife habitat;
 - (d) areas of regulated vegetation and wildlife habitat are managed to minimise biodiversity losses;
 - development maintains, protects and enhances a regional network of vegetated corridors that assist in wildlife movement and contribute to the maintenance of habitat and biological diversity;
 - (f) development is appropriately setback from waterways and high ecological significance wetlands to minimise direct and indirect impacts on water quality and biodiversity; and
 - (g) riparian vegetation and vegetation associated with high ecological significance wetlands is protected and enhanced to improve water quality and natural ecosystem function.

8.2.4.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.4.3A - Environmental significance overlay code - For accepted development
subject to requirements and assessable development

	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For	accepted development sub	ject to requirements and as	sessable deve	elopment
Reg	ulated vegetation			
PO1 Vega map vega Env Sigr	etation clearing in areas ped as 'Regulated etation' identified on the ironmental hificance Overlay Maps I-004a-o) is avoided SS: it is demonstrated that the area does not support regulated vegetation as mapped; the loss or reduction in regulated vegetation is for community infrastructure and associated access facilities that cannot be avoided; wildlife interconnectivity is maintained or enhanced at a local and regional scale; and the loss or reduction in regulated vegetation is minimised and any residual impacts are offset.	AO1.1 No clearing of native vegetation is undertaken within areas of 'Regulated vegetation' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).		Complies.
accor	ssment Report is prepared in dance with Planning Scheme 2 – Ecological Assessment			
PO2 Deve to ar vege Envi Over prote signi		AO2 Development (excluding roads, earthworks, drainage infrastructure and underground infrastructure) is not located within 20 metres of 'Regulated vegetation' areas identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).	~	Complies.

ecosystem processes			
 such as water quality, hydrology, geomorphology and biophysical processes; (b) does not negatively impact the movement of wildlife at a local or regional scale; and (c) avoids noise, light, vibration or other edge affects, including weed and pest incursion on identified environmental values. 			
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.			
Regulated vegetation inters	secting a watercourse		
PO3 Vegetation clearing in areas mapped as 'Regulated vegetation intersecting a watercourse', identified as 'Waterway' and 'Waterway buffer' on the Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z) is avoided unless wildlife interconnectivity between habitats is maintained or enhanced at a local and regional scale, to the extent that migration or normal movement of significant species between habitats or	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z) AO3.1 A minimum setback in accordance with Table 8.2.4.3B is provided between development and the top of the high bank of a 'Waterway' identified on the Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z).	~	Complies.
normal gene flow between populations is not inhibited. Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z)	~	Complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 PO4 'High ecological significance wetlands' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) and 'Waterways' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p-z) and are protected by: (a) maintaining adequate separation distances between waterways/wetlands and development; (b) maintaining and 	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z) AO4.1 A minimum setback in accordance with Table 8.2.4.3B is provided between development and the top of the high bank of a 'Waterway' identified on the Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z).	~	Complies.
 enhancing aquatic and terrestrial habitat including vegetated corridors to allow for native fauna (terrestrial and aquatic) movement; (c) maintaining waterway bank stability by minimising bank erosion and slumping; (d) maintaining water quality by providing buffers to allow filtering of sediments, 	Where within a 'High ecological significance wetland buffer' on Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) AO4.2 A minimum buffer of 200 metres is provided between development and the edge of a 'High ecological significance wetland' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).	~	Complies.
nutrients and other pollutants; and (e) retaining and improving existing riparian vegetation and existing vegetation associated with a wetland. Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z) or 'High ecological significance wetland buffer' on Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) AO4.3 No stormwater is discharged to a 'Waterway' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z) or 'High ecological significance wetland' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o).		Complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	Note— An alternative outcome is required to demonstrate that the ecological impacts of stormwater discharge to a 'Waterway' or 'High ecological significance wetland' are mitigated in accordance with PO3 through appropriate stormwater management / treatment (where possible).		
	Where within a 'Waterway buffer' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z) or 'High ecological significance wetland buffer' on Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) AO4.4 No wastewater is discharged to a 'Waterway' on Environmental Significance - Waterway Overlay Maps (OM-004p- z) or 'High ecological significance wetland' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Map (OM-004a-z). Note— A alternative outcome is required to demonstrate that the ecological impacts of wastewater discharge to a 'Waterway' or 'High ecological significance wetland' are mitigated in accordance with	~	Complies.
	PO3 through appropriate wastewater management / treatment (where possible).		
For assessable developmen	t		
Wildlife Habitat	105	,	
 PO5 Development within a 'Wildlife habitat' area identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o): (a) protects and enhances the habitat of Endangered, Vulnerable and Near Threatened (EVNT) species and local species of significance; (b) incorporates siting and design measures to 	AO5 No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 protect and retain identified ecological values and underlying ecosystem processes within or adjacent to the development site; (c) maintains or enhances wildlife interconnectivity at a local and regional scale; and (d) mitigates the impact of other forms of potential disturbance (such as presence of vehicles, pedestrian use, increased exposure to domestic animals, noise and lighting impacts) to protect critical life stage ecological processes (such as feeding, breeding or roosting). Note—Development applications must identify any EVNT species or their habitats that may be affected by the proposal. In particular, applications are to identify and describe how the development avoids adverse impacts on ecological processes within or adjacent to the development area. 			
Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.			
Legally secured offset areas			
PO6 Development within a 'Legally secured offset area' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) or other known Legally Secured Offset Area is consistent with the binding requirements of the offset and does not prejudice, undermine, or negatively impact the inherent ecological values, including all naturally occurring native flora, fauna and their habitat	AO6 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
within the Legally Secured Offset Area.			
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports.			
Protected areas			
 PO7 Development within a 'Protected area' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o) is consistent with the values of the Protected Area and: (a) supports the inherent ecological and community values of the Protected Area asset; (b) maintains or enhances wildlife interconnectivity at a local and regional scale; and (c) does not prejudice, undermine, or negatively impact the inherent ecological values, including all naturally occurring native flora, fauna and their habitat within the Protected Area. 	A07 No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
Eco	logical corridors and Ha	bitat linkages		
PO8 Deve (a)	elopment located: in the Conservation zone, Emerging community zone, Recreation and open space zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone;	AO8 No acceptable outcome is provided	~	Complies.
(b)	and within an 'Ecological corridor' or a 'Habitat linkage' identified on the Environmental Significance Overlay Maps (OM-004a-o)			
prov conr corri	s not compromise the ision of habitat nectivity of the dor/linkage, having ird to: the environmental values of the area of the site identified in the 'Ecological corridor' or			
(b)	'Habitat linkage'; the environmental values of adjoining and nearby land within the 'Ecological corridor' or 'Habitat linkage';			
(c)	the extent of any modification proposed to the natural environment including (but not limited to) vegetation and topography;			
(d)	the location and design of proposed improvements that may impact on the functions of the 'Ecological corridor' or 'Habitat linkage' including (but not limited to) buildings, structures, fences, lighting, vehicle movement areas and infrastructure services; and			
(e)	the ability for the 'Ecological corridor' or			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
'Habitat linkage' to be enhanced to improve ecological connectivity.			
Note—A supporting Ecological Assessment Report prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Ecological Assessment Reports may be appropriate to demonstrate compliance with PO8.			

Table 8.2.4.3B - Setback and buffer distances from waterways

Stream order	Setback and buffer from waterways
1	10 metres from top of high bank
2-4	25 metres from top of high bank
5 or more	50 metres from top of high bank

Note—The steam order of a 'waterway' is to be determined on a case by case basis.

PO5	AO5	n/a	Not applicable.
Development of Extractive	No acceptable outcome is		
industry in a 'Key resource separation area' or a 'Local	provided.		
resource separation area'			
identified on Extractive			
resources overlay map			
(OM-005e) does not result			
in adverse impacts beyond			
the separation area, having			
regard to: (a) noise;			
(b) dust;			
(c) ground vibrations;			
and			
(d) air blast			
overpressure .			

8.2.6 Flood hazard overlay code

8.2.6.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) land the subject of development is located within a Flood hazard area identified on the **Flood** hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o); and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Natural hazards are appropriately reflected in Overlay Maps 3, 6 and 8 and are required to be mapped by State Government in response to Hazard and Safety State Interests.

Note—where new information, including flood studies or flood modelling supersedes the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o) Council may have regard to this new information in the application of the Flood hazard overlay code in the interests of the precautionary principle and the safety of persons and property.

8.2.6.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Flood hazard overlay code is to manage development outcomes in flood hazard areas identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o) so that risk to life, property, community and the environment during flood events is minimised, and to ensure that development does not increase the potential for flood damage on site or to other property.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development in the 'Extreme flood hazard area':
 - i. maintains and enhances the hydrological function of the land;
 - ii. does not involve filling (earthworks) or changes to existing landform or drainage lines that results in a loss of the flood conveyance and flood storage capacity of the land;
 - iii. is limited to:
 - A. flood proofed Sport and recreation activities;
 - B. Rural activities where for Animal husbandry, Cropping or Permanent plantation;
 - C. flood proofed Utility installations, Substations or Major electricity infrastructure;
 - D. conservation and natural area management; and
 - E. replacement of existing lawful development, including Accommodation activities where habitable rooms are elevated above the defined flood level and include freeboard;

Where there is no increase to the number of persons at risk of flood and where development reduces existing or potential risks to life and property.

- (b) Development in the 'High flood hazard area':
 - i. maintains the hydrological function of the land;
 - ii. does not involve filling (earthworks) or changes to the existing landform or drainage lines that results in a loss of the flood conveyance and flood storage capacity of the land;
 - iii. is limited to:
 - A. flood proofed Sport and recreation activities and Club uses;
 - B. Non-resident workforce accommodation, Relocatable home park, Resort complex, Rooming accommodation, Short term accommodation and

Tourist park uses where these uses comprise permanent on-site management and a flood evacuation management plan ensures the health and safety of persons during a flood event;

- C. a Dwelling house only where the lot existed or had a lawful reconfiguring a lot approval at the commencement of the planning scheme and the land is included in a Residential zone or the Centre zone or where for minor intensification of existing Dwelling houses;
- D. Rural activities where for Animal husbandry, Cropping or Permanent plantation;
- E. Industrial activities and Commercial activities where it is accepted development that flood damage is incurred as an operational cost and where flood sensitive elements of the development or use are elevated above the defined flood level, including freeboard;
- F. flood proofed Utility installations, Substations or Major electricity infrastructure;
- G. conservation and natural area management; and
- H. replacement of existing lawful development;

where there is no increase to the number of persons at risk of flood and where development reduces existing or potential risks to life and property.

- iv. protects surrounding land and land uses from increased flood hazard impacts;
- v. elevates habitable rooms for all accommodation activities (including where for minor building work) above the defined flood level, including freeboard.
- (c) Development in the 'Significant flood hazard area':
 - i. minimises risk to life and property from flood events;
 - ii. involves changes to the existing landform and drainage lines in this area only where detrimental impacts to the flood hazard risk of surrounding areas is avoided;
 - iii. is limited to:
 - A. Sport and recreation activities;
 - B. Industrial activities and Commercial activities where it is accepted development that flood damage is incurred as an operational cost and where flood sensitive elements of the development or use are elevated above the defined flood level, including freeboard;
 - C. Rural activities;
 - D. Accommodation activities, excluding Residential care facility and Retirement facility;
 - E. flood proofed Community activities, excluding Child care centre, Hospital and Community use where a flood emergency evacuation plan ensures the safety of people during a flood event;
 - F. flood proofed Utility installations, Substations or Major electricity infrastructure;
 - G. conservation and natural area management;
 - iv. locates habitable rooms for all accommodation activities above the defined flood level, including freeboard; and
 - v. locates the minimum floor level for all buildings other than accommodation activities, industrial activities and business activities above the defined flood level.

- (d) Development in the 'Low flood hazard area':
 - i. minimises risk to life and property from flood events;
 - ii. locates habitable rooms for all Accommodation activities above the defined flood level, including freeboard; and
 - iii. locates the minimum floor level for all buildings other than Accommodation activities above the defined flood level, including freeboard.
- (e) Development in the 'Potential flood hazard area':
 - i. maintains the safety of people on the development site from flood events and minimises the potential damage from flooding to property;
 - ii. does not result in adverse impacts on people's safety, the environment or the capacity to use land within the floodplain;
 - iii. locates habitable rooms for all Accommodation activities above a 1% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP), including freeboard; and
 - iv. locates the minimum floor level for all building work other than Accommodation activities above the 1% AEP flood level, including freeboard.

8.2.6.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.6.3A - Flood hazard overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development				
All flood hazard areas				
PO1 Development prevents the carriage or dispersal of contaminants or pollutants into the receiving environment.	AO1 The processing or storage of dangerous goods or hazardous materials is: (a) not undertaken in a flood hazard area identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o); or (b) is located above the defined flood level plus 0.3 metre freeboard.	n/a	Not applicable.	
PO2 Essential community infrastructure is able to function effectively during and immediately after flood events.	AO2 Design levels for buildings must comply with the flood immunity standards specified in Table 8.2.6.3.B and Table 8.2.6.3.C where within a flood hazard area identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.	
Extreme flood hazard area				

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 PO3 Development, where involving a Material change of use within an 'Extreme flood hazard area' on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o), is appropriate to the flood hazard risk having regard to the: (a) likelihood and frequency of flooding; (b) flood risk acceptability of development; (c) vulnerability of and safety risk to persons associated 	 AO3.1 Uses within the following activity groups are not located within an 'Extreme flood hazard area identified' on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o): (a) Accommodation activities; (b) Commercial activities; (c) Community activities except where for a Club with a maximum gross floor area of 100m²; (d) Industrial activities; except where for Animal husbandry, Cropping, or Permanent 	n/a	Not applicable.
 with the use; (d) associated consequences of flooding in regard to impacts on proposed buildings, structures, and supporting infrastructure; and (e) associated consequences of flooding in respect to undue burden on disaster response recovery capacity and capabilities. 	plantation. AO3.2 Sport and recreation activities are not located within an 'Extreme flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o) except where for: (a) Environment facility; (b) Park; or (c) Outdoor sport and recreation (excluding the provision of ancillary facilities or amenities conducted within a building).	n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	elopment is located designed to: maintain and enhance the flood conveyance capacity of the premises; not increase the number of people calculated to be at risk from flooding; not increase the flood impact on adjoining premises; ensure the safety of	AO4.1 Buildings, including extensions to existing buildings, are: (a) not located within an 'Extreme flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o); or (b) elevated above the defined flood level, with 0.3 metres freeboard from the defined flood level provided for habitable rooms within a dwelling.	n/a	Not applicable.
(e) (f)	all persons by ensuring that development levels are set above the defined flood level; reduce property damage; and provide flood immune access to	AO4.2 All building work must be high set and retains the flood storage and conveyance capacity of the premises. Note—Building work must be certified by a qualified structural engineer to be flood proof including the ability to withstand damage from floodwater and debris.	n/a	Not applicable.
from materia level v structu (includ damag and wh AO4.1- Note- building flood o	Buildings. -Buildings may be constructed flood resistant, waterproof als below the defined flood where certified by a qualified irral engineer to be flood proof ling the ability to withstand ge from floodwater and debris) here an alternative outcome to -AO4.4 is also demonstrated. -In the event that a lawful g or structure is destroyed by or other event the building may laced in situ where there is no	AO4.3 New buildings are provided with flood free pedestrian and vehicle evacuation access between the building and a flood safe accessible road. Note—A flood safe accessible road includes a road where identified as outside a flood hazard area or within a 'Low flood hazard area', 'Potential flood hazard area' or 'Significant flood hazard area' on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
increas i. ii.		AO4.4 Development does not increase the number of lots in the 'Extreme flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o) except where for the purposes of public open space.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 PO5 Development involving earthworks in a Flood hazard area below the defined flood level must protect life and property on premises and off premises through maintaining: (a) flood storage capacity of land; (b) flood conveyance function of land; (c) flood and drainage channels; (d) overland flow paths; and 	AO5 Filling above ground level is not undertaken in the 'Extreme flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
(e) flood warning times.			
High flood hazard area			
 PO6 Development, where for a Material change of use within a 'High flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM-006a-o), is appropriate to the flood hazard risk having regard to the: (a) likelihood and frequency of flooding; (b) flood risk acceptability of development; (c) vulnerability of and safety risk to persons associated with the use; (d) associated consequences of flooding in regard to impacts on proposed buildings, structures and supporting infrastructure; and 	 AO6.1 Uses within the following activity groups are not located within a 'High flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o): (a) Accommodation activities, except where for Dwelling house and only where the lot existed or had a lawful reconfiguring a lot approval at the commencement of the planning scheme and the land is included in a Residential zone or the Centre zone; (b) Community activities except where for a Club with a maximum gross floor area of 100m²; (c) Rural activities, except where for Animal husbandry, Cropping or Permanent plantation. 	n/a	Not applicable.

Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
(e)	associated consequences of flooding in respect to undue burden on disaster response recovery capacity and capabilities.	 AO6.2 Sport and recreation activities are not located within a 'High flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o) except where for: (a) Environment facility; (b) Park; or (c) Outdoor sport and recreation (excluding the provision of ancillary facilities or amenities conducted within a building). 	n/a	Not applicable.
P07		A07.1	n/a	Not applicable.
	lopment is located lesigned to:	Buildings, including extensions to existing		
(a)	maintain	buildings are:		
(b) (c) (d)	hydrological function of the premises; not increase the number of people calculated to be at risk from flooding; minimises the flood impact on adjoining premises; ensure the safety of	 (a) not located within the 'High flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o); or (b) elevated above the defined flood level, with 0.3 metres freeboard from the defined flood level provided for 		
(4)	all persons by ensuring that an appropriate	habitable rooms within a dwelling. OR		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 proportion of buildings are set above the defined flood level; (e) reduce the carriage of debris in flood waters; (f) reduce property damage; and (g) provide flood immune access to buildings. Note—Buildings may be constructed from flood resistant, waterproof materials below the defined flood level where certified by a qualified structural engineer to be flood proof (including the ability to withstand damage from floodwater and debris) and where an alternative outcome to 	 AO7.2 Buildings used for Commercial activities or Industrial activities include a minimum floor level of 0.3 metres above the defined flood where for the following components of the use: (a) administrative areas; or (b) services, plant and equipment associated with the building. Note—AO8.2 accepts that the cost of flood impact is an operational cost of the Commercial activity or Industrial activity. Note—Building work must be certified by a qualified structural engineer to be flood proof including the ability to withstand damage from floodwater and debris. 	n/a	Not applicable.
AO8.1-AO8.9 is also demonstrated.	AO7.3 All building work below the defined flood level must be high set (comprising pier and beam construction) and retains the flood storage and conveyance capacity of the premises.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.4 New buildings are provided with flood free pedestrian and vehicle evacuation access between the building and a flood safe accessible road. Note—A flood safe accessible road includes a road where identified as outside a flood hazard area or within a 'Low flood hazard area', 'Potential flood hazard area' or 'Significant flood hazard area' on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.5 New temporary, relocatable or impermanent buildings and structures are to be anchored with the ability to withstand transportation by floodwater. Note—Building work must be certified by a qualified structural engineer.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO7.6 Dwellings do not exceed four bedrooms.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO7.7 Building work on an existing dwelling does not comprise additional bedrooms.	n/a	Not applicable.
	A07.8 Building work on an existing dwelling is limited to a maximum increase of 20 percent of the lawfully approved gross floor area of the existing dwelling.	n/a	Not applicable.
	A07.9 Development does not increase the number of lots in the 'High flood hazard area; as identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o) except where for the purposes of public open space.	n/a	Not applicable.
 PO8 Development involving earthworks in a Flood hazard area below the defined flood level must protect life and property on premises and off premises through maintaining: (a) flood storage capacity of land; (b) flood conveyance function of land; (c) flood and drainage 	AO8 Filling above ground level is not undertaken in the 'High flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
channels; (d) overland flow paths; and			
(e) flood warning times. Significant flood hazard a	rea		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO9 Development, involving a Material change of use, within a 'Significant flood hazard area' on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o) is appropriate to the flood hazard risk having regard to the:	AO9 The following uses are not located within a 'Significant flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay maps (OM006a-o): (a) Residential care facility; (b) Retirement facility; (c) Child care centre;	n/a	Not applicable.
(a) likelihood and frequency of flooding;	(d) Hospital; or(e) Community use.		
(b) flood risk acceptability of development;			
(c) vulnerability of and safety risk to persons associated with the use;			
(d) associated consequences of flooding in regard to impacts on proposed buildings, structures and supporting infrastructure; and			
(e) associated consequences of flooding in respect to undue burden on disaster response recovery capacity and capabilities.			
Significant flood hazard a	rea, Low flood hazard area or	Potential floor	hazard area

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
			would generate flood water to this extent.
			A condition will be attached to any approval insuring that the proposed secondary dwellings finished floor height achieves a height equal to that of the existing dwellings finished floor height which is likely to achieve immunity during a 100ARI flood event.
			The depth of flood water between the proposed secondary dwelling and the Mareeba - Dimbulah Road is not likely to exceed a depth of 600mm.
			It is considered the proposed development can be conditioned to comply with PO10.
	AO10.2 Buildings used for Commercial activities or Industrial activities include a minimum floor level of 0.3 metres above the defined flood where for the following components of the use: (a) administrative areas; or (b) services, plant and equipment associated with the building.	n/a	Not applicable.
	Note—AO10.2 accepts that the cost of flood impact is an operational cost of the Commercial activity or Industrial activity.		
	Note—Building work must be certified by a qualified structural engineer to be flood proof including the ability to withstand damage from floodwater and debris.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments	
	AO10.3 All building work below the defined flood level must be high set (comprising pier and beam construction) and retains the flood storage and conveyance capacity of the premises. Note—Building work must be certified by a qualified structural engineer to be flood proof including the ability to withstand	~	Can be conditioned to comply.	
 PO11 Development involving earthworks in a Flood hazard area below the defined flood level must protect life and property on premises and off premises through maintaining: (a) flood storage capacity of land; (b) flood conveyance function of land; (c) flood and drainage channels; (d) overland flow paths; and (e) flood warning times. 	damage from floodwater and debris. AO11 Development does not involve in excess of 50m ³ of fill above ground level per 1,000m ² of site area.	~	Complies.	
For assessable development				
Where for Material change of use or Reconfiguring a lot that involves new gross floor area				
or increases the number of persons living, working or residing in the Extreme flood hazard area, High flood hazard area or Significant flood hazard area other than a Dwelling house.				

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcor	nes	Complies	Comments
 PO12 Flood risk management minimises the impact on property and appropriately protects the health and safety of persons at risk of Extreme, high or significant flood hazard, and: (a) indicates the position and path of all safe evacuation routes off the site; and (b) if the site contains or is within 100 metres of a flood hazard area, hazard warning signage and depth indicators are provided at key hazard points, such as at floodway crossings. 	AO12 No acceptable ou provided.	itcome is	n/a	Not applicable.
Note—A Material change of use or Reconfiguring a lot that involves new gross floor area or increases the number of persons living, working or residing in the 'Extreme flood hazard area' identified on the Flood hazard overlay map (OM006a-o) is supported by a Flood Emergency Evacuation Plan prepared by suitably qualified persons having regard to Floodplain Management in Australia: Best Practice Principles and Guidelines (2000), prepared by Standing Committee on Agriculture and Resource Management (SCARM), CSIRO.				

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable out	comes		Complies	Comments
Sign	nificant flood hazard a	rea, Low flood ha	azard area	or	Potential flood	hazard area
PO1	3	AO13			n/a	Not applicable.
1	elopment, where	No acceptable	outcome	IS		
	ving Reconfiguring a	provided.				
	s located and designed					
to:	maintain					
(a)	maintain					
	hydrological function					
	of the premises;					
(b)	not increase the					
	number of people					
	calculated to be at					
	risk from flooding; minimises the flood					
(C)						
	impact on adjoining					
(4)	premises;					
(d)	ensure the safety of					
	all persons by					
	ensuring that a proportion of					
	buildings are set					
	above the defined					
	flood level;					
(e)	reduce the carriage					
(6)	of debris in flood					
	waters;					
(f)	reduce property					
(1)	damage; and					
(g)	provide flood					
(9)	immune access to					
	buildings.					
	bullanigo.					
	-Where the development is					
	d in a 'Potential flood hazard dentified on the Flood hazard					
overla	ay maps (OM006a-o) and					
	is no defined flood level a ulic (flood hazard assessment)					
	prepared by a RPEQ is					
require	ed in substantiation of an					
	ative outcome is required or the d flood level from the adjacent					
	entative hazard zone is used.					

Table 8.2.6.3B Flood immunity levels

Development Category	Minimum design floor or pavement levels (mAHD)
Category A	1% AEP + 0.5 metres
Category B	1% AEP + 0.3 metres
Category C	1% AEP

Category D	1% AEP
Category E	2% AEP

Note—Refer Table 8.2.6.3D for building classification by Category.

Table 8.2.6.3C Community infrastructure flood immunity levels

Development Type	Minimum design floor or pavement levels (mAHD)
Emergency services, where for:	
Emergency Shelters	0.1% AEP
Police facilities	0.5% AEP
Other Emergency services	0.1% AEP + 0.5 metres
Hospital	0.1% AEP+ 0.5 metres
Community use (where for the storage of valuable records or items of historic or cultural significance including libraries and museums)	0.5% AEP
Special industry (where for power station)	0.5% AEP
Substations	0.5% AEP
Utility installation (where for a sewage treatment plant)	Defined flood level
Utility installation (where for a water treatment plant)	0.5% AEP
Utility installation (other)	Alternative outcome required.
Air services	Alternative outcome required.

Table 8.2.6.3D Development category

Building Code of Australia Building classification ⁽¹⁾		Table8.2.6.3Bforflood planning levels
Class 1–4	Habitable room	Category A
	Non-habitable room including patio and courtyard	Category B
	Non-habitable part of a Class 2 or Class 3 building excluding the essential services(2) control room	Category B
	Parking located in the building undercroft of a multiple dwelling	Category C
	Carport, unroofed car park; vehicular manoeuvring area	Category D
	Essential electrical services ⁽²⁾ of a Class 2 or Class 3 building only	Category A
	Basement parking entry	Category C + 0.3 metres
Class 5,	Building floor level	Category C
Class 6, or Class 8	Garage or car park located in the building undercroft	Category C

Building Code of Australia Building classification ⁽¹⁾	Development types and design levels, assigned design floor or pavement levels Carport or unroofed car park	Category – refer to Table 8.2.6.3B for flood planning levels Category D
	Vehicular access and manoeuvring areas	Category D
	Basement parking entry	Category C
	Essential electrical services ⁽²⁾	Class 8 – Category Class 5 & 6 – Category A
Class 7a	Refer to the relevant building class specifi	ed in this table
Class 7b	Building floor level	Category C
	Vehicular access and manoeuvring area	Category D
	Essential electrical services ⁽²⁾	Category C
Class 9	Building floor level	Category A
	Building floor level for habitable rooms in Class 9a or 9c where for a Residential care facility	0.2% AEP flood
	Building floor level for habitable rooms in Class 9b where involving children, such as a child care centre	0.2% AEP flood
	Garage or car park located in the building undercroft	Category C
	Carport or unroofed car park	Category D
	Vehicular access and manoeuvring areas	Category D
	Essential electrical services ⁽²⁾	Category A
Class 10a	Car parking facility	Refer to the relevant building class specified in this table
	Shed or the like	Category D
Class 10b	Swimming pool	Category E
	Associated mechanical and electrical pool equipment	Category C
	Other structures	Flood planning levels do not apply

⁽¹⁾ Refer to the Building Code of Australia for definitions of building classifications.

⁽²⁾ Essential electrical services include any area or room used for fire control panel, telephone PABX, sensitive substation equipment including transformers, low voltage switch gear, high voltage switch gear, battery chargers, protection control and communication equipment, low voltage cables, high voltage cables, and lift or pump controls.

8.2.8 Hill and slope overlay code

8.2.8.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) land the subject of development is located within a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM-008a-o); and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—Natural hazards are appropriately reflected in Overlay Maps 3, 6 and 8 and are required to be mapped by State Government in response to Hazard and Safety State Interests.

8.2.8.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Hill and slope overlay code is to ensure the ongoing stability of land within a hill and slope area to prevent risk to people or property.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development is located to avoid sloping land where practical; and
 - (b) Development on sloping land maintains slope stability and does not increase the potential for erosion or landslide.

8.2.8.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.8.3 - Hill and slope overlay code - For assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comment
For assessable development			
Slope stability			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comment
 PO1 Where clearing of vegetation, building work or filling or excavation occurs on land within a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM-008a-o), a geotechnical report is prepared in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 5 - Preparation of Geotechnical Reports that demonstrates: (a) the long term stability of the development site; (b) development will not be adversely affected by landslide activity originating on sloping land above the development site; and (c) development will not adversely affect other property outside the development site through landslide activity or alterations to surface or groundwater. 	AO1 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
 PO2 Development is designed and located to ensure that the use can appropriately function in the 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM-008a-o) having regard to: (a) the nature and scale of the proposed use; (b) the gradient of the land; 	AO2.1 Development for a Child care centre or Educational establishment is not located on land in a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM- 008a-o).	n/a	Not applicable.
 (c) the extent of land disturbance proposed; (d) stormwater discharge and its potential for 	AO2.2 Development is not located on land with a gradient of greater than 25%.	~	Complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comment
erosion.	AO2.3 No lot less than 2,000m ² is created in a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM- 008a-o). Note – Where a minimum lot size of less than 2,000m ² applies under the Reconfiguring a lot code, the lot size requirements of the Hill and slope overlay code prevail.	n/a	Not applicable.
Community infrastructure and	d essential services		
PO3 Community infrastructure and essential services located within a 'Hill and slope area' identified on the Hill and slope overlay maps (OM- 008a-o) are able to function effectively during and immediately after landslide events.	AO3 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

8.2.12 Transport infrastructure overlay code

8.2.12.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) land the subject of development adjoins a rail corridor identified on the **Transport** infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012a-j); and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

Note—State transport infrastructure is appropriately reflected in Overlay Map 12 and is required to be mapped by State Government in response to Infrastructure State Interests.

Note—The Transport infrastructure overlay includes mapped Transport Noise Corridors in accordance with section 246ZA of the Building Act. These corridors are mapped on **Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012i-s)** for information purposes only. Development on land within a mapped corridor is not subject to any specific provisions under this planning scheme. The Queensland Development Code should be consulted in this respect.

8.2.12.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Transport infrastructure overlay code is to promote the ongoing and expanded use of rail corridors within the shire for the transportation of passengers and freight.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Active 'Rail corridors' are protected from adjoining land uses which may prejudice their ongoing and expanded use;
 - (b) Inactive 'Rail corridors' are preserved and protected for potential reuse for passenger or freight movements;
 - (c) Non-residential development adjoining a 'Rail corridor' does not prevent the future use of the rail corridor by the site; and
 - (d) Development compliments the use of 'Rail corridors' for tourist activities.

8.2.12.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.12.3 – Transport infrastructure overlay code - For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments		
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development					

Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO1 Deve the: (a)	elopment does prejudice ongoing operation of an active 'Rail corridor' identified on the Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM- 012a-j) ; or the potential future use of an inactive 'Rail corridor' identified on the Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM- 012a-j) .	AO1 Buildings and structures are setback from a boundary with an active or inactive 'Rail corridor' identified on the Transport infrastructure overlay maps (OM-012a-j) a minimum of: (a) 40 metres where: (i) in the Rural zone; and (ii) on a site with an area of 2 hectares or greater; or (b) 5 metres otherwise.	n/a	Not applicable.
For a	assessable developmen	t		
adjoi ident infra maps desig future	residential development ning a rail corridor ified on the Transport structure overlay s (OM-012a-j) is gned to allow for the e use of the 'Rail dor' by the land use.	AO2 No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	Not applicable.
'Rail the T infra maps the tr	elopment adjoining a corridor' identified on fransport structure overlay s (OM-012a-j) used for ransportation of tourists signed to: provide visual interest; screen or enhance areas of limited visual interest; and complement and enhance the character of the shire.	AO3 No acceptable outcome is provided	n/a	Not applicable.

9.3.1 Accommodation activities code

9.3.1.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development where:
 - (a) involving Accommodation activities; and
 - (b) it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

9.3.1.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Accommodation activities code is to facilitate the provision of Accommodation activities in appropriate locations throughout the shire.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Accommodation activities are designed, located and operated to minimise any adverse impacts on the natural environment and amenity of surrounding uses;
 - (b) Accommodation activities in the Centre zone are facilitated where they can integrate and enhance the fabric of the centre and are located behind or above commercial development;
 - (c) Accommodation activities provide a high level of amenity and are reflective of the surrounding character of the area;
 - (d) Accommodation activities are generally established in accessible, well-connected locations with access or future access to public transport, cycling and pedestrian networks;
 - (e) Accommodation activities do not compromise the viability of the hierarchy and network of centres, namely:
 - Mareeba as a major regional activity centre, which accommodates the most significant concentrations of regional-scale business, retail, entertainment, government administration, secondary and tertiary educational facilities and health and social services within the shire;
 - (ii) Kuranda as a village activity centre, which accommodates services, arts and cultural facilities, sports and recreation facilities, business and employment uses to support the village and its constituent surrounding rural and rural residential communities;
 - (iii) Chillagoe and Dimbulah as Rural activity centres, which provide commercial and community services to their rural catchments; and
 - (iv) Biboohra, Irvinebank, Julatten, Koah, Mutchilba, Mt Molloy, Myola and Speewah as rural villages, that have limited centre activities and other non-residential activities; and
 - (f) Accommodation activities are responsive to site characteristics and employ best practice industry standards.

9.3.1.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.3.1.3A—Accommodation activities code – For accepted development subject to
requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For accepted development su	bject to requirements and asses	ssable developr	nent
All Accommodation activities	, apart from Dwelling house		
PO1 Accommodation activities are located on a site that includes sufficient area: (a) to accommodate all buildings, structures, open space and infrastructure associated with the use; and (b) to avoid adverse impacts on the amenity or privacy of nearby land uses.	AO1 Development is located on a site which provides the applicable minimum site area and minimum road frontage specified in Table 9.3.1.3B.	~	Complies.
	, apart from Tourist park and Dw		
 PO2 Accommodation activities are provided with on-site refuse storage areas that are: (a) sufficient to meet the anticipated demand for refuse storage; and (b) appropriately located on the site having regard to potential odour and noise impacts on uses on the site and adjoining sites. All Accommodation activities 	 AO2.1 A refuse area is provided that: (a) includes a water connection; (b) is of a size and configuration to accommodate 2x240 litre bins per dwelling or accommodation unit where involving a use other than a residential care facility or retirement facility; and (c) is of a size and configuration to accommodate a minimum of two bulk refuse bins where involving a residential care facility or retirement facility. 	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO3 Accommodation activities are designed to avoid overlooking or loss of privacy for adjoining uses. Note—These provisions apply to any adjoining use, both on an adjoining site and on the same site.	A03 The windows of habitable rooms: (a) do not overlook the windows of a habitable room in an adjoining dwelling or accommodation unit; or (b) are separated from the windows of a habitable room in an adjoining dwelling or accommodation unit by a distance greater than: (i) 2 metres at ground level; and (ii) 8 metres above ground level; or (c) are treated with: (i) a minimum sill height of 1.5 metres above floor level; or (ii) fixed opaque glassed installed below 1.5 metres; or (iii) fixed external screens; or (iv) a 1.5 metre high screen fence along the common boundary.	n/a	Not applicable.
 PO4 Accommodation activities are provided with sufficient private and communal open space areas which: (a) accommodate a range of landscape treatments, including soft and hard landscaping; (b) provide a range of opportunities for passive and active recreation; (c) provide a positive outlook and high quality of amenity to residents; (d) is conveniently located 	AO4.1 Development, except for Caretaker's accommodation, Dwelling house, Dual occupancy or Home based business, includes communal open space which meets or exceeds the minimum area, dimension and design parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.3C. AO4.2 Development includes private open space for each dwelling or accommodation unit which meets or exceeds the minimum area, dimension and design parameters specified in Table 9.3.1.3D.	n/a n/a	Not applicable.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
(e)	and easily accessible to all residents; and contribute to an active and attractive streetscape.	AO4.3 Clothes drying areas are provided at the side or rear of the site so that they are not visible from the street.	n/a	Not applicable.
		 AO4.4 If for Dual occupancy, Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, development provides a secure storage area for each dwelling or accommodation unit which: (a) is located to facilitate loading and unloading from a motor vehicle; (b) is separate to, and does not obstruct, on-site vehicle parking or manoeuvring areas; (c) has a minimum space of 2.4m² per dwelling or accommodation unit; (d) has a minimum height of 2.1 metres; (e) has minimum dimensions to enable secure bicycle storage; (f) is weather proof; and (g) is lockable. 	n/a	Not applicable.
	Caretaker's Accommod	1	-	
is of whic	taker's accommodation a scale and intensity h is consistent with that e surrounding area.	AO5.1 Only one caretaker's accommodation is established on the title of the non- residential use.	n/a	Not applicable.
Note– Accon develo bench	-Where Caretaker's nmodation is assessable opment additional assessment marks are provided under "for sable development".	AO5.2 In the Rural zone, Caretaker's accommodation has a maximum gross floor area of 200m ² .	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
If for Dwelling house			
 PO6 Where a Dwelling house involves a secondary dwelling, it is designed and located to: (a) not dominate the site; (b) remain subservient to the primary dwelling; and (c) be consistent with the character of the surrounding area; 	AO6.1 The secondary dwelling is located within: (a) 10 metres of the primary dwelling where on a lot that has an area of 2 hectares or less; or (b) 20 metres of the primary dwelling where on a lot that has an area of greater than 2 hectares.	Complies with PO6	Theproposesecondary dwelling wbe sited approximate144 metres from thsites existing primadwelling which is aexceedance of 12metres further than thacceptable outcome20 metres.Given the size of thallotment20 metres)th ectares)th proposed secondadwelling will ndominate the siteFurthermore, Coundofficers are satisfiethat the secondadwelling will remasubservient to thprimary dwelling beirused to accommodardirect family membeonly. This will also bsecured by condition aapproval.Lastly,th
	A06.2		Lastly, the development is not inconsistent in scalar and appearance other developments the area. The propose development considered to comp with PO6.
	A secondary dwelling has a maximum gross floor area of 100m ² .	Complies with PO6	secondary dwelling w have a gross floor are of approx. 103m ² whice is an exceedance 3m ² over the acceptable outcom This non-compliance considered only min and is not likely compromise performance outcom PO6.

Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
occu	re establishing a Dual pancy on a corner lot, puilding is designed to: maximise opportunities	A07.1 Where located on a corner allotment, each dwelling is accessed from a different road frontage.	n/a	Not applicable.
(b) (c)	for causal surveillance; provide for separation between the two dwellings; and provide activity and visual interest on both frontages.	AO7.2 The maximum width of garage or carport openings that face a public street is 6 metres or 50% of the building width, whichever is the lesser.	n/a	Not applicable.
If for	Multiple dwelling, Resid	ential care facility or Retirement	facility	
PO8 Deve	elopment is appropriately ed within the Shire to: maximise the efficient utilisation of existing infrastructure, services and facilities; and minimise amenity impacts through the collocation of compatible uses.	AO8 Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility uses are located on land within 800 metres of the boundary of land within the Centre zone.	n/a	Not applicable.
or Ref develo bench	-Where Residential care facility irrement facility is assessable opment additional assessment marks are provided under "for sable development".			
PO9		AO9.1	n/a	Not applicable.
Build (a) (b)	lings are designed to: reduce the appearance of building bulk; provide visual interest through articulation and variation;	External walls do not exceed 10 metres in continuous length unless including a minimum of three of the following building design features and architectural elements:		
(c)	be compatible with the embedded, historical character for the locality; and	 (a) a change in roof profile; or (b) a change in parapet coping; or 		
or Ret develo bench	be compatible with the scale of surrounding buildings -Where Residential care facility irrement facility is assessable opment additional assessment marks are provided under "for sable development".	 (c) a change in awning design; or (d) a horizontal or vertical change in the wall plane; or (e) a change in the exterior finishes and exterior colours of the development. 		

AO9.2 n/a Not applicable. For a Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, the maximum width of a garage or carport opening that faces a road is 6 metres. n/a Not applicable. AO9.3 For a Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, the building(s) include awnings with a minimum overhang of 600mm. n/a Not applicable. AO9.3 For a Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, roof forms include one or more of the following types: (a) pyramidal; (b) hip or hipped; (c) gable; (d) skillion. n/a Not applicable. FO10 AO1.1 The development facility covered walkways and ramps on site for weather protection between all buildings. n/a Not applicable. AO10.1 The development incorporates and mobility device movement; (c) defines areas of pedestrian movement; and (c) assists in navigation and way finding. AO10.1 n/a Not applicable. Note	Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
For a Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, the building(s) include awnings with a minimum overhang of 600mm. n/a Not applicable. A09.4 For a Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, roof forms include one or more of the following types: (a) pyramidal; (b) hip or hipped; (c) gable; (d) skillion. n/a Not applicable. If for Residential care facility or Retirement facility. A010.1 n/a Not applicable. PO10 A010.1 The development incorporates covered walkways and ramps or site for weather protection between all buildings. n/a Not applicable. (a) pramidal; (b) defines areas of pedestrian movement; and (c) assists in navigation and way finding. A010.2 n/a Not applicable. A010.3 A010.3 n/a Not applicable. A010.3 Note-where Residential care facility or Retirement facility is assessable development aditional assessment development aditional assessment development aditional assessment development. n/a Not applicable. A010.5 an illuminated sign and site map is provided at the main site entry. n/a Not applicable. A010.5 Buildings, structures and pathways associated with a Residential care facility or Retirement facility are not located on land with a gradient Not applicable.		For a Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, the maximum width of a garage or carport opening that faces a road is 6 metres.		
For a Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, roof forms include one or more of the following types: (a) pyramidal; (b) hip or hipped; (c) gable; (d) skillion.Not applicable. If for Residential care facility or Retirement facility (a) promotes safe and easy pedestrian, cycle and mobility device movement; (b) defines areas of pedestrian movement; and (c) assists in navigation and way finding.A010.1 The development incorporates covered walkways and ramps on site for weather protection between all buildings.n/aNot applicable.Note—Where Residential care facility or Retirement facility, assessable development*.A010.3 Buildings, dwellings and accommodation units include intersections.n/aNot applicable.Note—Where Residential care facility or Retirement facility assessable development additional assessment benchmarks are provided under for assessable development*.A010.4 A 110.4n/aNot applicable.A010.4 a Residential care facility or Retirement facility assessable development*.n/aNot applicable.A010.4 assessable development*.A010.4 a Residential care facility or Retirement facility are not located on land with a gradientn/aNot applicable.		For a Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, the building(s) include awnings with	n/a	Not applicable.
PO10 AO10.1 n/a Not applicable. The layout and design of the site: (a) promotes safe and easy pedestrian, cycle and mobility device movement; not applicable. n/a Not applicable. (a) promotes safe and easy pedestrian, cycle and mobility device movement; not applicable. n/a Not applicable. (b) defines areas of pedestrian movement; and AO10.2 n/a Not applicable. (c) assists in navigation and way finding. AO10.3 n/a Not applicable. Note—Where Residential care facility or Retirement facility is assessable development". AO10.4 n/a Not applicable. AO10.5 sprovided at the main site entry. n/a Not applicable. AO10.5 Buildings, structures and pathways associated with a Residential care facility or Retirement facility are not located on land with a gradient n/a Not applicable.		For a Multiple dwelling, Residential care facility or Retirement facility, roof forms include one or more of the following types: (a) pyramidal; (b) hip or hipped; (c) gable;	n/a	Not applicable.
The layout and design of the site: The development incorporates covered walkways and ramps on site for weather protection between all buildings. (a) promotes safe and easy pedestrian, cycle and mobility device movement; The development incorporates covered walkways and ramps on site for weather protection between all buildings. (b) defines areas of pedestrian movement; and AO10.2 n/a Not applicable. (c) assists in navigation and way finding. AO10.3 n/a Not applicable. Note—Where Residential care facility or Retirement facility is assessable development". AO10.4 n/a Not applicable. AO10.4 An illuminated sign and site map is provided at the main site entry. n/a Not applicable. AO10.5 Buildings, structures and pathways associated with a Residential care facility or Retirement facility are not located on land with a gradient n/a Not applicable.				
and mobility device movement; (b) defines areas of pedestrian movement; and (c) assists in navigation and way finding.AO10.2 Pedestrian paths include navigational signage at intersections.n/aNot applicable.(c) assists in navigation and way finding.AO10.3 Buildings, dwellings and accommodation units include identification signage at entrances.n/aNot applicable.Note—Where Residential care facility or Retirement facility is assessable development additional assessment benchmarks are provided under "for assessable development".Not applicable.Not applicable.AO10.4 multiplication signage at entrances.n/aNot applicable.AO10.5 Buildings, structures and pathways associated with a Residential care facility or Retirement facility are not located on land with a gradientNot applicable.	The layout and design of the site: (a) promotes safe and	The development incorporates covered walkways and ramps on site for weather protection	n/a	Not applicable.
(c) assists in navigation and way finding.Buildings, dwellings and accommodation units include identification signage at entrances.Interaction assessable development additional assessment benchmarks are provided under "for assessable development".Buildings, dwellings and accommodation units include identification signage at entrances.Interaction accommodation n/aNot applicable.A010.4n/aNot applicable.A010.5n/aNot applicable.Buildings, structures and pathways associated with a Residential care facility or Retirement facility are not located on land with a gradientn/a	and mobility device movement; (b) defines areas of	AO10.2 Pedestrian paths include navigational signage at	n/a	Not applicable.
AO10.4 n/a Not applicable. An illuminated sign and site map is provided under "for assessable development". An illuminated sign and site map is provided at the main site entry. n/a Not applicable. AO10.5 n/a Not applicable. Not applicable. Buildings, structures and pathways associated with a Residential care facility or Retirement facility are not located on land with a gradient n/a Not applicable.	 (c) assists in navigation and way finding. Note—Where Residential care facility 	Buildings, dwellings and accommodation units include identification signage at	n/a	Not applicable.
AO10.5n/aNot applicable.Buildings, structures and pathways associated with a Residential care facility or Retirement facility are not located on land with a gradientNot applicable.	development additional assessment benchmarks are provided under "for	AO10.4 An illuminated sign and site map is provided at the main site	n/a	Not applicable.
If for Home based business		AO10.5 Buildings, structures and pathways associated with a Residential care facility or Retirement facility are not	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO11 Home based businesses are compatible with the built form, character and amenity of the surrounding area, having	AO11.1 The Home based business is located within a dwelling house or outbuilding associated with a dwelling house.	n/a	Not applicable.
regard to: (a) size and scale; (b) intensity and nature of use;	AO11.2 The Home based business does not occupy a gross floor area of more than 50m ² .	n/a	Not applicable.
 (c) number of employees; and (d) hours of operation. 	AO11.3 No more than 1 person (other than the residents of the site) is employed by the Home based business at any one time.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO11.4 The Home based business, unless a home office, bed and breakfast or farm stay, does not operate outside the hours of 7.00 am and 6.00 pm.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO11.5 The Home based business does not involve the public display of goods external to the building.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO11.6 The Home based business does not involve the repair, cleaning or servicing of any motors, vehicles or other machinery.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO11.7 Any equipment or materials associated with the Home based business are screened from public view and adjacent properties by fencing or landscaping.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO11.8 The business does not involve the use of power tools or similar noise generating devices.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO12 Home based businesses involving accommodation activities are appropriately scaled and designed to avoid	AO12.1 Home based businesses involving accommodation activities are limited to the scale specified in Table 9.3.1.3E.	n/a	Not applicable.
detrimental impacts on the amenity and privacy of surrounding residences.	AO12.2 A farm stay dwelling or accommodation unit is located within 20 metres of the primary dwelling house.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	AO12.3 A farm stay is setback 100 metres from any property boundary.	n/a	Not applicable.
	 AO12.4 Entertainment and dining facilities associated with an accommodation activity are: (a) located at least 5 metres from the bedrooms of adjoining residences; and (b) located or screened so that they do not directly overlook private open space areas of adjoining properties. 	n/a	Not applicable.
If for Rural workers' accomm	odation		
P013 The Rural workers' accommodation is directly associated with an agricultural based rural activity on the same premises and is commensurate with the scale of agricultural operations.	AO13.1 A Rural workers' accommodation building is limited to the accommodation of: (a) one rural worker for every 50 hectares; and (b) a maximum of ten rural workers in total.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO13.2 The agricultural based rural activity is a minimum of 50 hectares in area.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
P014 Rural workers' accommodation is provided with amenities commensurate with the: (a) needs of the employees; and	AO14.1 The Rural workers' accommodation is: (a) for permanent occupation; and (b) fully self-contained. OR	n/a	Not applicable.
(b) permanent or seasonal nature of the employment.	AO14.2 The Rural workers' accommodation: (a) is for seasonal occupation (up to 3 months); (b) shares facilities with an existing Dwelling house or Caretaker's residence; and (c) is located within 100 metres of the Dwelling house or Caretaker's residence.	n/a	Not applicable.
For assessable development If for Caretaker's Accommoda	ation		
PO15	AO15	n/a	Not applicable.
The inclusion of Caretaker's accommodation on the site is necessary for the operation of the primary use, having regard to: (a) hours of operation; (b) nature of the use; (c) security requirements; (d) site location and access; and (e) proximity to other land uses.	No acceptable outcome is provided.		
If for Residential care facility	-	-	
 PO16 Retirement facilities include a range of housing designs and types that: (a) meet the needs of residents; (b) allow for 'ageing in place'; (c) consider differing mobility needs; (d) accommodate differing financial situations; and (e) cater for different household types. If for Tourist park 	AO16 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.

Perfo	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
appro provi conve attrac	7 Fourist park is opriately located to de park users with enient access to tourist ctions, community ies and infrastructure.	AO17 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
P018	3	AO18.1	n/a	Not applicable.
accor withir (a)	density of mmodation provided the Tourist park: is commensurate with the size and utility of the site;	Where park areas are proposed to exclusively accommodate caravans, motor homes, tents or cabins, accommodation site densities do not exceed: (a) 40 caravan or motor		
(b)	is consistent with the scale and character of development in the surrounding area;	 home sites per hectare of the nominated area(s); or 60 tent sites per hectare of the nominated area(s); 		
(c)	ensures sufficient infrastructure and services can be provided; does not adversely	or (c) 10 cabins (maximum 30m ² gross floor area per cabin) per hectare of the nominated area(s).		
(d)	impact on the existing amenity of nearby uses;	AO18.2 Where park areas are proposed to be used for any combination	n/a	Not applicable.
(e)	ensures a high level of amenity is enjoyed by residents of the site; and	of caravans, motor homes, tents or cabins, then the lowest applicable density identified by AO18.1 shall be applied to the		
(f)	does not place undue pressure on environmental processes in the surrounding area.	nominated area(s).		
P019	9	AO19.1	n/a	Not applicable.
	mmodation sites are ned and located: to provide sufficient land for necessary services and infrastructure;	A minimum of 50% of provided caravan and motor home accommodation sites have a concrete slab with a minimum length of 6 metres and a minimum width of 2.4 metres.		
(b)	to achieve sufficient separation between land uses;	AO19.2 Caravan, motor home, tent and cabin accommodation sites are	n/a	Not applicable.
(c)	is consistent with the scale and character of development in the surrounding area; and	 set back a minimum of: (a) 2 metres from an internal road; and (b) 1.5 metres from the side 		
(d)	to prevent amenity and privacy impacts on nearby land uses.	and rear boundaries of the site.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO20 A Tourist park is provided with sufficient and appropriately located refuse	AO20.1 A central refuse collection area is provided to service all accommodation sites.	n/a	Not applicable.
collection areas.	AO20.2 The refuse collection area must be kept in a sanitary condition at all times with all refuse stored in weather-proof and securable receptacles to prevent them from attracting vermin and wildlife.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO20.3 The refuse collection area is constructed on an impervious surface such as a concrete slab.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO20.4 A water connection is provided within the refuse collection area to facilitate cleaning of receptacles and the collection area.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO20.5 Refuse collection areas are located a minimum of 10 metres from any recreational areas, communal cooking facilities and accommodation sites.	n/a	Not applicable.

Use	Minimum site area	Minimum frontage
Dual occupancy	 (a) 600m² in the Medium density residential zone; or (b) 1,000m² in the Low density residential zone; or (c) 600m² in the Centre zone. 	20 metres
Home based business	600m ²	-
Multiple dwelling	800m ²	20 metres
Residential care facility	2,000m ²	30 metres
Retirement facility	2,000m ²	30 metres
Rooming accommodation	800m ²	20 metres
Short-term accommodation	800m ²	20 metres
Tourist park	1 hectare	50 metres
Caravan and motor home sites	100m ² including sufficient area for the parking of a motor vehicle.	10 metres to an internal road
Tent sites	40m ² including sufficient area for the parking of a motor vehicle.	6 metres to an internal road
Cabin sites	130m ² including sufficient area for the parking of a motor vehicle.	10 metres to an internal road

Table 9.3.1.3B – Minimum site area and minimum site frontage

Table 9.3.1.3C – Communal open space

Use	Minimum area	Minimum dimension	Design elements
Multiple dwelling	50m ²	5 metres	 Provides for clothes drying and recreational facilities; One continuous area; and Separated from any habitable room by a minimum of 3 metres.
Retirement facility or Residential care facility	Indoor commu specified belo		l communal open space as
Rooming accommodation	Rate of 5m ² per resident	5 metres	 One continuous area; 20% shaded; and 10% of the provided area is screened for use for clothes drying.
Indoor communal space	Rate of 1m ² per resident and 40m ²	-	 Located centrally; and Provides a range of facilities.
Communal open space	30% site area and 50m ²	5 metres	Provided at ground level.

Use	Minimum area	Minimum dimension	Design elements
Short-term accommodation	50m ² and 20% site area	5 metres	 Located at ground level; One continuous area; and 10% of the provided area is screened for use for clothes drying.
Tourist park	Includes at least the below cor facilities.		 Located within 100 metres of the sites they serve (unless private recreation facilities are provided); and Separated from any site by a minimum of 10 metres.
Covered cooking area	50m ²	-	Including barbeque and dish washing facilities
Laundry	-	-	Including clothes drying facilities.
Recreational open space	Rate of 5m ² per site	-	Including a children's playground.

Note—Provision of communal open space for a Multiple dwelling is not required by **Table 9.3.1.3C** where more than 75% have access to ground floor private open space.

Note—For a Tourist park, the calculation of recreational open space is inclusive of pool areas, sporting facilities, such as football fields and tennis courts, and any unobstructed grassed areas having a minimum dimension of 3 metres that are provided in addition to accommodation sites for recreational purposes. Planted landscape areas and vegetated areas are excluded from the calculation.

Note—Indoor communal space may include lounge areas, a library / reading room, a TV/games/recreation room, meeting space/s, hairdresser or a convenience store.

Table 9.3.1.3D – Private open space

Use	Minimum area per dwelling or accommodation unit	Minimum dimension	Design elements
Caretaker's accommodation	As specified below	Ι.	
Ground level	50m ²	5 metres	 Provided as unobstructed area; and Directly accessible from the main living area.
Above ground level	15m ²	2.5 metres	• Provided as a balcony.
Outdoor service court	5m ²	-	Provided for clothes drying
Dual occupancy	40m ²	3 metres	 Located at ground level. 20% shaded; and Accessed from the main living area of the dwelling.

Use	Minimum area per dwelling or accommodation unit	Minimum dimension	Design elements
Dwelling house	40m ²	3 metres	 Located at ground level; 20% shaded; and Accessed from the main living area of the dwelling.
Home based business	40m ²	3 metres	 Located at ground level; 20% shaded; and Accessed from the main living area of the dwelling.
Ground level	15m ²	3 metres	 20% shaded; and Directly accessible from the main living area.
Above ground level	10m ²	3 metres	Directly accessible from the main living area.
Multiple dwelling	As specified below	<i>I</i> .	
Ground level	35m ²	3 metres	 20% shaded; and Directly accessible from the main living area.
Above ground level	15m ²	3 metres	Directly accessible from the main living area.
Residential care facility	6m ²	2 metres	 Provided as a shaded courtyard or balcony; and Directly accessible from the main living area.
Retirement facility	As specified below	/.	·
Ground level	20m ²	3 metres	 Provided as a courtyard or similar space; Grade does not exceed 5%; and Directly accessible from the main living area at ground level.

Use	Minimum area per dwelling or accommodation unit	Minimum dimension	Design elements
Above ground level	6m ²	2 metres	 Provided as a balcony or similar space; and Directly accessible from the main living area.
Rooming accommodation	As specified below	Ι.	
Short-term accommodation	As specified below	Ι.	
Ground level	15m ²	3 metres	 20% shaded; and Directly accessible from the main living area.
Above ground level	10m ²	3 metres	Directly accessible from the main living area.

Note—For Caretaker's accommodation, the outdoor service court may form part of the provided private open space.

Table 9.3.1.3E – Maximum scale of accommodation activities associated with a Home based business

Design	Maximum number of rooms	Maximum number of guests
Bed and breakfast	3 rooms for guest accommodation	6 guests at any one time
Farm stay	1 farm stay dwelling or accommodation unit in addition to the primary dwelling	10 guests at any one time

9.4.5 Works, services and infrastructure code

9.4.5.1 Application

(1) This code applies to assessing development where it is identified in the assessment benchmarks for assessable development and requirements for accepted development column of an assessment table in Part 5 of the planning scheme.

9.4.5.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Works, services and infrastructure code is to ensure that all development is appropriately serviced by physical infrastructure, public utilities and services and that work associated with development is carried out in a manner that does not adversely impact on the surrounding area.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development provides an adequate, safe and reliable supply of potable, fire-fighting and general use water in accordance with relevant standards;
 - (b) Development provides for the treatment and disposal of wastewater and ensures there are no adverse impacts on water quality, public health, local amenity or ecological processes;
 - (c) Development provides for the disposal of stormwater and ensures that there are no adverse impacts on water quality or ecological processes;
 - (d) Development connects to the road network and any adjoining public transport, pedestrian and cycle networks while ensuring no adverse impacts on the safe, convenient and efficient operation of these networks;
 - (e) Development provides electricity and telecommunications services that meet its desired requirements;
 - (f) Development is connected to a nearby electricity network with adequate capacity without significant environment, social or amenity impact;
 - (g) Development does not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations;
 - (h) Infrastructure dedicated to Council is cost effective over its life cycle;
 - (i) Work associated with development does not cause adverse impacts on the surrounding area; and
 - (j) Development prevents the spread of weeds, seeds or other pests.

9.4.5.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.5.3 - Works, services and infrastructure code – For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments			
For accepted development subject to requirements and assessable development						
Water supply						

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 P01 Each lot has an adequate volume and supply of water that: (a) meets the needs of users; (b) is adequate for firefighting purposes; (c) ensures the health, safety and convenience of the community; and (d) minimises adverse impacts on the receiving environment. 	 AO1.1 Development is connected to a reticulated water supply system in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual other than where located: (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and (b) outside a reticulated water supply service area. 	n/a	Not applicable.
	 AO1.2 Development, where located outside a reticulated water supply service area and in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone is provided with: (a) a bore or bores are provided in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or (b) on-site water storage tank/s: (i) with a minimum capacity of 90,000L; (ii) fitted with a 50mm ball valve with a camlock fitting; and (iii) which are installed and connected prior to the occupation or use of the development. 		Can be conditioned to comply.
Wastewater disposal			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
 PO2 Each lot provides for the treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water that: (a) meets the needs of users; (b) is adequate for fire-fighting purposes; (c) ensures the health, safety and convenience of the community; and (d) minimises adverse impacts on the receiving environment. 	 AO2.1 Development is connected to a reticulated sewerage system in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual other than where located: (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and (b) outside a reticulated sewerage service area. 	n/a	Not applicable.
	 AO2.2 An effluent disposal system is provided in accordance with ASNZ 1547 On-Site Domestic Wastewater Management (as amended) where development is located: (a) in the Conservation zone, Rural zone or Rural residential zone; and (b) outside a reticulated sewerage service area. 	~	Can be conditioned to comply.
Stormwater infrastructure			
PO3 Stormwater infrastructure is designed and constructed to collect and convey the design storm event to a lawful point of discharge in a manner that mitigates impacts on life and property.	AO3.1 Where located within a Priority infrastructure area or where stormwater infrastructure is available, development is connected to Council's stormwater network in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	 AO3.2 On-site drainage systems are constructed: (a) to convey stormwater from the premises to a lawful point of discharge; and (b) in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. 	~	Can be conditioned to comply.
Electricity supply			
PO4 Each lot is provided with an adequate supply of electricity	AO4 The premises: (a) is connected to the electricity supply network; or (b) has arranged a connection to the transmission grid; or (c) where not connected to the network, an independent energy system with sufficient capacity to service the development (at near average energy demands associated with the use) may be provided as an alternative to reticulated electricity where: (i) it is approved by the relevant regulatory authority; and (ii) it can be demonstrated that no air or noise emissions; and (iii) it can be demonstrated that no adverse impact on visual amenity will occur.		Complies.
Telecommunications infrastr	ucture		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO5 Each lot is provided with an adequate supply of telecommunication infrastructure	AO5 Development is provided with a connection to the national broadband network or telecommunication services.	~	Complies.
Existing public utility servi	ces		
PO6 Development and associated works do not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations.	AO6 Public utility mains, services are relocated, altered or repaired in association with the works so that they continue to function and satisfy the relevant Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	~	Can be conditioned to comply where relevant.
Excavation or filling			
PO7 Excavation or filling must not have an adverse impact on the:	AO7.1 Excavation or filling does not occur within 1.5 metres of any site boundary.	n/a	Not applicable.
 (a) streetscape; (b) scenic amenity; (c) environmental values; (d) slope stability; 	AO7.2 Excavation or filling at any point on a lot is to be no greater than 1.5 metres above or below natural ground level.	n/a	Not applicable.
 (e) accessibility; or (f) privacy of adjoining premises. 	 A07.3 Earthworks batters: (a) are no greater than 1.5 metres in height; (b) are stepped with a minimum width 2 metre berm; (c) do not exceed a maximum of two batters and two berms (not greater than 3.6 metres in total height) on any one lot; (d) have a slope no greater than 1 in 4; and (e) are retained. 	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	 AO7.4 Soil used for filling or spoil from excavation is not stockpiled in locations that can be viewed from: (a) adjoining premises; or (b) a road frontage, for a period exceeding 1 month from the commencement of the filling or excavation. 	n/a	Not applicable.
	A07.5 All batters and berms to be constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
	A07.6 Retaining walls have a maximum height of 1.5 metres and are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
	A07.7 Excavation or filling at any point on a lot is to include measures that protect trees at the foot or top of cut or fill batters by the use of appropriate retaining methods and sensitive earth removal or placement and in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual.	n/a	Not applicable.
For assessable development		I	
Transport network			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO8 The development has access to a transport network of adequate standard to provide for the safe and efficient movement of vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists.	utilities and landscaping to the frontage/s of the site are	~	Complies.
	AO8.2 Development provides footpath pavement treatments in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 9 – Footpath Paving.	n/a	Not applicable.
Public infrastructure			
PO9 The design, construction and provision of any infrastructure that is to be dedicated to Council is cost effective over its life cycle and incorporates provisions to minimise adverse impacts.	Specifications set out in the	~	Can be conditioned to comply.
Stormwater quality			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO10 Development has a non- worsening effect on the site and surrounding land and is designed to: (a) optimise the interception, retention and removal of waterborne pollutants, prior to the discharge to receiving waters; (b) protect the	AO10.1 The following reporting is prepared for all Material change of use or Reconfiguring a lot proposals: (a) a Stormwater Management Plan and Report that meets or exceeds the standards of design and construction set out in the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM) and the Design Guidelines and	n/a	Not applicable for this scale of development.
environmental values of waterbodies affected by the development, including upstream, on-site and downstream waterbodies;	 Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; and (b) an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that meets or exceeds the Soil Erosion and 		
(c) achieve specified water quality objectives;	Sedimentation Control Guidelines (Institute of		
 (d) minimise flooding; (e) maximise the use of natural channel design principles; 	Engineers Australia), including: (i) drainage control; (ii) erosion control;		
 (f) maximise community benefit; and (g) minimise risk to public safety. 	 (iii) sediment control; and (iv) water quality outcomes. 		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
	 AO10.2 For development on land greater than 2,500m² or that result in more than 5 lots or more than 5 dwellings or accommodation units, a Stormwater Quality Management Plan and Report prepared and certified by a suitably qualified design engineer (RPEQ) is prepared that demonstrates that the development: (a) meets or exceeds the standards of design and construction set out in the Urban Stormwater Quality Planning Guideline and the Queensland Water Quality Guideline; (b) is consistent with any local area stormwater water management planning; (c) accounts for development type, construction phase, local climatic conditions and design objectives; and (d) provides for stormwater quality treatment measures reflecting land use constraints, such as soil type, landscape features (including landform), nutrient hazardous areas, acid sulfate soil and rainfall erosivity. 	n/a	Not applicable for this scale of development.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO11Storageareasforstormwaterdetentionandretention:(a)protect or enhance(a)protect or enhancethe environmentalvalues of receivingwaters;(b)achieve specifiedwater qualityobjectives;(c)where possible,provide forrecreational use;(d)maximise communitybenefit; and(e)(e)minimise risk topublic safety.	AO11 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable for this scale of development.
Excavation or filling			
PO12 Traffic generated by filling or excavation does not impact on the amenity of the surrounding area.		n/a	Not applicable.
	 AO12.2 Transportation of fill to or from the site does not occur: (a) within peak traffic times; and (b) before 7am or after 6pm Monday to Friday; (c) before 7am or after 1pm Saturdays; and (d) on Sundays or Public Holidays. 	n/a	Not applicable.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO13 Air pollutants, dust and sediment particles from	AO13.1 Dust emissions do not extend beyond the boundary of the site.	n/a	Not applicable.
excavation or filling, do not cause significant environmental harm or nuisance impacts.	AO13.2 No other air pollutants, including odours, are detectable at the boundary of the site.	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO13.3 A management plan for control of dust and air pollutants is prepared and implemented.	n/a	Not applicable.
PO14 Access to the premises (including driveways and paths) does not have an adverse impact on: (a) safety; (b) drainage; (c) visual amenity; and (d) privacy of adjoining premises.	 AO14 Access to the premises (including all works associated with the access): (a) must follow as close as possible to the existing contours; (b) be contained within the premises and not the road reserve, and (c) are designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines and Specifications set out in the Planning Scheme Policy 4 – FNQROC Regional Development manual. 	n/a	Not applicable.
Weed and pest management			
PO15 Development prevents the spread of weeds, seeds or other pests into clean areas or away from infested areas.	AO15 No acceptable outcome is provided.	n/a	Not applicable.
Contaminated land			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Complies	Comments
PO16 Development is located and designed to ensure that users and nearby sensitive land uses are not exposed to unacceptable levels of contaminants	 AO16 Development is located where: (a) soils are not contaminated by pollutants which represent a health or safety risk to users; or (b) contaminated soils are remediated prior to plan sealing, operational works permit, or issuing of building works permit. 	n/a	Not applicable.
Fire services in developme	ents accessed by common priva	te title	
PO17 Fire hydrants are located in positions that will enable fire services to access water safely, effectively and efficiently.	 AO17.1 Fire hydrants are located in accessways or private roads held in common private title at a maximum spacing of: (a) 120 metres for residential development; and (b) 90 metres for any other development. 	n/a	Not applicable.
	AO17.2 Fire hydrants are located at all intersections of accessways or private roads held in common private title.	n/a	Not applicable.